

Converting Colors

CIELCh(98, 9.500, 178.644)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(98, 9.500, 178.644) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(98, 9.705, 177.239)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E5FFF8
RGB	229, 255, 248
RGB Percent	90%, 100%, 97%
CMY	0.1021, 0.0002, 0.0276
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.03, 0.00
HSL	164°, 100%, 95%
HSV	164°, 10%, 100%
XYZ	84.9805, 94.9163, 102.6120
YIQ	246.4280, -13.2490, -7.6890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

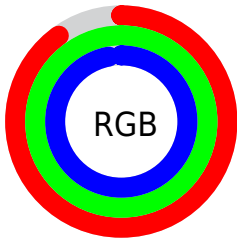
Format	Color
R _Y B	229, 244, 255
Decimal	15073272
CIE Lab	98.00, -9.69, 0.47
CIE LCh	98, 9.705, 177.239
Yxy	94.9163, 0.3008, 0.3360
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293263352 (0xFFE5FFF8)
YUV	246.4280, 0.7750, -15.2844
Hunter-Lab	97.4250, -14.7942, 5.7508

Details

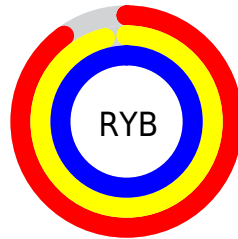
The CIELCh color **98, 9.705, 177.239** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **93, 10.031, 359.052**, and the grayscale version is **97, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **78, 9.608, 179.147** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **96, 18.999, 176.210**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.186, 181.257**.

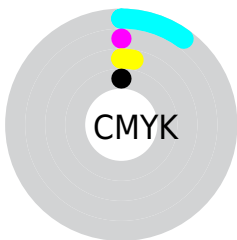
Distribution



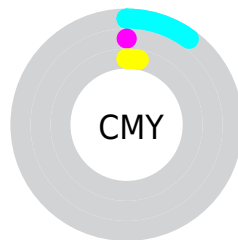
- Red (90%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 98, 9.705, 177.239 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 98, 9.705, 177.239 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 98, 9.705, 177.239

 98, 9.705, 177.239

 100, 9.705,
177.239

 88, 9.705, 177.239

 78, 9.705, 177.239

 68, 9.705, 177.239

 58, 9.705, 177.239

 48, 9.705, 177.239

 38, 9.705, 177.239

 28, 9.705, 177.239

 18, 9.705, 177.239

 8, 9.705, 177.239

98, 9.705, 177.239

98, 9.705, 177.239

96, 18.999,
176.210

100, 0.186,
181.257

95, 27.919,
175.133

100, 0.035,
315.624

93, 36.306,
173.969

92, 43.997,
172.694

91, 50.839,
171.284

91, 56.714,
169.712

90, 61.563,
167.956

90, 65.410,
166.001

■ 89, 68.398,
163.931

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



98, 9.705, 177.239



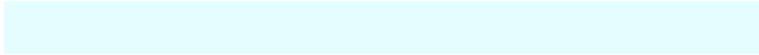
93, 10.031, 359.052

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



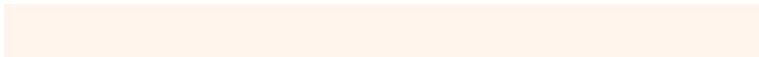
98, 9.705, 177.239



98, 9.705, 227.239



98, 9.705, 357.239



98, 9.705, 47.239

Sweetspot

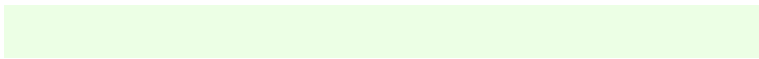
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98, 9.707, 177.231



99, 2.868, 178.050



98, 14.854, 135.825



53, 2.174, 177.933



0, 0.000, 0.000



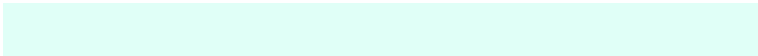
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

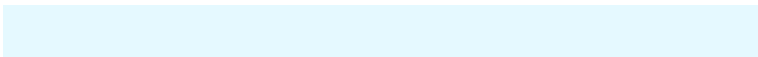
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98, 9.707, 177.231



98, 11.403, 177.048



97, 7.451, 221.896



52, 5.415, 177.302



69, 54.769, 164.330



23, 24.171, 167.214

Inverse Universe

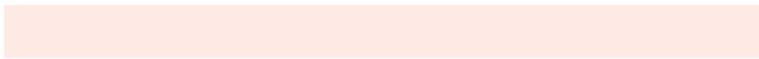
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



93, 10.031, 359.052



92, 11.851, 359.251



94, 7.939, 41.076



50, 5.584, 358.976



40, 71.822, 23.977



10, 31.600, 14.797

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 98, 9.705, 177.239 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

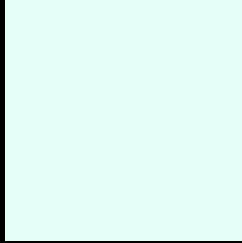
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 98, 9.705, 177.239 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

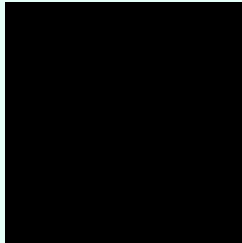
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

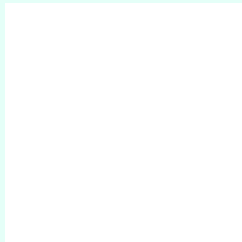
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 98, 9.705, 177.239

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 9.705, 177.239.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 9.705, 177.239.

Color Blindness Simulation

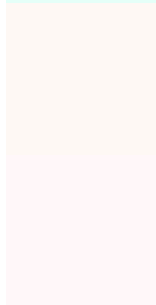
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

98, 9.705, 177.239



Protanopia

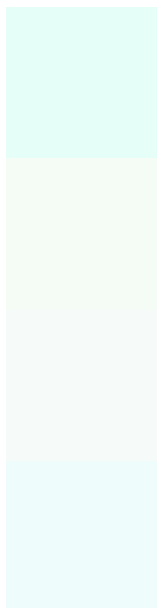
98, 2.925, 63.312

Deuteranopia

98, 3.011, 359.612

Tritanopia
98, 3.064, 256.053

Trichromacy



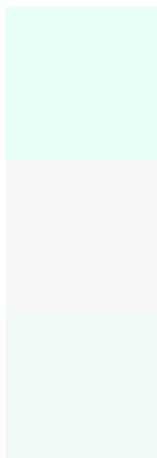
Original Color
98, 9.705, 177.239

Protanomaly
98, 3.726, 144.390

Deuteranomaly
98, 1.490, 179.764

Tritanomaly
98, 4.492, 199.264

Monochromacy



Original Color
98, 9.705, 177.239

Achromatopsia
97, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
97, 3.312, 181.424

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 98, 9.705, 177.239 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(229, 255, 248)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(229, 255, 248)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(229, 255, 248) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(229, 255, 248) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 98, 9.705, 177.239 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(229, 255, 248) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(229, 255, 248) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(229, 255, 248)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(229, 255, 248); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 255, 248);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 255,  
248) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 98, 9.705, 177.239 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(229, 255, 248) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(229,  
255, 248) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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