

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(99, 0.231, 258.673)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(99, 0.231, 258.673) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(99, 0.520, 290.363)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FCFCFD
RGB	252, 252, 253
RGB Percent	99%, 99%, 99%
CMY	0.0116, 0.0116, 0.0077
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	240°, 20%, 99%
HSV	240°, 0%, 99%
XYZ	92.7115, 97.4360, 106.8757
YIQ	252.1140, -0.3210, 0.3110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

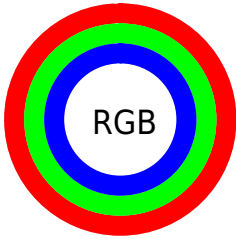
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	252, 252, 253
Decimal	16579837
CIE Lab	99.00, 0.18, -0.49
CIE LCh	99, 0.520, 290.363
Yxy	97.4360, 0.3121, 0.3280
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294769917 (0xFFFCFCFD)
YUV	252.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000
Hunter-Lab	98.7097, -5.0887, 4.9018

# Details

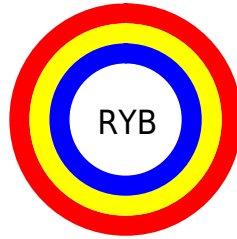
The CIELCh color 99, 0.520, 290.363 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 99, 0.494, 109.810, and the grayscale version is 99, 0.012, 296.813.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100, 0.012, 296.813, and 79, 0.543, 290.343 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 91, 13.597, 291.106, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 100, 0.986, 110.026.

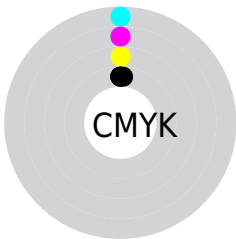
# Distribution



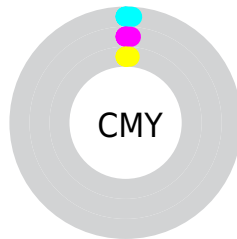
- Red (99%)
- Green (99%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (99%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (1%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 99, 0.520, 290.363 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 99, 0.520, 290.363 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 99, 0.520, 290.363

 99, 0.520, 290.363

100, 0.520,  
290.363

 89, 0.520, 290.363

 79, 0.520, 290.363

 69, 0.520, 290.363

 59, 0.520, 290.363

 49, 0.520, 290.363

 39, 0.520, 290.363

 29, 0.520, 290.363

 19, 0.520, 290.363

 9, 0.520, 290.363

99, 0.520, 290.363

99, 0.520, 290.363

91, 13.597,  
291.106

100, 0.986,  
110.026

83, 27.226,  
292.350

75, 41.447,  
293.821

66, 56.289,  
295.542

58, 71.726,  
297.517

51, 87.562,  
299.700

44, 103.201,  
301.953

38, 117.300,  
304.010

■ 34,127.699,  
305.516

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.

99, 0.520, 290.363

99, 0.494, 109.810

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99, 0.520, 290.363



99, 0.520, 340.363



99, 0.520, 110.363



99, 0.520, 160.363

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99, 0.518, 290.197

100, 0.012, 296.813



99, 0.348, 199.882



53, 0.007, 296.813



0, 0.000, 0.000

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99, 0.518, 290.197

100, 0.012, 296.813



99, 0.549, 308.257



53, 0.007, 296.813



23, 107.584, 306.237



3, 43.990, 301.689





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



99, 0.352, 17.203

100, 0.012, 296.813



99, 0.526, 128.722



53, 0.007, 296.813



40, 84.029, 39.828



10, 33.331, 27.005



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 99, 0.520, 290.363 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

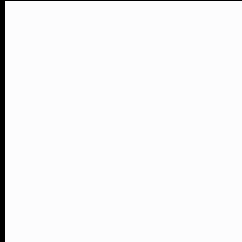
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 99, 0.520, 290.363 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

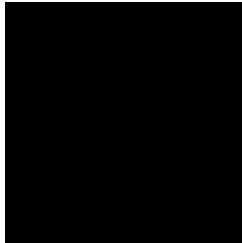
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 99, 0.520, 290.363

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 99, 0.520, 290.363.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 99, 0.520, 290.363.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

### Original Color

99, 0.520, 290.363

### Protanopia

99, 1.502, 359.268

### Deuteranopia

99, 1.502, 359.268

**Tritanopia**  
99, 1.581, 303.066



# Trichromacy

## Original Color

99, 0.520, 290.363

## Protanomaly

99, 1.179, 353.328

## Deuteranomaly

99, 1.179, 353.328

## Tritanomaly

99, 1.091, 308.973

# Monochromacy

## Original Color

99, 0.520, 290.363

## Achromatopsia

99, 0.012, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

99, 0.012, 296.813

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 99, 0.520, 290.363 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(252, 252, 253)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 252, 253)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 252, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 252, 253) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 99, 0.520, 290.363 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

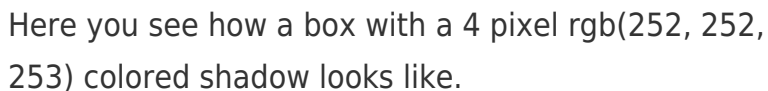
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 252, 253) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 252, 253) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(252, 252, 253)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 252, 253); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 252, 253); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 252, 253) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 99, 0.520, 290.363 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 252, 253) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252,  
252, 253) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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