

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(98, 9.369, 20.210)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(98, 9.369, 20.210) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(97, 4.267, 19.539)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF4F4
RGB	255, 244, 244
RGB Percent	100%, 96%, 96%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0442, 0.0443
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.04, 0.00
HSL	0°, 100%, 98%
HSV	0°, 4%, 100%
XYZ	90.0559, 92.4403, 98.4561
YIQ	247.2890, 6.5560, 2.3320

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 244, 244
Decimal	16774388
CIE Lab	97.00, 4.02, 1.43
CIE LCh	97, 4.267, 19.539
Yxy	92.4403, 0.3205, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294964468 (0xFFFFF4F4)
YUV	247.2890, -1.6215, 6.7625
Hunter-Lab	96.1459, -1.0616, 6.5875

# Details

The CIELCh color **97, 4.267, 19.539** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **99, 3.895, 199.362**, and the grayscale version is **97, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **77, 3.733, 19.565** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 13.589, 20.379**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.012, 296.813**.

# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (96%)

Blue (96%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (96%)

Blue (96%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (4%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 97, 4.267, 19.539 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 97, 4.267, 19.539 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 97, 4.267, 19.539	 97, 4.267, 19.539
 100, 4.267, 19.539	 87, 4.267, 19.539
	 77, 4.267, 19.539
	 67, 4.267, 19.539
	 57, 4.267, 19.539
	 47, 4.267, 19.539
	 37, 4.267, 19.539
	 27, 4.267, 19.539
	 17, 4.267, 19.539
	 7, 4.267, 19.539

97, 4.267, 19.539

97, 4.267, 19.539

90, 13.589, 20.379

100, 0.012,  
296.813

84, 23.934, 21.332

77, 35.021, 22.561

71, 46.749, 24.170

66, 58.907, 26.271

61, 71.158, 28.968

58, 83.033, 32.266

55, 93.778, 35.880

54, 101.750,  
38.890

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



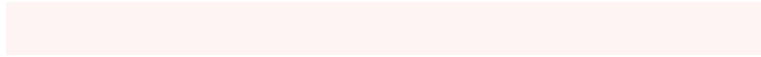
97, 4.267, 19.539



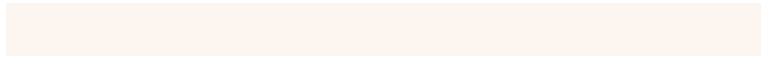
99, 3.895, 199.362

# Rectangle

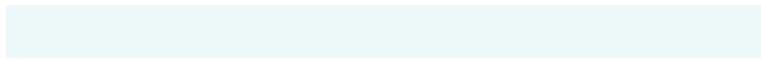
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



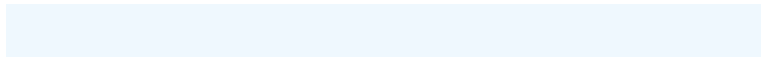
97, 4.267, 19.539



97, 4.267, 69.539



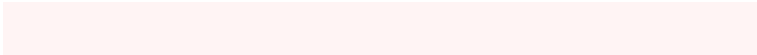
97, 4.267, 199.539



97, 4.267, 249.539

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



97, 4.006, 19.544



99, 0.894, 18.761



97, 7.029, 324.642



53, 0.508, 18.719



0, 0.000, 0.000

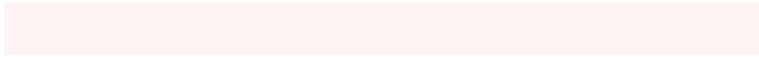


53, 0.007, 296.813

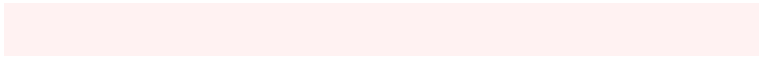


# Same Dimension

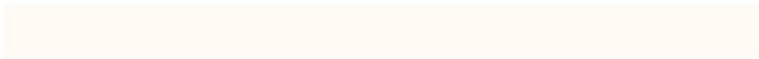
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



97, 4.006, 19.544



97, 4.537, 19.600



98, 3.478, 74.753



51, 3.104, 19.663



40, 84.224, 40.004



10, 33.359, 27.196





# Inverse Universe

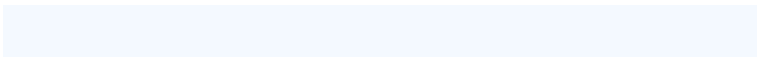
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



99, 3.895, 199.362



99, 4.395, 199.311



98, 3.456, 256.102



53, 2.994, 199.255



70, 40.341, 196.448

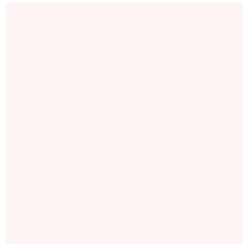


24, 18.560, 196.441



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 97, 4.267, 19.539 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

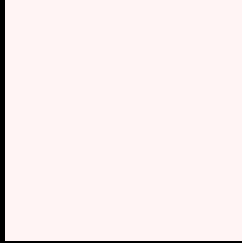
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 97, 4.267, 19.539 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

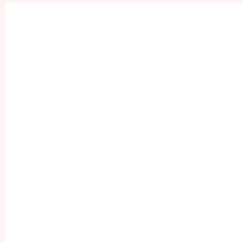
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 97, 4.267, 19.539

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 4.267, 19.539.

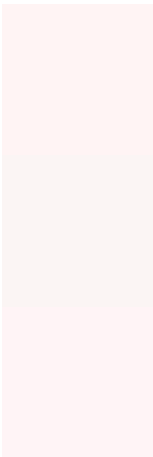


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 97, 4.267, 19.539.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
97, 3.905, 19.499

**Protanopia**  
97, 2.177, 32.788

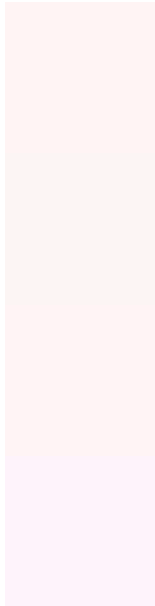
**Deuteranopia**  
97, 4.037, 4.883



**Tritanopia**  
97, 7.103, 319.977



# Trichromacy



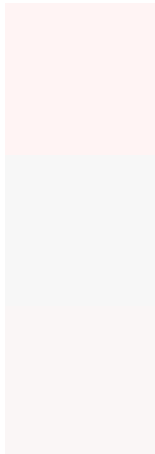
**Original Color**  
97, 3.905, 19.499

**Protanomaly**  
97, 2.525, 30.956

**Deuteranomaly**  
97, 3.938, 12.069

**Tritanomaly**  
97, 5.662, 333.425

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
97, 3.905, 19.499

**Achromatopsia**  
97, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
97, 1.411, 19.041

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 97, 4.267, 19.539 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 244, 244)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 244, 244)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 244, 244) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 244, 244) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 97, 4.267, 19.539 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 244, 244) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 244, 244) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 244, 244) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 244, 244); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 244, 244);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 244,  
244) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 97, 4.267, 19.539 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 244, 244) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
244, 244) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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