

Converting Colors

CIELCh(98, 8.633, 9.464)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(98, 8.633, 9.464) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(97, 4.195, 358.142)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | FFF4F7 |
| RGB | 255, 244, 247 |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 96%, 97% |
| CMY | 0.0011, 0.0442, 0.0325 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.04, 0.03, 0.00 |
| HSL | 344°, 95%, 98% |
| HSV | 344°, 4%, 100% |
| XYZ | 90.1503, 92.4403, 100.8627 |
| YIQ | 247.6310, 5.5930, 3.2650 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 255, 244, 247 |
| Decimal | 16774391 |
| CIE Lab | 97.00, 4.19, -0.14 |
| CIE LCh | 97, 4.195, 358.142 |
| Yxy | 92.4403, 0.3180, 0.3261 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4294964471 (0xFFFFF4F7) |
| YUV | 247.6310, -0.3111, 6.4626 |
| Hunter-Lab | 96.1459, -0.8864, 5.1034 |

Details

The CIELCh color **97, 4.195, 358.142** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **99, 4.128, 177.644**, and the grayscale version is **97, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **77, 4.061, 356.309** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 14.215, 359.288**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.096, 206.296**.

Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (96%)

Blue (97%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (96%)

Blue (97%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (3%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 97, 4.195, 358.142 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 97, 4.195, 358.142 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 97, 4.195, 358.142

 97, 4.195, 358.142

 100, 4.195,
358.142

 87, 4.195, 358.142

 77, 4.195, 358.142

 67, 4.195, 358.142

 57, 4.195, 358.142

 47, 4.195, 358.142

 37, 4.195, 358.142

 27, 4.195, 358.142

 17, 4.195, 358.142

 7, 4.195, 358.142

97, 4.195, 358.142

97, 4.195, 358.142

90, 14.215,
359.288

100, 0.096,
206.296

84, 24.631, 0.506

78, 35.312, 1.941

72, 46.030, 3.680

67, 56.438, 5.834

62, 66.086, 8.551

58, 74.506, 12.003

56, 81.394, 16.344

54, 86.820, 21.594

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



97, 4.195, 358.142



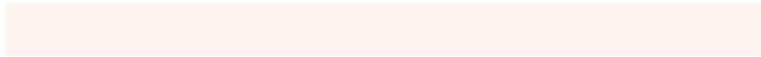
99, 4.128, 177.644

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



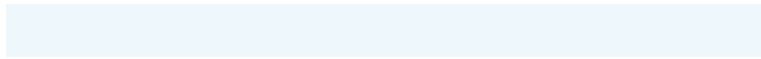
97, 4.195, 358.142



97, 4.195, 48.142



97, 4.195, 178.142



97, 4.195, 228.142

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97, 4.193, 358.162



99, 0.969, 357.388



97, 6.295, 316.405



53, 0.551, 357.352



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97, 4.193, 358.162



97, 4.869, 358.247



98, 3.276, 41.108



51, 3.327, 358.330



40, 71.699, 23.707



10, 31.585, 14.598

Inverse Universe

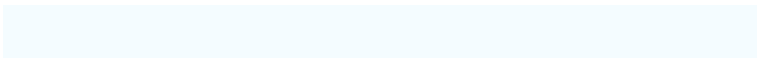
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



97, 4.193, 358.162



97, 4.869, 358.247



99, 3.196, 221.771



51, 3.327, 358.330



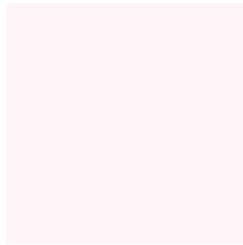
40, 71.699, 23.707



10, 31.585, 14.598

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 97, 4.195, 358.142 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

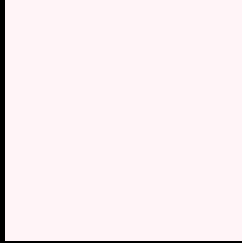
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 97, 4.195, 358.142 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

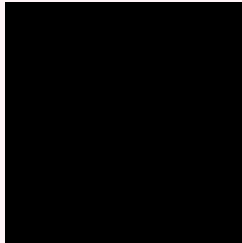
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 97, 4.195, 358.142

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 4.195, 358.142.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 4.195, 358.142.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

97, 4.195, 358.142

Protanopia

97, 2.353, 338.595

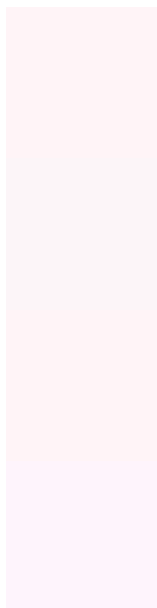
Deuteranopia

97, 4.195, 358.142



Tritanopia
97, 6.481, 319.507

Trichromacy



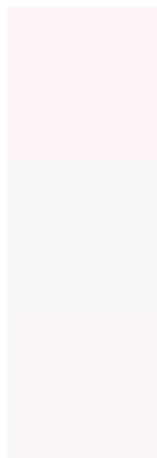
Original Color
97, 4.195, 358.142

Protanomaly
97, 2.922, 347.755

Deuteranomaly
97, 4.195, 358.142

Tritanomaly
97, 5.422, 330.705

Monochromacy



Original Color
97, 4.195, 358.142

Achromatopsia
97, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
97, 1.508, 359.278

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 97, 4.195, 358.142 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 244, 247)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 244, 247)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 244, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 244, 247) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 97, 4.195, 358.142 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 244, 247) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 244, 247) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 244, 247)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 244, 247); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 244, 247);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 244,  
247) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 97, 4.195, 358.142 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 244, 247) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
244, 247) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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