

Converting Colors

CIELCh(98, 10.896, 162.863)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(98, 10.896, 162.863)
contains.

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Color

CIElCh(98, 10.710, 163.946)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E6FFF3
RGB	230, 255, 243
RGB Percent	90%, 100%, 95%
CMY	0.0976, 0.0000, 0.0466
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.05, 0.00
HSL	151°, 100%, 95%
HSV	151°, 10%, 100%
XYZ	84.6641, 94.9163, 98.7458
YIQ	246.1570, -11.0480, -9.0320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

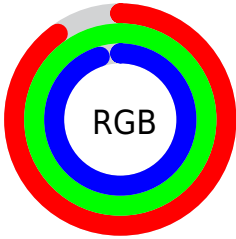
Format	Color
R _Y B	230, 246, 255
Decimal	15138803
CIE Lab	98.00, -10.29, 2.96
CIE LCh	98, 10.710, 163.946
Yxy	94.9163, 0.3042, 0.3410
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293328883 (0xFFE6FFF3)
YUV	246.1570, -1.5564, -14.1697
Hunter-Lab	97.4250, -15.3739, 8.1037

Details

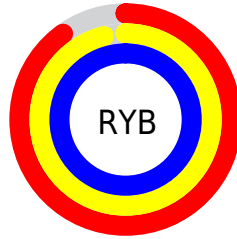
The CIELCh color **98, 10.710, 163.946** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **94, 10.795, 345.679**, and the grayscale version is **97, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **78, 10.616, 164.945** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **96, 21.503, 163.116**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.012, 296.813**.

Distribution



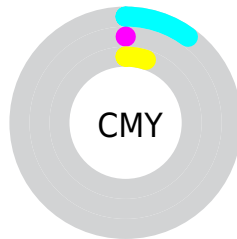
- Red (90%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 98, 10.710, 163.946 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 98, 10.710, 163.946 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 98, 10.710,
163.946


 98, 10.710,
163.946


 100, 10.710,
163.946


 88, 10.710,
163.946


 78, 10.710,
163.946

 68, 10.710,
163.946

 58, 10.710,
163.946

 48, 10.710,
163.946

 38, 10.710,
163.946

 28, 10.710,

163.946

■ 18, 10.710,
163.946

■ 8, 10.710, 163.946

■ 98, 10.710,
163.946

■ 98, 10.710,
163.946

■ 96, 21.503,
163.116

100, 0.012,
296.813

■ 94, 32.171,
162.051

■ 93, 42.474,
160.860

■ 92, 52.224,
159.516

■ 91, 61.234,
157.993

■ 90, 69.345,
156.267

■ 89, 76.450,
154.323

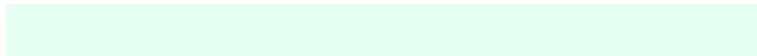
■ 89, 82.530,
152.166

■ 89, 87.726,
149.864

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



98, 10.710, 163.946



94, 10.795, 345.679

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



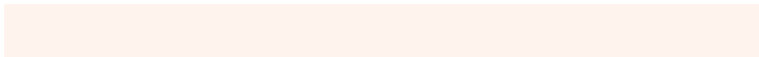
98, 10.710, 163.946



98, 10.710, 213.946



98, 10.710, 343.946



98, 10.710, 33.946

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98, 10.640, 164.088



99, 3.264, 164.783



98, 13.477, 129.229



53, 2.476, 164.682



0, 0.000, 0.000



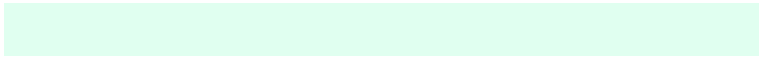
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98, 10.640, 164.088



98, 13.086, 163.875



98, 8.338, 200.416



52, 6.200, 164.112



68, 70.137, 150.244



23, 30.286, 153.480

Inverse Universe

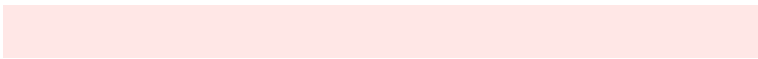
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



94, 10.795, 345.679



92, 13.314, 345.893



93, 8.877, 21.320



50, 6.288, 345.654



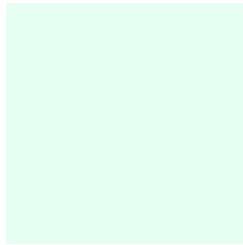
41, 68.065, 4.273



10, 31.674, 358.327

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 98, 10.710, 163.946 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

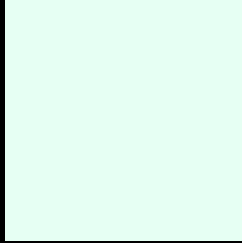
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 98, 10.710, 163.946 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

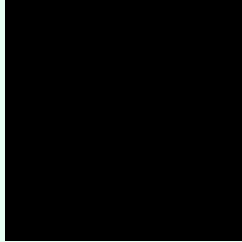
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

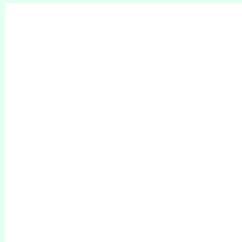
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 98, 10.710, 163.946

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 10.710, 163.946.

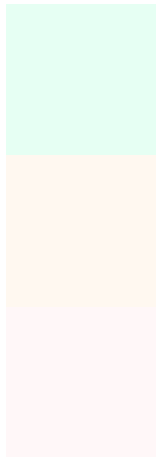


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 10.710, 163.946.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



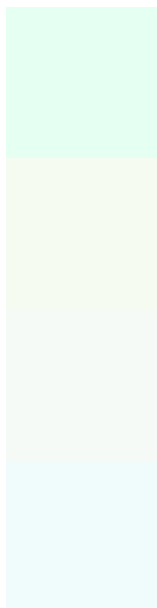
Original Color
98, 10.710, 163.946

Protanopia
98, 4.754, 78.119

Deuteranopia
98, 2.876, 9.172

Tritanopia
98, 3.347, 266.028

Trichromacy



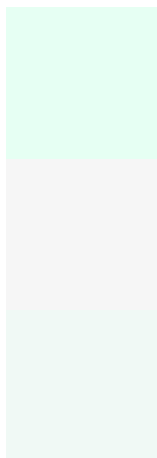
Original Color
98, 10.710, 163.946

Protanomaly
98, 5.398, 128.920

Deuteranomaly
98, 2.481, 144.476

Tritanomaly
98, 3.810, 199.333

Monochromacy



Original Color
98, 10.710, 163.946

Achromatopsia
97, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
97, 3.773, 166.580

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 98, 10.710, 163.946 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(230, 255, 243)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 255, 243)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 255, 243) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 255, 243) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 98, 10.710, 163.946 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

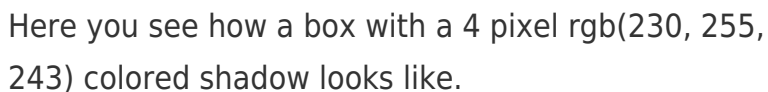
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 255, 243) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 255, 243) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(230, 255, 243)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 255, 243); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 255, 243); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 255, 243) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 98, 10.710, 163.946 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 255, 243) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
255, 243) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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