

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(98, 4.683, 72.770)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(98, 4.683, 72.770) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(98, 4.327, 74.647)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF8F1
RGB	255, 248, 241
RGB Percent	100%, 97%, 95%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0267, 0.0541
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.05, 0.00
HSL	30°, 100%, 97%
HSV	30°, 5%, 100%
XYZ	90.8475, 94.9163, 96.9045
YIQ	249.2950, 6.4190, -0.6930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

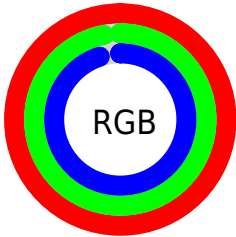
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 255, 241
Decimal	16775409
CIE Lab	98.00, 1.15, 4.17
CIE LCh	98, 4.327, 74.647
Yxy	94.9163, 0.3214, 0.3358
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294965489 (0xFFFFF8F1)
YUV	249.2950, -4.0894, 5.0033
Hunter-Lab	97.4250, -4.0448, 9.2242

# Details

The CIELCh color **98, 4.327, 74.647** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **97, 4.248, 257.028**, and the grayscale version is **98, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **78, 4.344, 78.577** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **94, 12.500, 74.283**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.012, 296.813**.

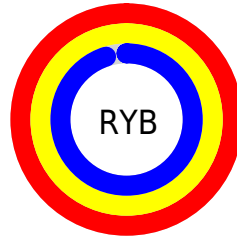
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (97%)

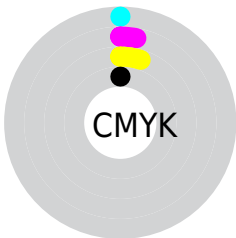
Blue (95%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (95%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 98, 4.327, 74.647 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 98, 4.327, 74.647 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 98, 4.327, 74.647	 98, 4.327, 74.647
 100, 4.327, 74.647	 88, 4.327, 74.647
	 78, 4.327, 74.647
	 68, 4.327, 74.647
	 58, 4.327, 74.647
	 48, 4.327, 74.647
	 38, 4.327, 74.647
	 28, 4.327, 74.647
	 18, 4.327, 74.647
	 8, 4.327, 74.647

98, 4.327, 74.647

98, 4.327, 74.647

94, 12.500, 74.283

100, 0.012,  
296.813

91, 21.095, 73.022

87, 30.091, 71.738

84, 39.473, 70.439

80, 49.173, 69.115

77, 59.001, 67.732

74, 68.545, 66.202

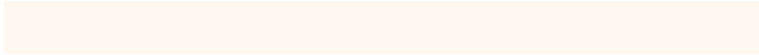
71, 77.009, 64.328

69, 83.193, 61.772

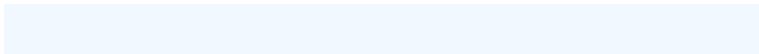
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



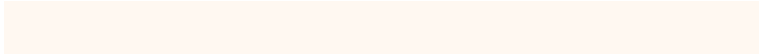
98, 4.327, 74.647



97, 4.248, 257.028

# Rectangle

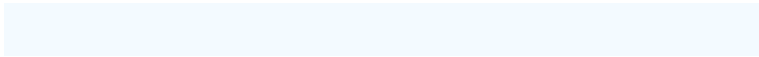
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



98, 4.327, 74.647



98, 4.327, 124.647



98, 4.327, 254.647



98, 4.327, 304.647

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98, 4.287, 75.469



99, 1.567, 75.715



96, 6.047, 344.019



53, 0.890, 75.712



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

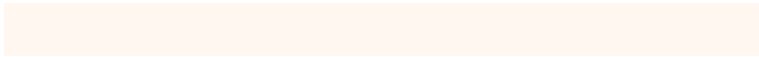


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98, 4.287, 75.469



98, 4.759, 75.406



100, 6.986, 109.644



52, 3.162, 75.334



51, 68.481, 61.121



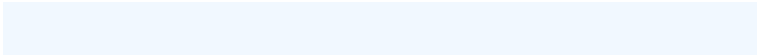
16, 27.009, 62.586





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



97, 4.248, 257.028



97, 4.707, 257.097



96, 7.090, 290.733



51, 3.121, 257.176



41, 59.201, 284.923

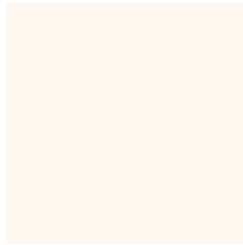


12, 24.060, 278.428



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 98, 4.327, 74.647 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

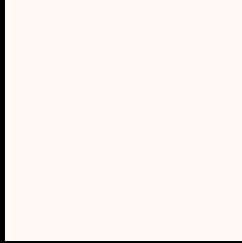
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 98, 4.327, 74.647 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

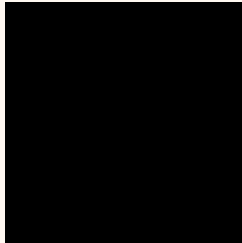
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 98, 4.327, 74.647**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 4.327, 74.647.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 4.327, 74.647.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

98, 4.327, 74.647

**Protanopia**

98, 3.919, 70.425

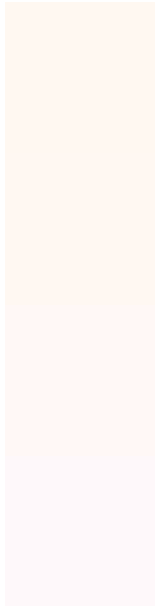
**Deuteranopia**

98, 2.470, 19.304

**Tritanopia**  
98, 4.002, 316.244



# Trichromacy



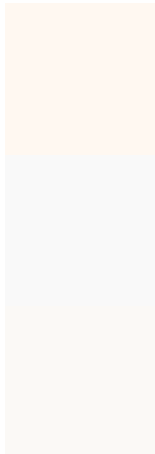
**Original Color**  
98, 4.327, 74.647

**Protanomaly**  
98, 3.919, 70.425

**Deuteranomaly**  
98, 2.666, 41.733

**Tritanomaly**  
98, 2.358, 353.672

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
98, 4.327, 74.647

**Achromatopsia**  
98, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
98, 1.666, 84.962

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 98, 4.327, 74.647 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 248, 241)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 248, 241)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 248, 241) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 248, 241) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 98, 4.327, 74.647 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 248, 241) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 248, 241) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 248, 241)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 248, 241); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 248, 241);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 248,  
241) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 98, 4.327, 74.647 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 248, 241) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
248, 241) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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