

Converting Colors

CIELCh(98, 10.182, 175.267)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(98, 10.182, 175.267)
contains.

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Color

CIElCh(98, 10.233, 175.284)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E4FFF7
RGB	228, 255, 247
RGB Percent	89%, 100%, 97%
CMY	0.1050, 0.0000, 0.0305
CMYK	0.11, 0.00, 0.03, 0.00
HSL	163°, 100%, 95%
HSV	163°, 11%, 100%
XYZ	84.7137, 94.9163, 102.0262
YIQ	246.0150, -13.5240, -8.2120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

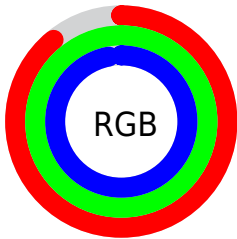
Format	Color
R_{YB}	228, 244, 255
Decimal	15007735
CIE _{Lab}	98.00, -10.20, 0.84
CIE _{LCh}	98, 10.233, 175.284
Yxy	94.9163, 0.3008, 0.3370
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293197815 (0xFFE4FFF7)
YUV	246.0150, 0.4856, -15.7992
Hunter-Lab	97.4250, -15.2830, 6.1073

Details

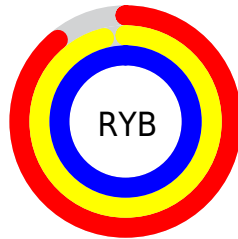
The CIELCh color **98, 10.233, 175.284** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **93, 10.441, 357.583**, and the grayscale version is **97, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **78, 10.151, 176.961** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **96, 19.540, 174.666**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.483, 177.767**.

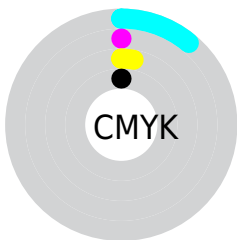
Distribution



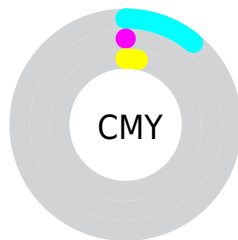
- Red (89%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 98, 10.233, 175.284 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 98, 10.233, 175.284 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 98, 10.233,
175.284


 98, 10.233,
175.284

 100, 10.233,
175.284


 88, 10.233,
175.284

 78, 10.233,
175.284

 68, 10.233,
175.284

 58, 10.233,
175.284

 48, 10.233,
175.284

 38, 10.233,
175.284

 28, 10.233,

175.284

■ 18, 10.233,
175.284

■ 8, 10.233, 175.284

■ 98, 10.233,
175.284

■ 98, 10.233,
175.284

■ 96, 19.540,
174.666

100, 0.483,
177.767

■ 95, 28.604,
173.575

100, 0.012,
296.813

■ 93, 37.151,
172.391

■ 92, 45.014,
171.088

■ 91, 52.038,
169.642

■ 90, 58.104,
168.026

■ 90, 63.150,
166.218

■ 90, 67.201,
164.207

■ 89, 70.310,
162.151

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



98, 10.233, 175.284



93, 10.441, 357.583

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



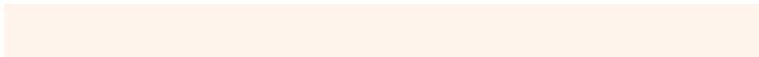
98, 10.233, 175.284



98, 10.233, 225.284



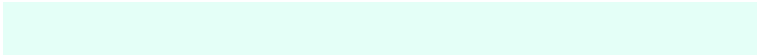
98, 10.233, 355.284



98, 10.233, 45.284

Sweetspot

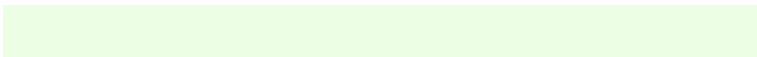
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98, 10.118, 175.694



99, 2.901, 176.543



98, 15.229, 135.289



53, 2.199, 176.427



0, 0.000, 0.000



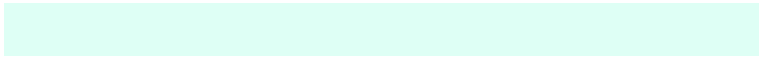
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

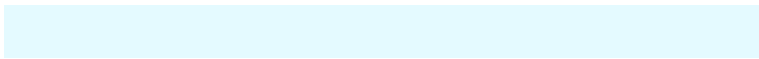
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98, 10.118, 175.694



97, 12.495, 175.440



97, 7.730, 219.872



52, 5.481, 175.796



69, 56.269, 162.559



23, 24.758, 165.524

Inverse Universe

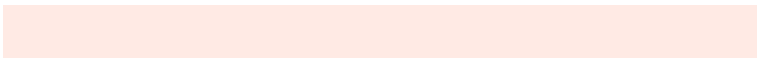
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



93, 10.441, 357.583



91, 12.990, 357.858



94, 8.261, 39.206



50, 5.640, 357.474



40, 71.016, 22.112



10, 31.501, 13.402

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 98, 10.233, 175.284 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

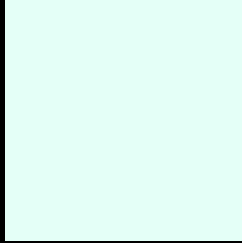
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 98, 10.233, 175.284 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

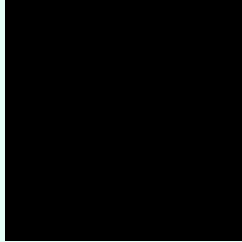
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

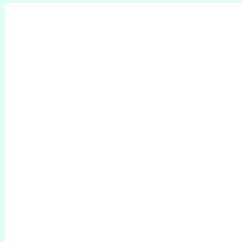
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 98, 10.233, 175.284

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 10.233, 175.284.

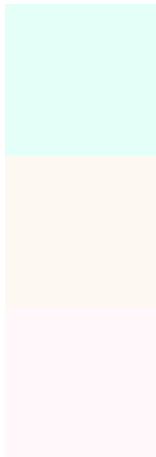


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 10.233, 175.284.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

98, 10.233, 175.284

Protanopia

98, 3.298, 69.695

Deuteranopia

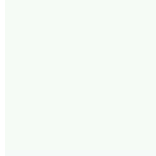
98, 3.011, 359.612

Tritanopia
98, 3.347, 266.028

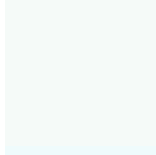
Trichromacy



Original Color
98, 10.233, 175.284



Protanomaly
98, 3.726, 144.390

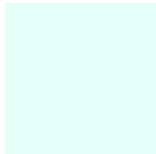


Deuteranomaly
98, 2.030, 169.496

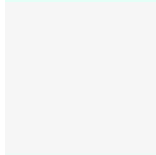


Tritanomaly
98, 4.169, 206.339

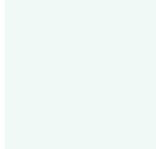
Monochromacy



Original Color
98, 10.233, 175.284



Achromatopsia
97, 0.011, 296.813



Achromatomaly
97, 3.513, 173.519

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 98, 10.233, 175.284 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(228, 255, 247)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(228, 255, 247)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 255, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 255, 247) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 98, 10.233, 175.284 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 255, 247) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 255, 247) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(228, 255, 247)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(228, 255, 247); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 255, 247);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 255,  
247) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 98, 10.233, 175.284 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 255, 247) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228,  
255, 247) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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