

Converting Colors

CIELCh(98, 3.317, 42.510)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(98, 3.317, 42.510) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(98, 2.896, 51.088)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF8F5
RGB	255, 248, 245
RGB Percent	100%, 97%, 96%
CMY	0.0003, 0.0277, 0.0395
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.04, 0.00
HSL	18°, 98%, 98%
HSV	18°, 4%, 100%
XYZ	91.2207, 94.9163, 99.8337
YIQ	249.7510, 5.1350, 0.5510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	255, 249, 245
Decimal	16775413
CIE Lab	98.00, 1.82, 2.25
CIE LCh	98, 2.896, 51.088
Yxy	94.9163, 0.3190, 0.3319
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294965493 (0xFFFFF8F5)
YUV	249.7510, -2.3422, 4.6034
Hunter-Lab	97.4250, -3.3611, 7.4416

Details

The CIELCh color **98, 2.896, 51.088** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **99, 2.844, 232.101**, and the grayscale version is **98, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **78, 2.734, 55.163** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **93, 10.683, 50.656**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.029, 222.668**.

Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (97%)

Blue (96%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (98%)

Blue (96%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)










Magenta (3%)

Yellow (4%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 98, 2.896, 51.088 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 98, 2.896, 51.088 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 98, 2.896, 51.088	 98, 2.896, 51.088
 100, 2.896, 51.088	 88, 2.896, 51.088
	 78, 2.896, 51.088
	 68, 2.896, 51.088
	 58, 2.896, 51.088
	 48, 2.896, 51.088
	 38, 2.896, 51.088
	 28, 2.896, 51.088
	 18, 2.896, 51.088
	 8, 2.896, 51.088

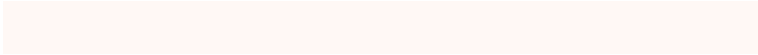


100, 0.029,
222.668

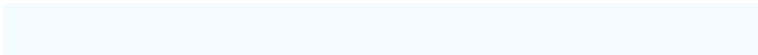
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



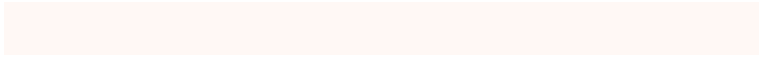
98, 2.896, 51.088



99, 2.844, 232.101

Rectangle

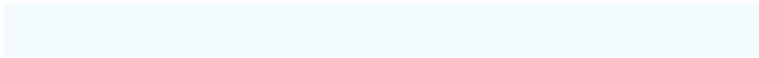
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



98, 2.896, 51.088



98, 2.896, 101.088



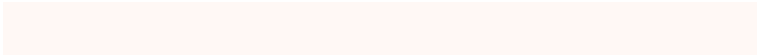
98, 2.896, 231.088



98, 2.896, 281.088

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98, 2.896, 51.142



99, 0.727, 50.713



97, 5.041, 334.473



53, 0.413, 50.672



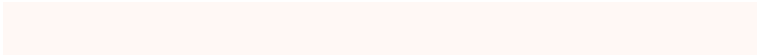
0, 0.000, 0.000



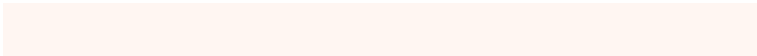
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98, 2.896, 51.142



97, 3.708, 51.117



99, 4.105, 99.913



52, 2.537, 51.091



44, 76.204, 47.368



13, 28.550, 43.854

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



99, 2.844, 232.101



98, 3.618, 232.138



97, 4.142, 280.901



52, 2.465, 232.172



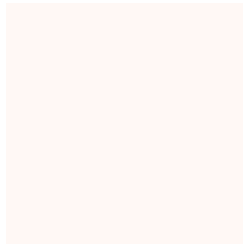
53, 39.513, 256.333



17, 17.257, 249.303

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 98, 2.896, 51.088 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

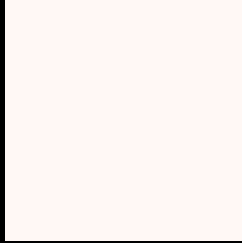
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 98, 2.896, 51.088 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

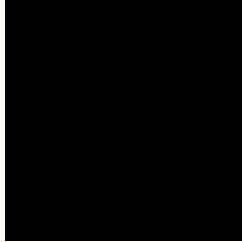
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 98, 2.896, 51.088

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 2.896, 51.088.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 2.896, 51.088.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

Original Color
98, 2.896, 51.088

Protanopia
98, 2.599, 55.190

Deuteranopia
98, 2.526, 7.689

Tritanopia
98, 4.002, 316.244

Trichromacy

A vertical bar on the left side of the Trichromacy section, divided into four segments of different shades of orange and pink, corresponding to the color types listed to its right.

Original Color

98, 2.896, 51.088

Protanomaly

98, 2.599, 55.190

Deuteranomaly

98, 2.470, 19.304

Tritanomaly

98, 2.623, 343.660

Monochromacy

A vertical bar on the left side of the Monochromacy section, divided into three segments: a top orange segment, a middle light blue segment, and a bottom light orange segment.

Original Color

98, 2.896, 51.088

Achromatopsia

98, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly

98, 1.163, 44.808

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 98, 2.896, 51.088 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 248, 245)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 248, 245)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 248, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 248, 245) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 98, 2.896, 51.088 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 248, 245) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 248, 245) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 248, 245)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 248, 245); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 248, 245);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 248,  
245) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 98, 2.896, 51.088 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 248, 245) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
248, 245) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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