

Converting Colors

CIELCh(99, 11.080, 109.339)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(99, 11.080, 109.339)
contains.

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Color

CIElCh(99, 11.144, 109.332)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FEFEE8
RGB	254, 254, 232
RGB Percent	100%, 100%, 91%
CMY	0.0055, 0.0054, 0.0917
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.09, 0.01
HSL	60°, 89%, 95%
HSV	60°, 9%, 99%
XYZ	90.5576, 97.4360, 90.0909
YIQ	251.4920, 7.0620, -6.8420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	232, 254, 232
Decimal	16711400
CIE Lab	99.00, -3.69, 10.52
CIE LCh	99, 11.144, 109.332
Yxy	97.4360, 0.3256, 0.3504
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294901480 (0xFFFEFEE8)
YUV	251.4920, -9.6096, 2.1995
Hunter-Lab	98.7097, -8.9836, 14.9837

Details

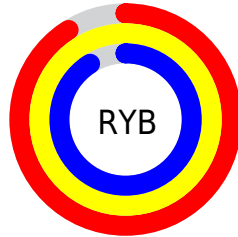
The CIELCh color 99, 11.144, 109.332 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 92, 11.379, 291.090, and the grayscale version is 99, 0.012, 296.813.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100, 0.012, 296.813, and 79, 11.156, 109.154 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 98, 23.936, 108.366, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 100, 0.715, 290.361.

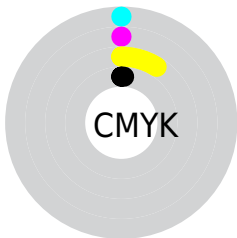
Distribution



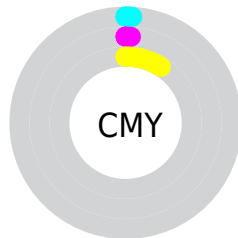
- Red (100%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (1%)





- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (9%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 99, 11.144, 109.332 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 99, 11.144, 109.332 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 99, 11.144,
109.332


 99, 11.144,
109.332


 100, 11.144,
109.332


 89, 11.144,
109.332


 79, 11.144,
109.332

 69, 11.144,
109.332

 59, 11.144,
109.332

 49, 11.144,
109.332

 39, 11.144,
109.332

 29, 11.144,

109.332

■ 19, 11.144,
109.332

■ 9, 11.144, 109.332

■ 99, 11.144,
109.332

■ 99, 11.144,
109.332

■ 98, 23.936,
108.366

■ 100, 0.715,
290.361

■ 98, 36.559,
107.390

■ 100, 0.716,
290.537

■ 98, 48.874,
106.436

■ 100, 0.716,
290.712

■ 97, 60.659,
105.527

■ 100, 0.716,
290.887

■ 97, 71.579,
104.696

100, 0.716,
291.062

■ 97, 81.150,
103.980

100, 0.716,
291.237

■ 97, 88.762,
103.422

100, 0.716,
291.412

■ 97, 93.844,
103.056

100, 0.716,
291.587

■ 97, 96.280,
102.884

100, 0.716,
291.762

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99, 11.144, 109.332



92, 11.379, 291.090

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99, 11.144, 109.332



99, 11.144, 159.332



99, 11.144, 289.332



99, 11.144, 339.332

Sweetspot

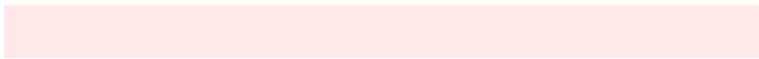
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99, 11.146, 109.341



100, 3.868, 109.879



94, 7.954, 19.877



53, 2.934, 109.806



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99, 11.146, 109.341



99, 12.905, 109.212



98, 11.878, 128.695



53, 7.338, 109.260



75, 78.056, 102.867



26, 35.525, 103.007

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



92, 11.379, 291.090



92, 13.211, 291.239



93, 12.032, 309.447



49, 7.504, 291.183



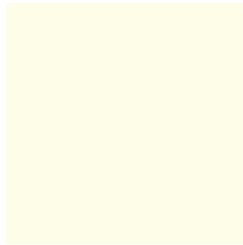
23, 107.780, 306.288



3, 44.128, 301.763

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 99, 11.144, 109.332 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 99, 11.144, 109.332 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

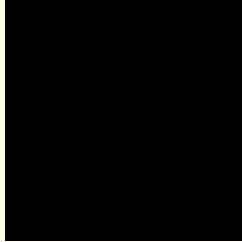
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 99, 11.144, 109.332

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 99, 11.144, 109.332.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 99, 11.144, 109.332.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

99, 11.144, 109.332



Protanopia

99, 3.207, 90.598

Deuteranopia

99, 1.406, 19.030

Tritanopia
99, 2.171, 309.072

Trichromacy

Original Color
99, 11.144, 109.332

Protanomaly
99, 6.088, 106.353

Deuteranomaly
99, 4.108, 99.912

Tritanomaly
99, 3.055, 103.284

Monochromacy

Original Color
99, 11.144, 109.332

Achromatopsia
99, 0.012, 296.813

Achromatomaly
99, 4.055, 109.853

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 99, 11.144, 109.332 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 254, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 254, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 254, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 254, 232) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 99, 11.144, 109.332 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 254, 232) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 254, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 254, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 254, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 254, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 254,  
232) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 99, 11.144, 109.332 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 254, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
254, 232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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