

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(98, 7.839, 174.151)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(98, 7.839, 174.151) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(98, 8.157, 172.997)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E9FEF7
RGB	233, 254, 247
RGB Percent	91%, 100%, 97%
CMY	0.0863, 0.0039, 0.0314
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.03, 0.00
HSL	160°, 91%, 95%
HSV	160°, 8%, 100%
XYZ	85.8289, 94.9163, 101.7868
YIQ	246.9230, -10.2690, -6.6290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

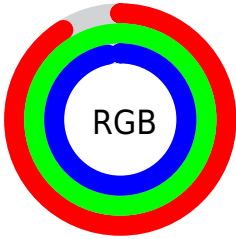
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	233, 246, 254
Decimal	15335159
CIE Lab	98.00, -8.10, 0.99
CIE LCh	98, 8.157, 172.997
Yxy	94.9163, 0.3038, 0.3359
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293525239 (0xFFE9FEF7)
YUV	246.9230, 0.0380, -12.2105
Hunter-Lab	97.4250, -13.2398, 6.2530

# Details

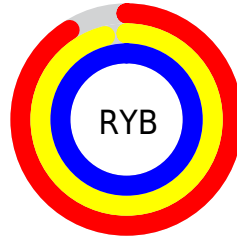
The CIELCh color **98, 8.157, 172.997** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **94, 8.338, 354.399**, and the grayscale version is **97, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **78, 7.978, 175.086** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **96, 17.896, 171.965**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.631, 323.974**.

# Distribution



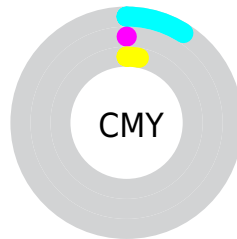
- Red (91%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 98, 8.157, 172.997 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 98, 8.157, 172.997 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 98, 8.157, 172.997

 98, 8.157, 172.997

 100, 8.157,  
172.997

 88, 8.157, 172.997

 78, 8.157, 172.997

 68, 8.157, 172.997

 58, 8.157, 172.997

 48, 8.157, 172.997

 38, 8.157, 172.997

 28, 8.157, 172.997

 18, 8.157, 172.997

 8, 8.157, 172.997

98, 8.157, 172.997

98, 8.157, 172.997

96, 17.896,  
171.965

100, 0.631,  
323.974

95, 27.350,  
170.881

93, 36.362,  
169.700

92, 44.764,  
168.394

91, 52.392,  
166.938

90, 59.108,  
165.307

90, 64.828,  
163.476

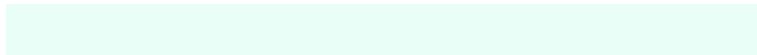
89, 69.550,  
161.436

■ 89, 73.395,  
159.208

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



98, 8.157, 172.997



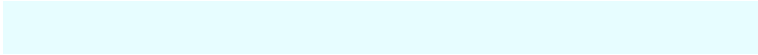
94, 8.338, 354.399

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



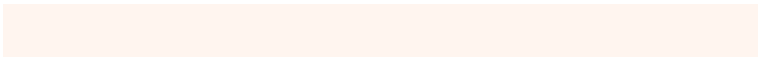
98, 8.157, 172.997



98, 8.157, 222.997



98, 8.157, 352.997



98, 8.157, 42.997

# Sweetspot

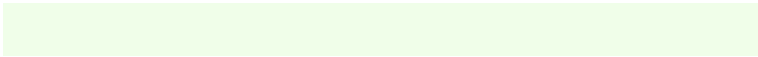
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98, 8.159, 172.989



100, 1.980, 173.784



98, 11.772, 133.796



53, 1.126, 173.808



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

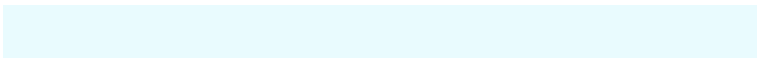
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98, 8.159, 172.989



98, 9.890, 172.811



97, 6.290, 213.989



52, 5.624, 172.862



69, 59.378, 159.242



23, 25.979, 162.330



# Inverse Universe

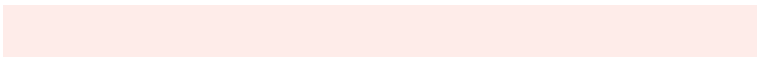
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



94, 8.338, 354.399



93, 10.149, 354.585



95, 6.634, 33.783



50, 5.765, 354.531



40, 69.653, 18.182

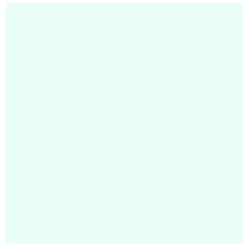


10, 31.347, 10.295



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 98, 8.157, 172.997 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

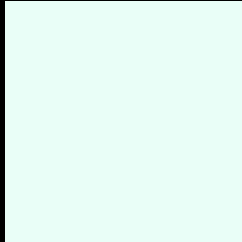
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 98, 8.157, 172.997 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

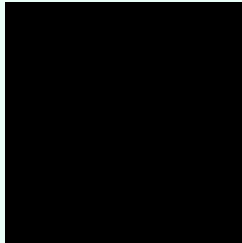
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

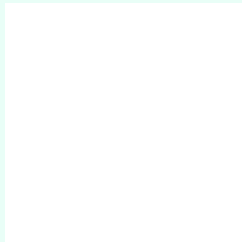
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 98, 8.157, 172.997

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 8.157, 172.997.

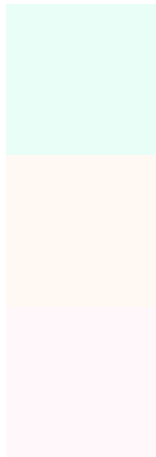


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 8.157, 172.997.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

98, 8.157, 172.997

### Protanopia

98, 3.537, 65.249

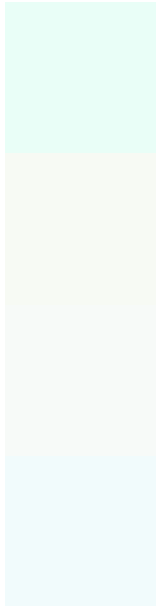
### Deuteranopia

98, 3.011, 359.612



**Tritanopia**  
98, 3.225, 271.658

# Trichromacy



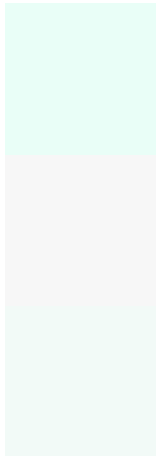
**Original Color**  
98, 8.157, 172.997

**Protanomaly**  
98, 3.236, 129.007

**Deuteranomaly**  
98, 1.465, 155.864

**Tritanomaly**  
98, 3.491, 207.785

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
98, 8.157, 172.997

**Achromatopsia**  
97, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
98, 3.201, 170.858

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 98, 8.157, 172.997 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(233, 254, 247)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(233, 254, 247)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 254, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(233, 254, 247) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 98, 8.157, 172.997 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(233, 254, 247) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(233, 254, 247) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(233, 254, 247)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(233, 254, 247); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 254, 247);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 254,  
247) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 98, 8.157, 172.997 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(233, 254, 247) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(233,  
254, 247) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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