

Converting Colors

CIELCh(98, 14.794, 146.834)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(98, 14.794, 146.834)
contains.

CIELCh(98, 14.353, 147.296)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIElCh(98, 14.353, 147.296)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E7FFEA
RGB	231, 255, 234
RGB Percent	91%, 100%, 92%
CMY	0.0949, 0.0000, 0.0832
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.08, 0.00
HSL	127°, 100%, 95%
HSV	127°, 9%, 100%
XYZ	83.7250, 94.9163, 91.5913
YIQ	245.4300, -7.5630, -11.6190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

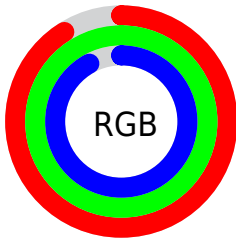
Format	Color
R _{YB}	231, 252, 255
Decimal	15204330
CIE Lab	98.00, -12.08, 7.75
CIE LCh	98, 14.353, 147.296
Yxy	94.9163, 0.3098, 0.3512
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293394410 (0xFFE7FFE7)
YUV	245.4300, -5.6350, -12.6551
Hunter-Lab	97.4250, -17.0945, 12.4577

Details

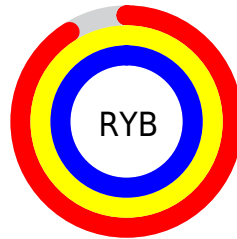
The CIELCh color **98, 14.353, 147.296** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **94, 13.888, 328.547**, and the grayscale version is **97, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **78, 13.760, 147.504** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **96, 28.582, 146.696**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.012, 296.813**.

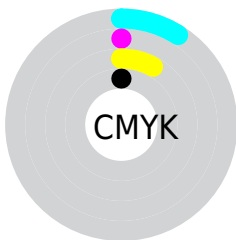
Distribution



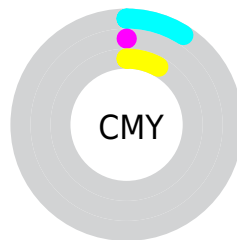
- Red (91%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 98, 14.353, 147.296 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 98, 14.353, 147.296 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 98, 14.353,
147.296

 98, 14.353,
147.296

 100, 14.353,
147.296

 88, 14.353,
147.296

 78, 14.353,
147.296

 68, 14.353,
147.296

 58, 14.353,
147.296

 48, 14.353,
147.296

 38, 14.353,
147.296

 28, 14.353,

147.296

■ 18, 14.353,
147.296

■ 8, 14.353, 147.296

■ 98, 14.353,
147.296

■ 98, 14.353,
147.296

■ 96, 28.582,
146.696

100, 0.012,
296.813

■ 94, 43.236,
145.837

■ 92, 57.566,
144.840

■ 91, 71.260,
143.695

■ 90, 83.952,
142.407

■ 89, 95.243,
141.006

■ 88, 104.715,
139.560

■ 88, 111.977,
138.180

■ 88, 116.794,
137.034

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



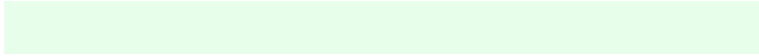
98, 14.353, 147.296



94, 13.888, 328.547

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



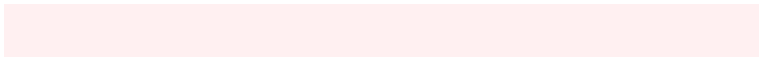
98, 14.353, 147.296



98, 14.353, 197.296



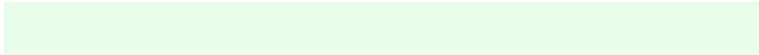
98, 14.353, 327.296



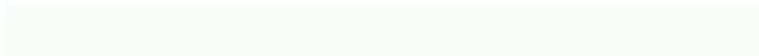
98, 14.353, 17.296

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98, 13.857, 147.440



99, 4.352, 147.911



99, 12.307, 114.006



53, 3.303, 147.845



0, 0.000, 0.000



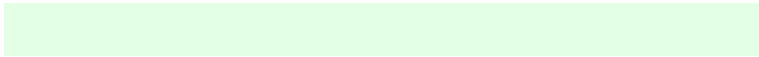
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

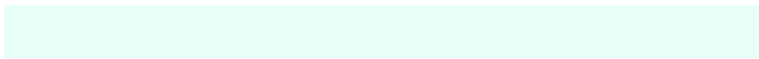
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98, 13.857, 147.440



97, 16.071, 147.334



98, 9.699, 169.642



52, 8.298, 147.439



68, 93.763, 137.192



22, 41.126, 139.227

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



94, 13.888, 328.547



93, 16.106, 328.641



94, 9.900, 351.279



50, 8.317, 328.548



44, 84.448, 333.888



12, 39.305, 333.124

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 98, 14.353, 147.296 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

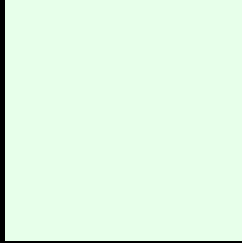
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 98, 14.353, 147.296 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

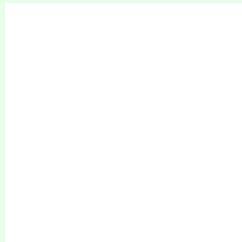
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 98, 14.353, 147.296

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 14.353, 147.296.

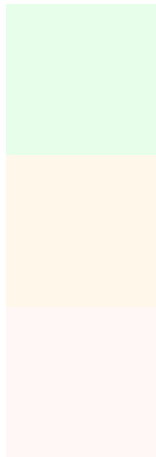


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 14.353, 147.296.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



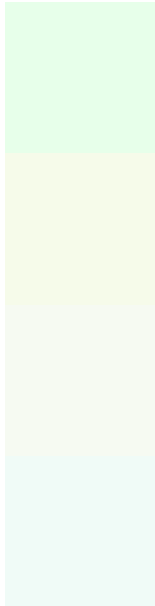
Original Color
98, 13.726, 147.479

Protanopia
98, 7.536, 90.058

Deuteranopia
98, 2.870, 29.570

Tritanopia
98, 3.347, 266.028

Trichromacy



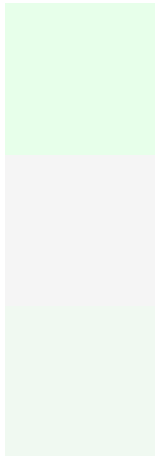
Original Color
98, 13.726, 147.479

Protanomaly
98, 8.838, 121.196

Deuteranomaly
98, 4.319, 128.961

Tritanomaly
98, 4.368, 171.433

Monochromacy



Original Color
98, 13.726, 147.479

Achromatopsia
97, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
97, 5.194, 147.462

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 98, 14.353, 147.296 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(231, 255, 234)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(231, 255, 234)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(231, 255, 234) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(231, 255, 234) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 98, 14.353, 147.296 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(231, 255, 234) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(231, 255, 234) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(231, 255, 234)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(231, 255, 234); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 255, 234);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 255,  
234) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 98, 14.353, 147.296 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(231, 255, 234) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(231,  
255, 234) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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