

Converting Colors

CIE LCh(98, 8.051, 201.956)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(98, 8.051, 201.956) contains.

CIELCh(98, 8.185, 202.555)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(98, 8.185, 202.555)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E6FEFF
RGB	230, 254, 255
RGB Percent	90%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.0981, 0.0039, 0.0000
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	182°, 100%, 95%
HSV	182°, 10%, 100%
XYZ	86.1154, 94.9163, 108.3795
YIQ	246.9380, -14.6250, -4.7770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	230, 242, 255
Decimal	15138559
CIE Lab	98.00, -7.56, -3.14
CIE LCh	98, 8.185, 202.555
Yxy	94.9163, 0.2976, 0.3280
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293328639 (0xFFE6FEFF)
YUV	246.9380, 3.9746, -14.8546
Hunter-Lab	97.4250, -12.7149, 2.2409

Details

The CIELCh color **98, 8.185, 202.555** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **94, 8.723, 23.285**, and the grayscale version is **97, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **78, 8.180, 202.618** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **96, 16.052, 202.147**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.007, 302.102**.

Distribution



- Red (90%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 98, 8.185, 202.555 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 98, 8.185, 202.555 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 98, 8.185, 202.555

 98, 8.185, 202.555

 100, 8.185,
202.555

 88, 8.185, 202.555

 78, 8.185, 202.555

 68, 8.185, 202.555

 58, 8.185, 202.555

 48, 8.185, 202.555

 38, 8.185, 202.555

 28, 8.185, 202.555

 18, 8.185, 202.555

 8, 8.185, 202.555

98, 8.185, 202.555

98, 8.185, 202.555

96, 16.052,
202.147

100, 0.007,
302.102

94, 23.293,
201.850

93, 29.766,
201.646

92, 35.335,
201.546

91, 39.887,
201.563

90, 43.345,
201.711

89, 45.692,
202.002

89, 46.984,
202.443

■ 88, 47.421,
203.023

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



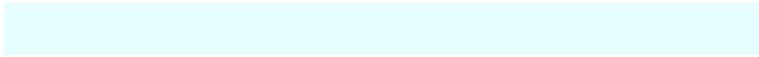
98, 8.185, 202.555



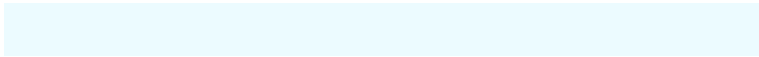
94, 8.723, 23.285

Rectangle

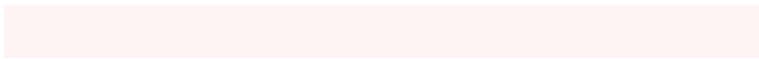
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



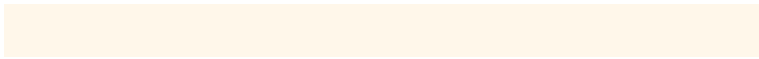
98, 8.185, 202.555



98, 8.185, 252.555



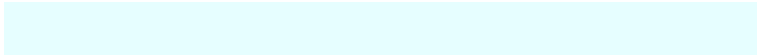
98, 8.185, 22.555



98, 8.185, 72.555

Sweetspot

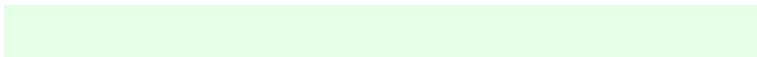
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98, 8.186, 202.541



99, 2.547, 202.996



98, 15.247, 144.772



53, 1.927, 202.907



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

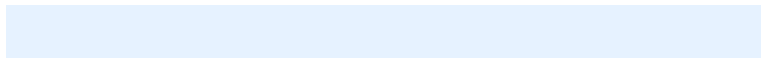
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98, 8.186, 202.541



98, 9.960, 202.443



95, 7.849, 260.311



52, 4.751, 202.555



68, 38.234, 202.914



23, 17.697, 202.087

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



94, 15.203, 326.054



93, 18.630, 326.182



97, 7.992, 77.655



50, 8.815, 326.036



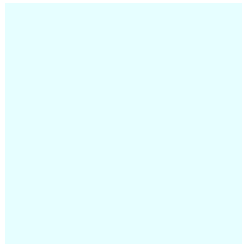
45, 90.214, 329.886



12, 41.660, 329.679

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 98, 8.185, 202.555 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

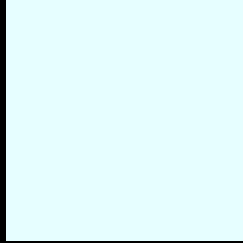
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 98, 8.185, 202.555 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

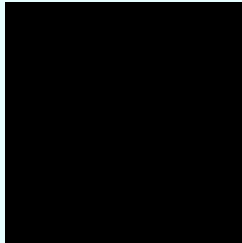
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

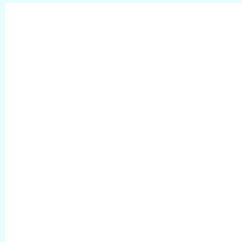
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 98, 8.185, 202.555

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 8.185, 202.555.

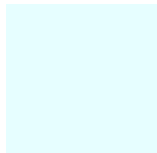


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 8.185, 202.555.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

98, 8.185, 202.555



Protanopia

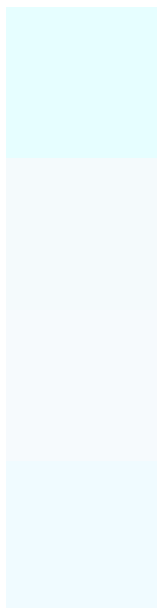
98, 2.096, 332.260

Deuteranopia

98, 3.820, 337.601

Tritanopia
98, 3.064, 256.053

Trichromacy



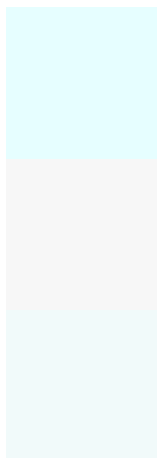
Original Color
98, 8.185, 202.555

Protanomaly
98, 2.308, 225.838

Deuteranomaly
98, 2.056, 247.866

Tritanomaly
98, 4.270, 227.932

Monochromacy



Original Color
98, 8.185, 202.555

Achromatopsia
97, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
98, 3.125, 199.413

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 98, 8.185, 202.555 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(230, 254, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 254, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 254, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 254, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 98, 8.185, 202.555 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 254, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 254, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(230, 254, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 254, 255); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 254, 255); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 254, 255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 98, 8.185, 202.555 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 254, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
254, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor