

# Converting Colors

CIE LCh(98, 1.660, 254.126)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(98, 1.660, 254.126) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(98, 1.455, 244.463)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F7FAFC
RGB	247, 250, 252
RGB Percent	97%, 98%, 99%
CMY	0.0325, 0.0208, 0.0129
CMYK	0.02, 0.01, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	204°, 43%, 98%
HSV	204°, 2%, 99%
XYZ	89.8700, 94.9163, 105.4324
YIQ	249.3310, -2.4300, -0.0140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

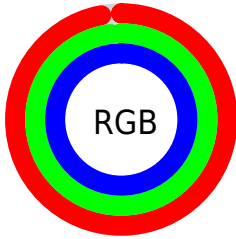
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	247, 249, 252
Decimal	16251644
CIE Lab	98.00, -0.63, -1.31
CIE LCh	98, 1.455, 244.463
Yxy	94.9163, 0.3097, 0.3271
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294441724 (0xFF7FAFC)
YUV	249.3310, 1.3158, -2.0443
Hunter-Lab	97.4250, -5.8357, 4.0344

# Details

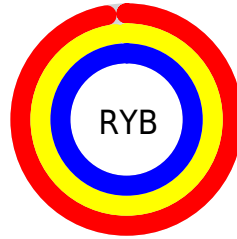
The CIELCh color 98, 1.455, 244.463 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 98, 1.452, 63.230, and the grayscale version is 98, 0.011, 296.813.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100, 0.012, 296.813, and 78, 1.215, 225.935 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 94, 8.635, 245.235, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 100, 1.660, 110.007.

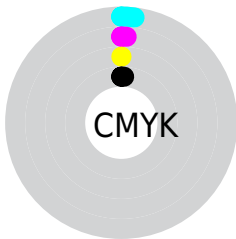
# Distribution



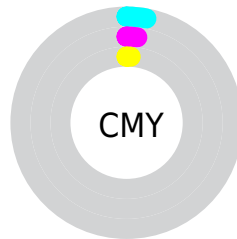
- Red (97%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (98%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (1%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 98, 1.455, 244.463 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 98, 1.455, 244.463 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 98, 1.455, 244.463

 98, 1.455, 244.463

 100, 1.455,  
244.463

 88, 1.455, 244.463

 78, 1.455, 244.463

 68, 1.455, 244.463

 58, 1.455, 244.463

 48, 1.455, 244.463

 38, 1.455, 244.463

 28, 1.455, 244.463

 18, 1.455, 244.463

 8, 1.455, 244.463

98, 1.455, 244.463

98, 1.455, 244.463

94, 8.635, 245.235

100, 1.660,  
110.007

89, 15.596,  
246.635

85, 22.281,  
248.369

81, 28.634,  
250.496

77, 34.611,  
253.093

74, 40.196,  
256.237

70, 45.418,  
259.983

67, 50.368,  
264.336

■ 63, 55.203,  
269.208

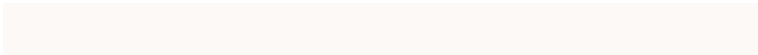
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



98, 1.455, 244.463



98, 1.452, 63.230

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



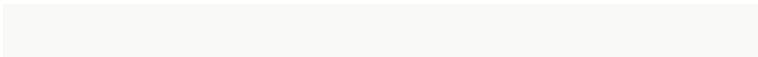
98, 1.455, 244.463



98, 1.455, 294.463



98, 1.455, 64.463



98, 1.455, 114.463

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98, 1.455, 244.363



100, 0.744, 244.613



98, 2.358, 157.902



53, 0.423, 244.645



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

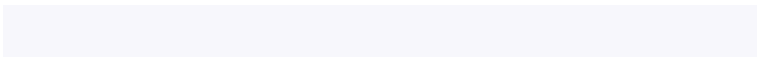
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98, 1.455, 244.363



99, 1.480, 244.362



97, 2.271, 285.254



52, 0.828, 244.371



46, 46.962, 272.314

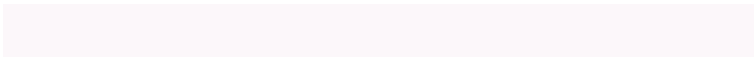


14, 19.254, 264.747



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



98, 2.351, 338.555



99, 2.393, 338.557



99, 2.242, 104.714



52, 1.338, 338.539



41, 69.696, 352.876

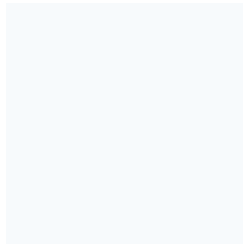


10, 32.337, 348.687



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 98, 1.455, 244.463 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

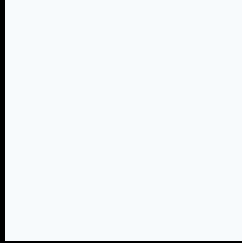
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 98, 1.455, 244.463 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

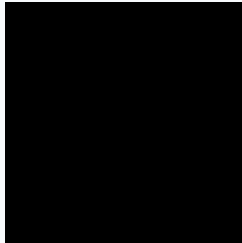
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# **CIELCh 98, 1.455, 244.463**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 1.455, 244.463.

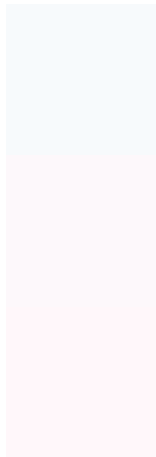


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 1.455, 244.463.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

98, 1.455, 244.463

### Protanopia

98, 2.348, 338.592

### Deuteranopia

98, 3.223, 351.093



**Tritanopia**  
98, 3.070, 290.433

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

98, 1.455, 244.463

**Protanomaly**

98, 1.254, 324.242

**Deuteranomaly**

98, 2.096, 332.260

**Tritanomaly**

98, 2.578, 282.661

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

98, 1.455, 244.463

**Achromatopsia**

98, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**

98, 0.623, 256.213

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 98, 1.455, 244.463 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(247, 250, 252)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 250, 252)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 250, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 250, 252) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 98, 1.455, 244.463 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 250, 252) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 250, 252) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(247, 250, 252)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(247, 250, 252); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 250, 252);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 250,  
252) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 98, 1.455, 244.463 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 250, 252) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247,  
250, 252) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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