

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(98, 9.761, 186.275)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(98, 9.761, 186.275) contains.

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# Color

**CIElCh(98, 9.835, 186.840)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E3FFFB
RGB	227, 255, 251
RGB Percent	89%, 100%, 98%
CMY	0.1093, 0.0000, 0.0152
CMYK	0.11, 0.00, 0.02, 0.00
HSL	172°, 100%, 95%
HSV	172°, 11%, 100%
XYZ	84.9428, 94.9163, 105.2064
YIQ	246.1720, -15.4040, -7.1800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

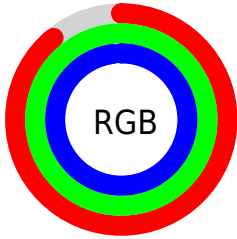
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	227, 242, 255
Decimal	14942203
CIE Lab	98.00, -9.77, -1.17
CIE LCh	98, 9.835, 186.840
Yxy	94.9163, 0.2980, 0.3330
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293132283 (0xFFE3FFFB)
YUV	246.1720, 2.3802, -16.8138
Hunter-Lab	97.4250, -14.8633, 4.1720

# Details

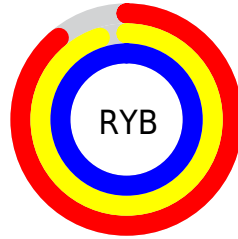
The CIELCh color **98, 9.835, 186.840** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **93, 10.300, 8.925**, and the grayscale version is **97, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **78, 9.790, 189.229** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **96, 18.346, 186.244**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.846, 188.660**.

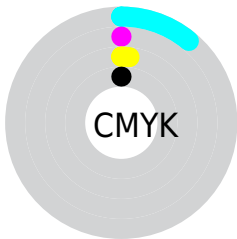
# Distribution



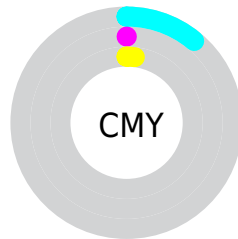
- Red (89%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 98, 9.835, 186.840 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 98, 9.835, 186.840 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 98, 9.835, 186.840

 98, 9.835, 186.840

 100, 9.835,  
186.840

 88, 9.835, 186.840

 78, 9.835, 186.840

 68, 9.835, 186.840

 58, 9.835, 186.840

 48, 9.835, 186.840

 38, 9.835, 186.840

 28, 9.835, 186.840

 18, 9.835, 186.840

 8, 9.835, 186.840

98, 9.835, 186.840

98, 9.835, 186.840

96, 18.346,  
186.244

100, 0.846,  
188.660

95, 26.394,  
185.337

100, 0.012,  
296.813

94, 33.769,  
184.394

93, 40.320,  
183.400

92, 45.912,  
182.336

91, 50.454,  
181.181

91, 53.912,  
179.915

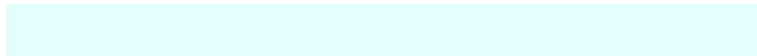
90, 56.336,  
178.517

■ 90, 57.824,  
177.148

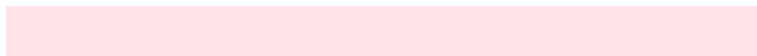
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



98, 9.835, 186.840



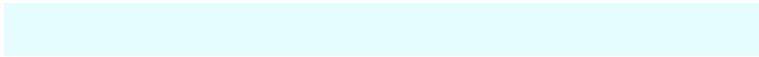
93, 10.300, 8.925

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



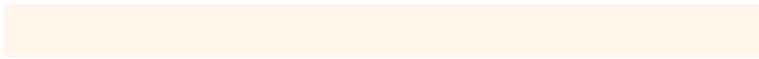
98, 9.835, 186.840



98, 9.835, 236.840



98, 9.835, 6.840



98, 9.835, 56.840

# Sweetspot

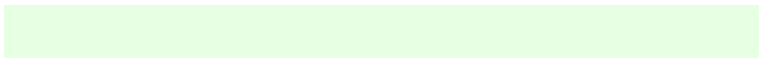
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98, 9.782, 187.138



99, 2.715, 187.974



98, 16.589, 139.757



53, 2.056, 187.858



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

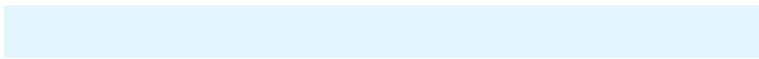
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98, 9.782, 187.138



98, 11.586, 186.952



96, 7.847, 238.906



52, 5.099, 187.269



70, 46.437, 177.430



23, 20.940, 179.431



# Inverse Universe

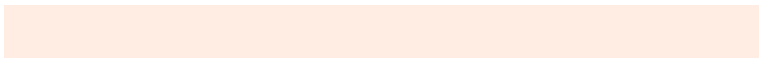
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



93, 10.300, 8.925



91, 12.322, 9.144



95, 8.273, 56.760



50, 5.332, 8.774



40, 78.029, 33.753



10, 32.345, 21.473



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 98, 9.835, 186.840 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

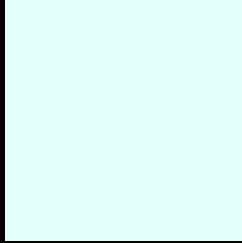
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 98, 9.835, 186.840 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

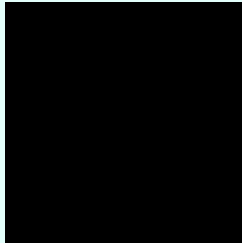
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

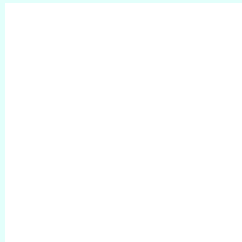
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 98, 9.835, 186.840

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 9.835, 186.840.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 9.835, 186.840.

# Color Blindness Simulation

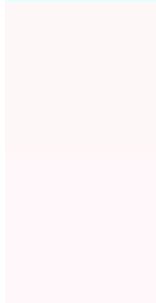
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

98, 9.835, 186.840



### Protanopia

98, 1.828, 35.313

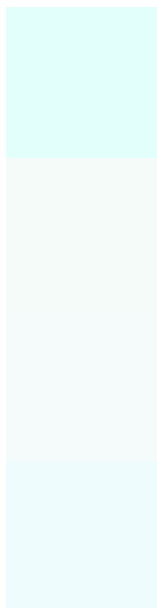
### Deuteranopia

98, 3.223, 351.093



**Tritanopia**  
98, 3.265, 251.001

# Trichromacy



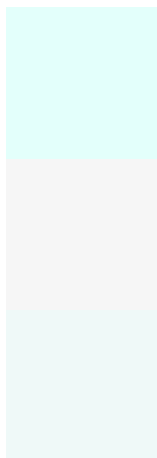
**Original Color**  
98, 9.835, 186.840

**Protanomaly**  
98, 2.897, 167.624

**Deuteranomaly**  
98, 1.742, 199.668

**Tritanomaly**  
98, 4.906, 211.260

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
98, 9.835, 186.840

**Achromatopsia**  
97, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
97, 3.522, 191.016

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 98, 9.835, 186.840 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 255, 251)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 255, 251)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 255, 251) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 255, 251) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 98, 9.835, 186.840 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 255, 251) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 255, 251) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(227, 255, 251)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(227, 255, 251); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 255, 251);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 255,  
251) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 98, 9.835, 186.840 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 255, 251) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
255, 251) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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