

Converting Colors

CIELCh(98, 16.392, 139.903)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(98, 16.392, 139.903)
contains.

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Color

CIElCh(98, 16.069, 139.829)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E9FFE5
RGB	233, 255, 229
RGB Percent	91%, 100%, 90%
CMY	0.0873, 0.0000, 0.1030
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.10, 0.00
HSL	111°, 100%, 95%
HSV	111°, 10%, 100%
XYZ	83.6197, 94.9163, 87.8439
YIQ	245.4580, -4.7660, -12.7500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

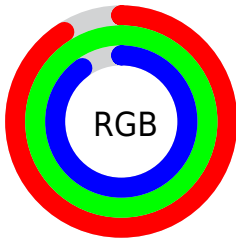
Format	Color
R_{YB}	229, 255, 251
Decimal	15335397
CIE _{Lab}	98.00, -12.28, 10.37
CIE _{LCh}	98, 16.069, 139.829
Yxy	94.9163, 0.3139, 0.3563
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293525477 (0xFFE9FFE5)
YUV	245.4580, -8.1138, -10.9257
Hunter-Lab	97.4250, -17.2874, 14.7382

Details

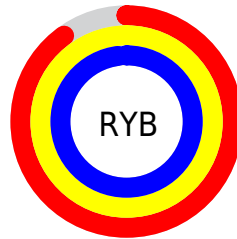
The CIELCh color **98, 16.069, 139.829** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **93, 15.684, 320.677**, and the grayscale version is **97, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **78, 15.101, 140.403** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **96, 30.885, 139.144**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.444, 140.800**.

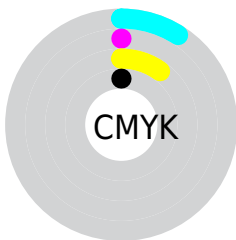
Distribution



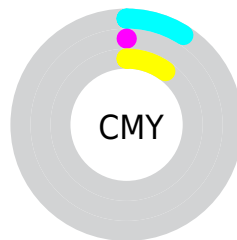
- Red (91%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 98, 16.069, 139.829 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 98, 16.069, 139.829 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 98, 16.069,
139.829


 98, 16.069,
139.829


 100, 16.069,
139.829


 88, 16.069,
139.829


 78, 16.069,
139.829

 68, 16.069,
139.829

 58, 16.069,
139.829

 48, 16.069,
139.829

 38, 16.069,
139.829

 28, 16.069,

139.829

■ 18, 16.069,
139.829

■ 8, 16.069, 139.829

■ 98, 16.069,
139.829

■ 98, 16.069,
139.829

■ 96, 30.885,
139.144

■ 100, 0.444,
140.800

■ 94, 46.087,
138.492

■ 100, 0.012,
296.813

■ 93, 60.973,
137.771

■ 91, 75.210,
137.005

■ 90, 88.359,
136.245

■ 89, 99.854,
135.584

■ 89, 109.032,
135.147

■ 88, 115.300,
135.064

■ 88, 118.608,
135.296

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



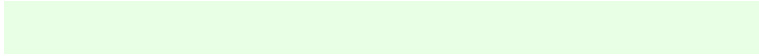
98, 16.069, 139.829



93, 15.684, 320.677

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



98, 16.069, 139.829



98, 16.069, 189.829



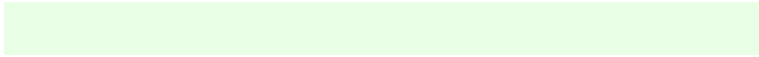
98, 16.069, 319.829



98, 16.069, 9.829

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98, 15.611, 139.724



99, 4.518, 140.135



98, 11.215, 101.173



53, 3.429, 140.084



0, 0.000, 0.000



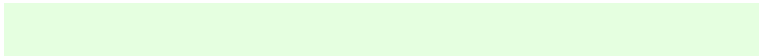
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

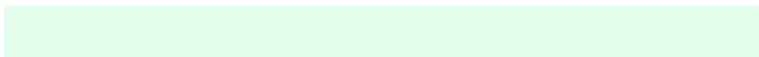
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98, 15.611, 139.724



97, 18.202, 139.630



98, 12.914, 154.940



52, 8.612, 139.768



68, 95.370, 135.170



23, 42.622, 134.672

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



93, 15.684, 320.677



92, 18.293, 320.759



93, 12.996, 336.370



50, 8.650, 320.639



40, 94.253, 322.397



10, 43.266, 323.071

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 98, 16.069, 139.829 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

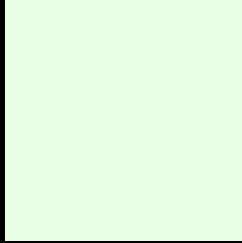
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 98, 16.069, 139.829 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

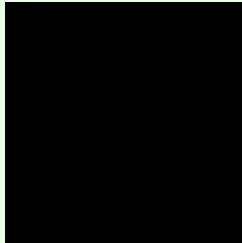
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

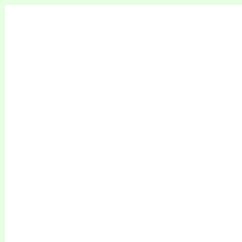
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 98, 16.069, 139.829

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 16.069, 139.829.

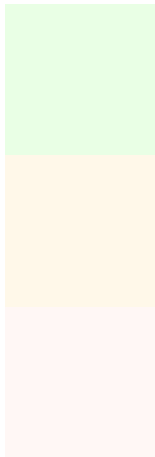


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 16.069, 139.829.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



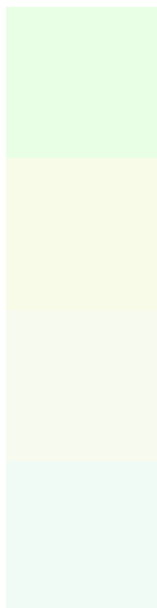
Original Color
98, 15.443, 139.688

Protanopia
98, 8.019, 91.213

Deuteranopia
98, 3.001, 39.179

Tritanopia
98, 3.225, 271.658

Trichromacy



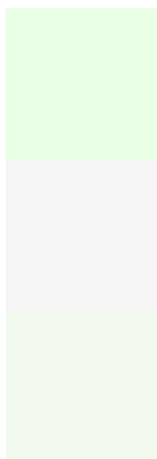
Original Color
98, 15.443, 139.688

Protanomaly
98, 10.274, 117.453

Deuteranomaly
98, 5.702, 120.519

Tritanomaly
98, 4.676, 158.427

Monochromacy



Original Color
98, 15.443, 139.688

Achromatopsia
97, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
97, 5.855, 138.673

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 98, 16.069, 139.829 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(233, 255, 229)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(233, 255, 229)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 255, 229) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(233, 255, 229) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 98, 16.069, 139.829 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(233, 255, 229) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(233, 255, 229) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(233, 255, 229)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(233, 255, 229); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 255, 229);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 255,  
229) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 98, 16.069, 139.829 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(233, 255, 229) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(233,  
255, 229) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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