

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(98, 0.691, 276.004)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(98, 0.691, 276.004) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(98, 1.031, 290.329)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F9F9FB
RGB	249, 249, 251
RGB Percent	98%, 98%, 98%
CMY	0.0233, 0.0232, 0.0154
CMYK	0.01, 0.01, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	240°, 20%, 98%
HSV	240°, 1%, 98%
XYZ	90.4125, 94.9163, 104.8802
YIQ	249.2280, -0.6420, 0.6220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	249, 249, 251
Decimal	16382459
CIE Lab	98.00, 0.36, -0.97
CIE LCh	98, 1.031, 290.329
Yxy	94.9163, 0.3115, 0.3271
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294572539 (0xFFFF9F9FB)
YUV	249.2280, 0.8736, -0.2000
Hunter-Lab	97.4250, -4.8419, 4.3705

# Details

The CIELCh color **98, 1.031, 290.329** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **99, 1.004, 109.941**, and the grayscale version is **98, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **78, 1.079, 290.334** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 14.077, 291.237**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 1.981, 109.991**.

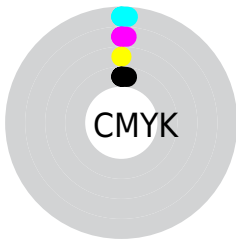
# Distribution



- Red (98%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (98%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 98, 1.031, 290.329 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 98, 1.031, 290.329 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



98, 1.031, 290.329

98, 1.031, 290.329

100, 1.031,  
290.329

88, 1.031, 290.329

78, 1.031, 290.329

68, 1.031, 290.329

58, 1.031, 290.329

48, 1.031, 290.329

38, 1.031, 290.329

28, 1.031, 290.329

18, 1.031, 290.329

8, 1.031, 290.329

98, 1.031, 290.329

98, 1.031, 290.329

90, 14.077,  
291.237

100, 1.981,  
109.991

82, 27.674,  
292.488

74, 41.865,  
293.965

66, 56.675,  
295.693

58, 72.072,  
297.673

50, 87.848,  
299.857

43, 103.378,  
302.099

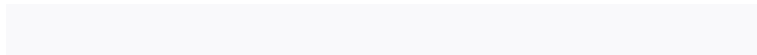
37, 117.277,  
304.128

■ 34, 127.364,  
305.586

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



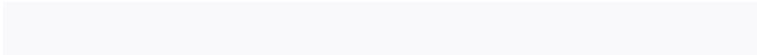
98, 1.031, 290.329



99, 1.004, 109.941

# Rectangle

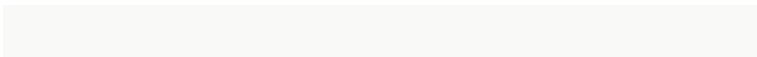
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



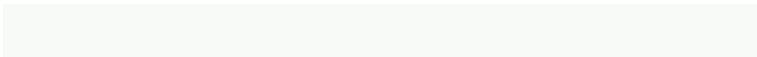
98, 1.031, 290.329



98, 1.031, 340.329



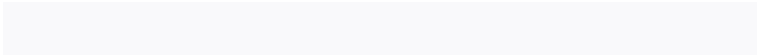
98, 1.031, 110.329



98, 1.031, 160.329

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98, 1.029, 290.247

100, 0.012, 296.813



98, 0.698, 198.905



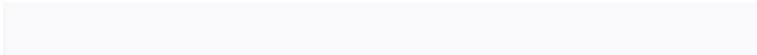
53, 0.007, 296.813



0, 0.000, 0.000

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98, 1.029, 290.247



99, 1.305, 290.251



98, 1.090, 308.397



52, 0.730, 290.250



23, 106.612, 306.262



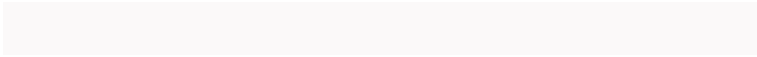
3, 41.964, 300.774





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



98, 0.704, 18.352



99, 0.895, 18.553



99, 1.066, 128.574



52, 0.500, 18.510



39, 83.292, 39.914

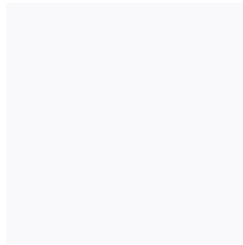


9, 32.180, 26.056



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 98, 1.031, 290.329 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

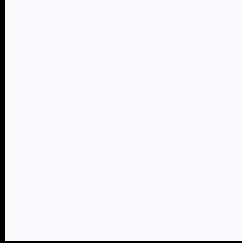
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 98, 1.031, 290.329 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

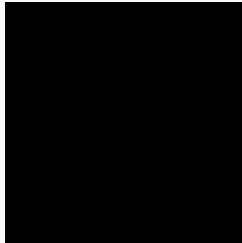
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

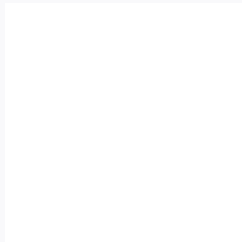
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 98, 1.031, 290.329

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 1.031, 290.329.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 1.031, 290.329.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

98, 1.031, 290.329

**Protanopia**

98, 2.047, 349.333

**Deuteranopia**

98, 3.223, 351.093

**Tritanopia**  
98, 3.658, 301.411



# Trichromacy

## Original Color

98, 1.031, 290.329

## Protanomaly

98, 1.752, 343.506

## Deuteranomaly

98, 2.047, 349.333

## Tritanomaly

98, 3.159, 303.153

# Monochromacy

## Original Color

98, 1.031, 290.329

## Achromatopsia

98, 0.011, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

98, 0.521, 290.362

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 98, 1.031, 290.329 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(249, 249, 251)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(249, 249, 251)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(249, 249, 251) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(249, 249, 251) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 98, 1.031, 290.329 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(249, 249, 251) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(249, 249, 251) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(249, 249, 251)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 249, 251); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 249, 251); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 249, 251) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 98, 1.031, 290.329 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(249, 249, 251) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(249,  
249, 251) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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