

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(98, 40.235, 274.991)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(98, 40.235, 274.991)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(96, 14.382, 206.803)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D0FBFF
RGB	208, 251, 255
RGB Percent	82%, 98%, 100%
CMY	0.1825, 0.0139, 0.0000
CMYK	0.18, 0.01, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	185°, 100%, 91%
HSV	185°, 18%, 100%
XYZ	78.9051, 90.0078, 108.2125
YIQ	238.5990, -26.9120, -7.8720

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

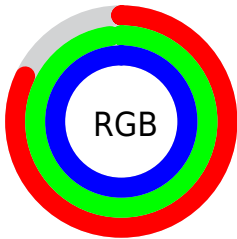
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	208, 230, 255
Decimal	13695999
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	96.00, -12.84, -6.49
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	96, 14.382, 206.803
Yxy	90.0078, 0.2847, 0.3248
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291886079 (0xFFD0FBFF)
<b>YUV</b>	238.5990, 8.0857, -26.8353
Hunter-Lab	94.8724, -17.5689, -1.2161

# Details

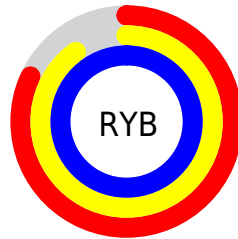
The CIELCh color **96, 14.382, 206.803** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **88, 16.268, 26.978**, and the grayscale version is **94, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **76, 14.204, 207.166** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **94, 21.465, 205.706**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98, 6.689, 206.101**.

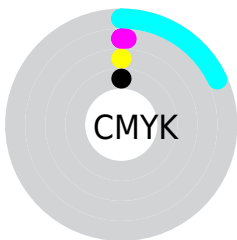
# Distribution



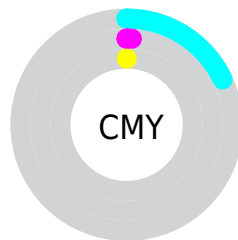
- Red (82%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 96, 14.382, 206.803 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 96, 14.382, 206.803 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 96, 14.382,  
206.803


 96, 14.382,  
206.803


 100, 14.382,  
206.803


 86, 14.382,  
206.803

 76, 14.382,  
206.803

 66, 14.382,  
206.803

 56, 14.382,  
206.803

 46, 14.382,  
206.803

 36, 14.382,  
206.803

 26, 14.382,

206.803

■ 16, 14.382,  
206.803

■ 6, 14.382, 206.803

■ 96, 14.382,  
206.803

■ 96, 14.382,  
206.803

■ 94, 21.465,  
205.706

■ 98, 6.689, 206.101

■ 92, 27.838,  
205.696

100, 0.012,  
296.813

■ 91, 33.353,  
205.827

■ 89, 37.890,  
206.127

■ 88, 41.364,  
206.621

■ 87, 43.744,  
207.340

■ 86, 45.067,  
208.308

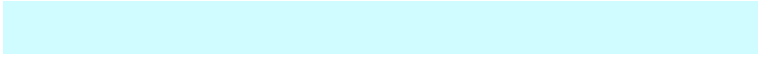
■ 86, 45.486,  
209.532

■ 86, 45.516,  
209.759

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



96, 14.382, 206.803



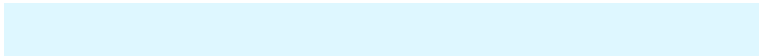
88, 16.268, 26.978

# Rectangle

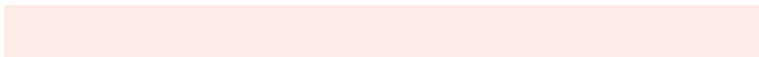
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96, 14.382, 206.803



96, 14.382, 256.803



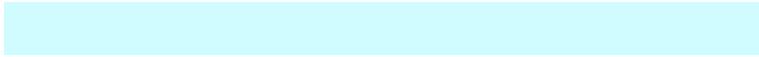
96, 14.382, 26.803



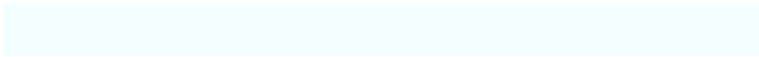
96, 14.382, 76.803

# Sweetspot

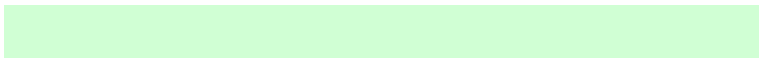
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96, 14.370, 205.839



99, 4.085, 206.250



96, 27.855, 145.099



53, 2.782, 206.211



0, 0.000, 0.000



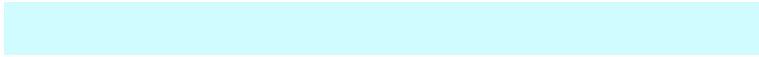
53, 0.007, 296.813



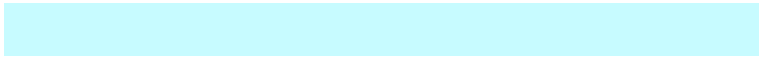


# Same Dimension

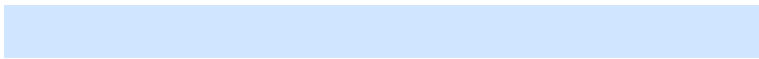
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96, 14.370, 205.839



95, 17.104, 205.775



90, 15.078, 264.957



52, 4.592, 206.058



66, 36.708, 209.506



22, 17.046, 207.779



# Inverse Universe

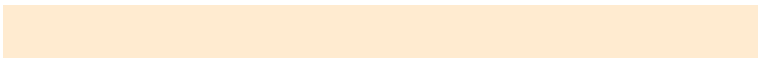
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89, 27.714, 327.596



87, 33.422, 327.816



94, 15.516, 79.895



50, 8.599, 327.077



45, 87.688, 331.513



12, 40.632, 331.089



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 96, 14.382, 206.803 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

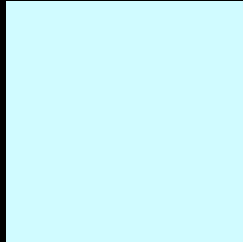
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 96, 14.382, 206.803 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

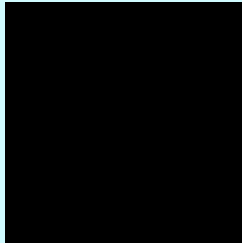
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 96, 14.382, 206.803

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 14.382, 206.803.

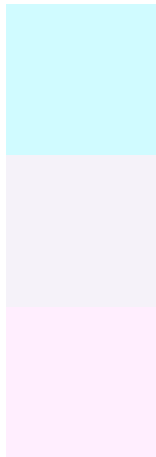


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 96, 14.382, 206.803.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

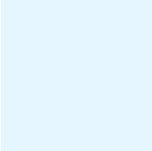


**Original Color**  
96, 14.382, 206.803

**Protanopia**  
96, 3.761, 306.638

**Deuteranopia**  
96, 10.185, 326.406



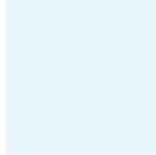


**Tritanopia**  
96, 7.321, 238.340

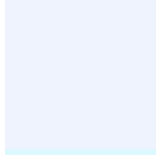
# Trichromacy



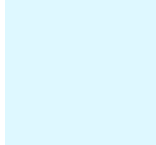
**Original Color**  
96, 14.382, 206.803



**Protanomaly**  
96, 5.377, 234.237



**Deuteranomaly**  
96, 5.873, 273.602

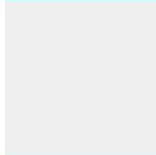


**Tritanomaly**  
96, 9.407, 221.445

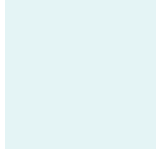
# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
96, 14.382, 206.803



**Achromatopsia**  
94, 0.011, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
95, 5.549, 204.481

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 96, 14.382, 206.803 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(208, 251, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 251, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 251, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 251, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 96, 14.382, 206.803 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 251, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 251, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(208, 251, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(208, 251, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 251, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 251,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 96, 14.382, 206.803 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 251, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208,  
251, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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