

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(97, 67.910, 21.226)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(97, 67.910, 21.226) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(84, 23.843, 10.021)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFC2CB
RGB	255, 194, 203
RGB Percent	100%, 76%, 80%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2408, 0.2056
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.21, 0.00
HSL	351°, 100%, 88%
HSV	351°, 24%, 100%
XYZ	71.3953, 64.0658, 64.8411
YIQ	213.2650, 33.4670, 15.7310

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

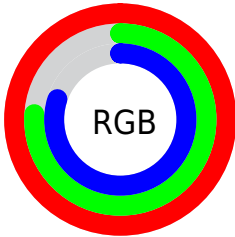
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 194, 203
Decimal	16761547
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	84.00, 23.48, 4.15
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	84, 23.843, 10.021
Yxy	64.0658, 0.3564, 0.3198
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294951627 (0xFFFFC2CB)
YUV	213.2650, -5.0606, 36.6016
Hunter-Lab	80.0411, 19.1470, 7.9980

# Details

The CIELCh color **84, 23.843, 10.021** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **96, 21.014, 185.358**, and the grayscale version is **85, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 2.492, 324.405**, and **64, 23.307, 9.616** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78, 34.275, 11.334**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90, 13.415, 8.697**.

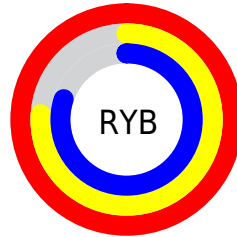
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (76%)

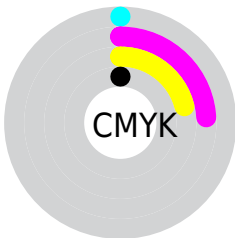
Blue (80%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (80%)

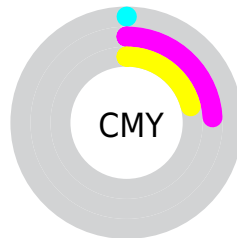


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (21%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (21%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 84, 23.843, 10.021 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 84, 23.843, 10.021 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 84, 23.843, 10.021

 84, 23.843, 10.021

 100, 23.843,  
10.021

 74, 23.843, 10.021

 64, 23.843, 10.021

 54, 23.843, 10.021

 44, 23.843, 10.021

 34, 23.843, 10.021

 24, 23.843, 10.021

 14, 23.843, 10.021

 4, 23.843, 10.021

 0, 23.843, 10.021

84, 23.843, 10.021

84, 23.843, 10.021

78, 34.275, 11.334

90, 13.415, 8.697

72, 45.251, 13.131

97, 3.776, 7.604

66, 56.259, 15.402

100, 0.012,  
296.813

62, 66.925, 18.292

58, 76.843, 21.938

55, 85.712, 26.376

54, 93.372, 31.367

53, 97.356, 34.211

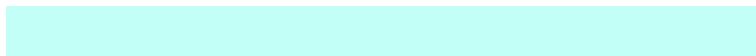
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



84, 23.843, 10.021



96, 21.014, 185.358

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



84, 23.843, 10.021



84, 23.843, 60.021



84, 23.843, 190.021



84, 23.843, 240.021

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



84, 23.607, 9.889



95, 6.527, 7.941



85, 36.983, 321.403



50, 4.249, 8.005



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



84, 23.607, 9.889



81, 28.800, 10.562



89, 19.099, 55.729



50, 5.342, 8.206



40, 77.658, 33.302



10, 32.301, 21.167





# Inverse Universe

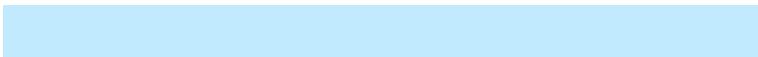
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84, 23.607, 9.889



81, 28.800, 10.562



90, 16.829, 240.538



50, 5.342, 8.206



40, 77.658, 33.302



10, 32.301, 21.167



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 84, 23.843, 10.021 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

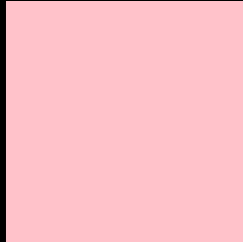
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 84, 23.843, 10.021 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 84, 23.843, 10.021

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 84, 23.843, 10.021.

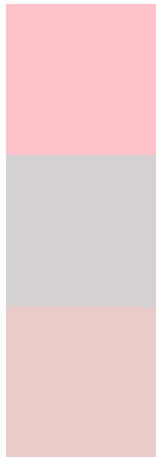


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 84, 23.843, 10.021.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

84, 23.441, 9.786

### Protanopia

84, 1.808, 343.568

### Deuteranopia

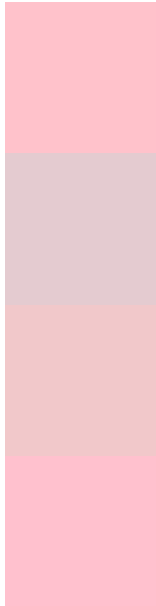
84, 11.298, 25.512



**Tritanopia**  
84, 24.393, 2.722



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
84, 23.441, 9.786

**Protanomaly**  
84, 9.598, 4.236

**Deuteranomaly**  
84, 15.444, 16.705

**Tritanomaly**  
84, 24.163, 5.115

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
84, 23.441, 9.786

**Achromatopsia**  
85, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
85, 8.261, 9.009

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 84, 23.843, 10.021 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 194, 203)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 194, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 194, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 194, 203) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 84, 23.843, 10.021 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 194, 203) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 194, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 194, 203)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 194, 203); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 194, 203);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 194,  
203) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 84, 23.843, 10.021 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 194, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
194, 203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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