

Converting Colors

CIELCh(98, 18.598, 133.537)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(98, 18.598, 133.537)
contains.

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Color

CIElCh(98, 17.985, 133.798)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EBFFE0
RGB	235, 255, 224
RGB Percent	92%, 100%, 88%
CMY	0.0798, 0.0000, 0.1229
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.12, 0.00
HSL	99°, 100%, 94%
HSV	99°, 12%, 100%
XYZ	83.5312, 94.9163, 84.1934
YIQ	245.4860, -1.9690, -13.8810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

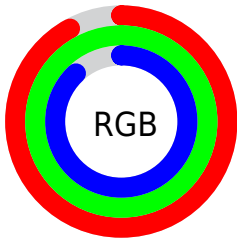
Format	Color
R_{YB}	224, 255, 244
Decimal	15466464
CIE _{Lab}	98.00, -12.45, 12.98
CIE _{LCh}	98, 17.985, 133.798
Y _{xy}	94.9163, 0.3180, 0.3614
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293656544 (0xFFEBFFE0)
YUV	245.4860, -10.5926, -9.1962
Hunter-Lab	97.4250, -17.4496, 16.9598

Details

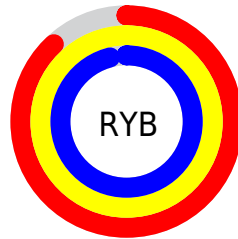
The CIELCh color **98, 17.985, 133.798** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **91, 17.786, 314.600**, and the grayscale version is **97, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **78, 17.098, 133.674** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **96, 31.935, 133.084**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 3.255, 134.059**.

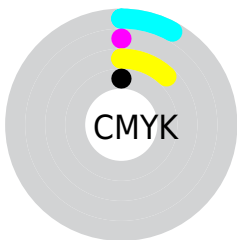
Distribution



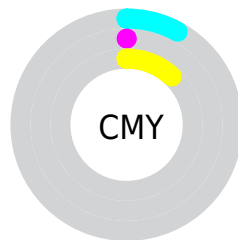
- Red (92%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (12%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 98, 17.985, 133.798 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 98, 17.985, 133.798 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 98, 17.985,
133.798

 98, 17.985,
133.798

 100, 17.985,
133.798

 88, 17.985,
133.798


 78, 17.985,
133.798

 68, 17.985,
133.798

 58, 17.985,
133.798

 48, 17.985,
133.798

 38, 17.985,
133.798

 28, 17.985,

133.798

■ 18, 17.985,
133.798

■ 8, 17.985, 133.798

■ 98, 17.985,
133.798

■ 98, 17.985,
133.798

■ 96, 31.935,
133.084

■ 100, 3.255,
134.059

■ 95, 46.184,
132.567

■ 100, 0.012,
296.813

■ 93, 60.125,
132.040

■ 92, 73.475,
131.543

■ 91, 85.838,
131.146

■ 90, 96.680,
130.952

■ 90, 105.375,
131.093

■ 89, 111.397,
131.685

■ 89, 114.340,
132.399

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



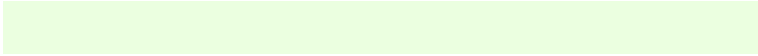
98, 17.985, 133.798



91, 17.786, 314.600

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



98, 17.985, 133.798



98, 17.985, 183.798



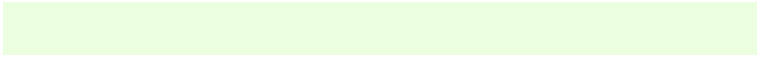
98, 17.985, 313.798



98, 17.985, 3.798

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98, 17.579, 133.571



99, 5.695, 133.962



96, 10.952, 86.771



53, 4.050, 133.924



0, 0.000, 0.000



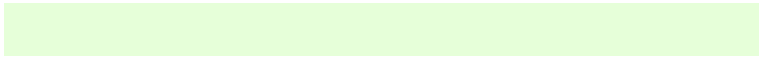
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

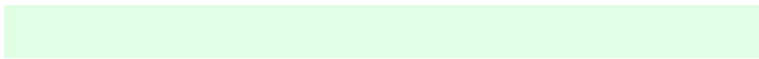
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98, 17.579, 133.571



97, 21.469, 133.442



97, 17.852, 147.534



52, 8.122, 133.701



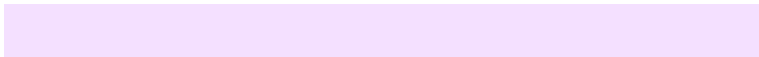
68, 91.832, 132.157



23, 40.787, 130.893

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91, 17.786, 314.600



90, 21.770, 314.721



92, 17.892, 329.022



49, 8.201, 314.476



34, 97.421, 315.775



8, 44.429, 317.048

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 98, 17.985, 133.798 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

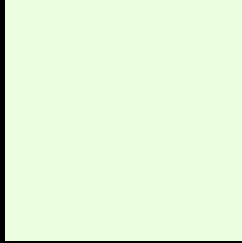
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 98, 17.985, 133.798 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

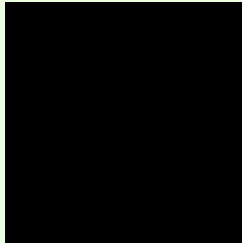
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

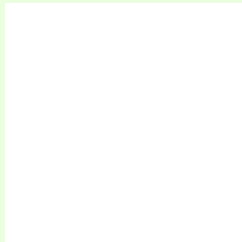
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 98, 17.985, 133.798

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 17.985, 133.798.

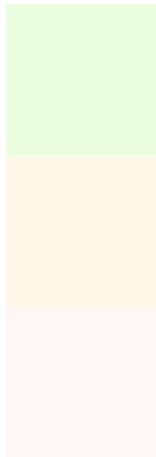


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 17.985, 133.798.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



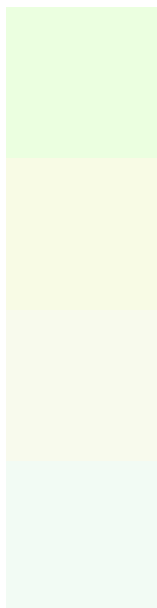
Original Color
98, 17.367, 133.458

Protanopia
98, 8.505, 92.231

Deuteranopia
98, 3.001, 39.179

Tritanopia
98, 3.225, 271.658

Trichromacy



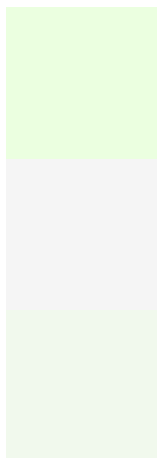
Original Color
98, 17.367, 133.458

Protanomaly
98, 11.234, 114.858

Deuteranomaly
98, 6.652, 115.824

Tritanomaly
98, 4.790, 151.166

Monochromacy



Original Color
98, 17.367, 133.458

Achromatopsia
97, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
97, 6.768, 134.498

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 98, 17.985, 133.798 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 255, 224)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 255, 224)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 255, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 255, 224) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 98, 17.985, 133.798 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 255, 224) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 255, 224) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 255, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 255, 224); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 255, 224);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 255,  
224) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 98, 17.985, 133.798 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 255, 224) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
255, 224) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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