

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(97, 7.561, 81.908)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(97, 7.561, 81.908) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(97, 7.528, 80.937)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF5E8
RGB	255, 245, 232
RGB Percent	100%, 96%, 91%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0390, 0.0900
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.09, 0.00
HSL	34°, 100%, 96%
HSV	34°, 9%, 100%
XYZ	88.5050, 92.4403, 89.5641
YIQ	246.5080, 10.1330, -1.9230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

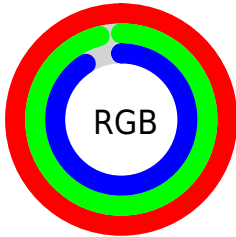
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	250, 255, 232
Decimal	16774632
CIE Lab	97.00, 1.19, 7.43
CIE LCh	97, 7.528, 80.937
Yxy	92.4403, 0.3272, 0.3417
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294964712 (0xFFFFF5E8)
YUV	246.5080, -7.1524, 7.4475
Hunter-Lab	96.1459, -3.9410, 12.0709

# Details

The CIELCh color **97, 7.528, 80.937** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **95, 7.432, 263.560**, and the grayscale version is **97, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **77, 7.744, 83.142** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **94, 16.172, 79.819**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.012, 296.813**.

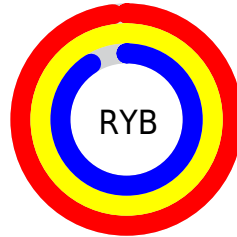
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (96%)

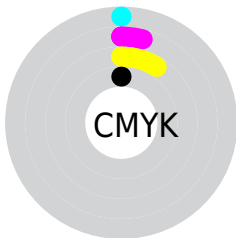
Blue (91%)



Red (98%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (91%)

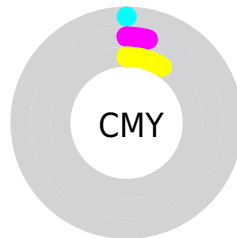


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (9%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 97, 7.528, 80.937 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 97, 7.528, 80.937 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 97, 7.528, 80.937	 97, 7.528, 80.937
 100, 7.528, 80.937	 87, 7.528, 80.937
	 77, 7.528, 80.937
	 67, 7.528, 80.937
	 57, 7.528, 80.937
	 47, 7.528, 80.937
	 37, 7.528, 80.937
	 27, 7.528, 80.937
	 17, 7.528, 80.937
	 7, 7.528, 80.937

97, 7.528, 80.937

97, 7.528, 80.937

94, 16.172, 79.819

100, 0.012,  
296.813

90, 25.138, 78.483

87, 34.407, 77.112

84, 43.928, 75.706

81, 53.566, 74.247

78, 63.028, 72.690

76, 71.742, 70.926

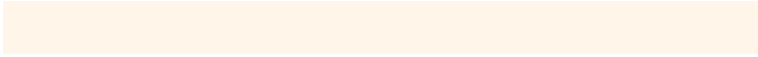
73, 78.755, 68.743

71, 83.157, 65.894

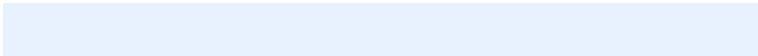
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



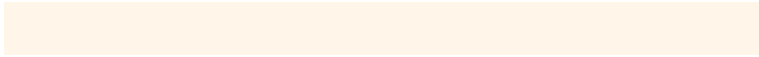
97, 7.528, 80.937



95, 7.432, 263.560

# Rectangle

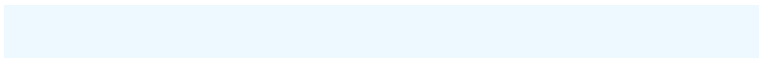
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



97, 7.528, 80.937



97, 7.528, 130.937



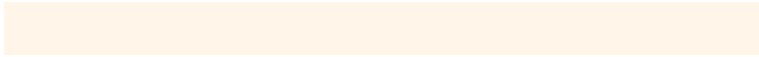
97, 7.528, 260.937



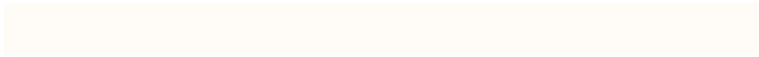
97, 7.528, 310.937

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97, 7.519, 81.103



99, 2.475, 81.768



94, 9.665, 348.158



53, 1.880, 81.699



0, 0.000, 0.000

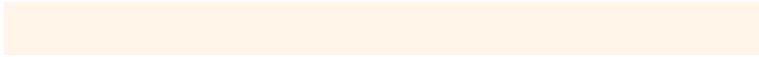


53, 0.007, 296.813

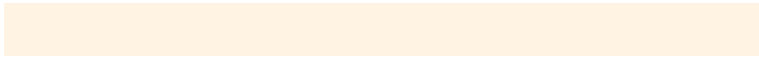


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97, 7.519, 81.103



96, 9.228, 80.853



99, 11.631, 112.019



51, 4.756, 81.040



54, 67.160, 66.278



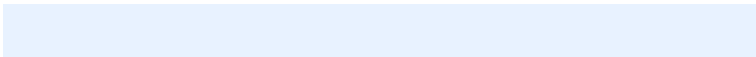
17, 27.163, 68.555



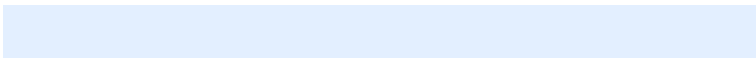


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95, 7.432, 263.560



94, 9.086, 263.845



93, 11.881, 293.632



50, 4.696, 263.631



38, 66.416, 290.066

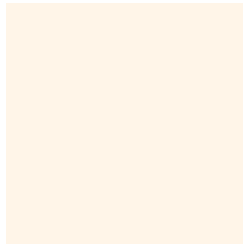


10, 26.758, 284.064



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 97, 7.528, 80.937 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

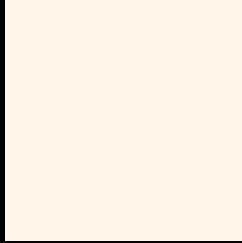
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 97, 7.528, 80.937 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

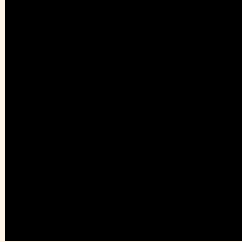
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 97, 7.528, 80.937**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 7.528, 80.937.

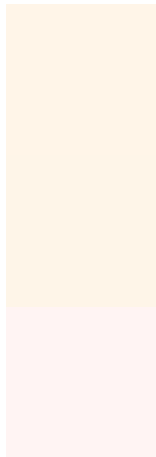


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 7.528, 80.937.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


97, 7.528, 80.937

### Protanopia

97, 7.361, 83.429

### Deuteranopia

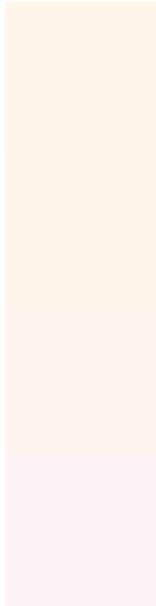
97, 3.939, 26.928



**Tritanopia**  
97, 7.283, 322.376



# Trichromacy



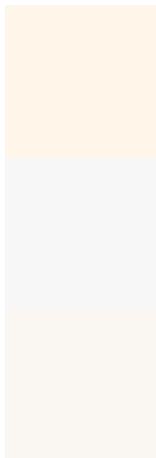
**Original Color**  
97, 7.528, 80.937

**Protanomaly**  
97, 7.361, 83.429

**Deuteranomaly**  
97, 4.670, 52.533

**Tritanomaly**  
97, 3.867, 356.178

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
97, 7.528, 80.937

**Achromatopsia**  
97, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
97, 2.465, 74.854

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 97, 7.528, 80.937 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 245, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 245, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 245, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 245, 232) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 97, 7.528, 80.937 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 245, 232) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 245, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 245, 232)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 245, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 245, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 245,  
232) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 97, 7.528, 80.937 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 245, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
245, 232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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