

Converting Colors

CIELCh(98, 51.238, 106.276)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(98, 51.238, 106.276)
contains.

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Color

CIElCh(98, 51.169, 106.263)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFFF98
RGB	255, 255, 152
RGB Percent	100%, 100%, 60%
CMY	0.0006, 0.0006, 0.4045
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.40, 0.00
HSL	60°, 100%, 80%
HSV	60°, 40%, 100%
XYZ	82.5504, 94.9163, 43.6143
YIQ	243.2580, 33.0630, -32.0330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

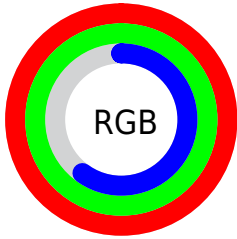
Format	Color
R _Y B	152, 255, 152
Decimal	16777112
CIE Lab	98.00, -14.33, 49.12
CIE LCh	98, 51.169, 106.263
Yxy	94.9163, 0.3734, 0.4293
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294967192 (0xFFFFFFFF98)
YUV	243.2580, -44.9902, 10.2977
Hunter-Lab	97.4250, -19.2467, 41.6551

Details

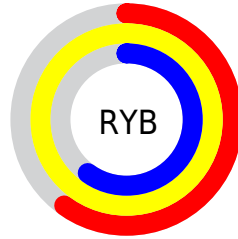
The CIELCh color **98, 51.169, 106.263** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF99**. A complement of this color would be **67, 56.913, 295.707**, and the grayscale version is **96, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 23.732, 108.378**, and **78, 50.915, 105.940** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **98, 62.879, 105.368**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98, 38.881, 107.215**.

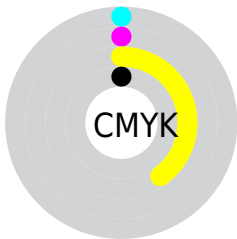
Distribution



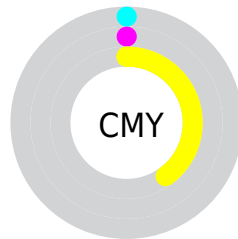
- Red (100%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (40%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 98, 51.169, 106.263 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 98, 51.169, 106.263 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 98, 51.169,
106.263


 98, 51.169,
106.263


 100, 51.169,
106.263


 88, 51.169,
106.263

 78, 51.169,
106.263

 68, 51.169,
106.263

 58, 51.169,
106.263

 48, 51.169,
106.263

 38, 51.169,
106.263

 28, 51.169,

106.263

■ 18, 51.169,
106.263

■ 8, 51.169, 106.263

■ 98, 51.169,
106.263

■ 98, 51.169,
106.263

■ 98, 62.879,
105.368

■ 98, 38.881,
107.215

■ 97, 73.644,
104.554

■ 99, 26.250,
108.189

■ 97, 82.954,
103.862

■ 99, 13.431,
109.166

■ 97, 90.186,
103.335

■ 100, 0.523,
109.995

■ 97, 94.802,
103.005

100, 0.085,
291.686

■ 97, 96.869,
102.858

100, 0.085,
292.305

100, 0.085,
292.925

100, 0.085,
293.543

100, 0.085,
294.160

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



98, 51.169, 106.263



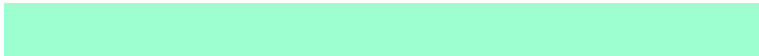
67, 56.913, 295.707

Rectangle

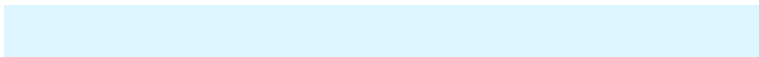
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



98, 51.169, 106.263



98, 51.169, 156.263



98, 51.169, 286.263



98, 51.169, 336.263

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98, 51.171, 106.266



99, 15.481, 109.012



73, 41.972, 23.445



53, 10.265, 108.884



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

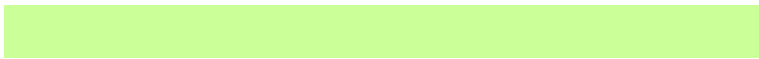
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98, 51.171, 106.266



98, 60.152, 105.578



94, 55.151, 127.155



53, 7.338, 109.255



75, 78.056, 102.858



26, 35.525, 102.999

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



67, 56.913, 295.707



61, 68.734, 297.180



71, 58.505, 311.118



49, 7.504, 291.177



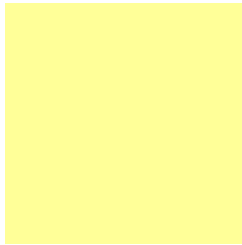
23, 107.781, 306.287



3, 44.127, 301.760

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 98, 51.169, 106.263 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

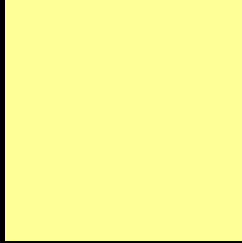
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 98, 51.169, 106.263 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

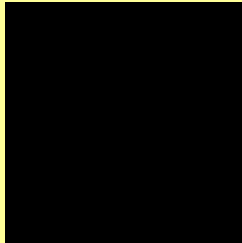
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 98, 51.169, 106.263

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 51.169, 106.263.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 51.169, 106.263.

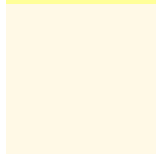
Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

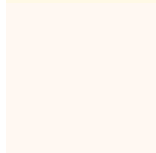
Dichromacy



Original Color
98, 51.169, 106.263



Protanopia
98, 9.885, 96.715



Deuteranopia
98, 3.919, 70.425

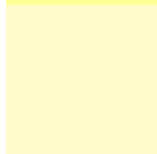


Tritanopia
98, 4.180, 332.450

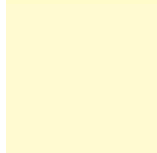
Trichromacy



Original Color
98, 51.169, 106.263



Protanomaly
98, 24.843, 104.794



Deuteranomaly
98, 20.867, 103.443

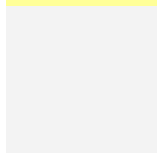


Tritanomaly
98, 17.344, 102.729

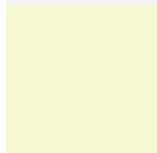
Monochromacy



Original Color
98, 51.169, 106.263



Achromatopsia
96, 0.011, 296.813



Achromatomaly
96, 18.818, 108.719

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 98, 51.169, 106.263 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 255, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 255, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 255, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 255, 152) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 98, 51.169, 106.263 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 255, 152) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 255, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 255, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 255, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255,  
152) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 98, 51.169, 106.263 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 255, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
255, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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