

Converting Colors

CIELCh(99, 12.787, 107.611)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(99, 12.787, 107.611)
contains.

CIELCh(99, 13.169, 107.598)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIElCh(99, 13.169, 107.598)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFFEE4
RGB	255, 254, 228
RGB Percent	100%, 100%, 89%
CMY	0.0014, 0.0053, 0.1072
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.11, 0.00
HSL	58°, 97%, 95%
HSV	58°, 11%, 100%
XYZ	90.3963, 97.4360, 87.1903
YIQ	251.3350, 8.9420, -7.8740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	229, 255, 228
Decimal	16776932
CIE _{Lab}	99.00, -3.98, 12.55
CIE _{LCh}	99, 13.169, 107.598
Yxy	97.4360, 0.3287, 0.3543
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294967012 (0xFFFFFEE4)
YUV	251.3350, -11.5042, 3.2142
Hunter-Lab	98.7097, -9.2753, 16.7259

Details

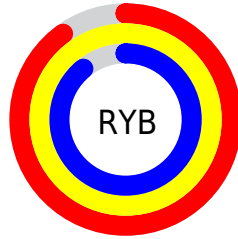
The CIELCh color **99, 13.169, 107.598** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **91, 13.477, 289.821**, and the grayscale version is **99, 0.012, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **79, 12.748, 107.282** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **98, 25.545, 106.595**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.735, 108.484**.

Distribution



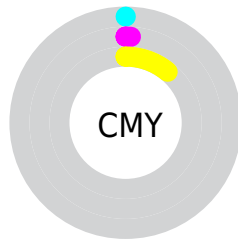
- Red (100%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (11%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 99, 13.169, 107.598 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 99, 13.169, 107.598 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 99, 13.169,
107.598


 99, 13.169,
107.598

 100, 13.169,
107.598


 89, 13.169,
107.598

 79, 13.169,
107.598

 69, 13.169,
107.598

 59, 13.169,
107.598

 49, 13.169,
107.598

 39, 13.169,
107.598

 29, 13.169,

107.598

■ 19, 13.169,
107.598

■ 9, 13.169, 107.598

■ 99, 13.169,
107.598

■ 99, 13.169,
107.598

■ 98, 25.545,
106.595

■ 100, 0.735,
108.484

■ 98, 37.767,
105.581

■ 100, 0.122,
204.851

■ 97, 49.693,
104.582

■ 96, 61.094,
103.622

■ 96, 71.616,
102.728

■ 96, 80.748,
101.934

■ 95, 87.843,
101.274

■ 95, 92.311,
100.772

■ 95, 94.172,
100.430

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99, 13.169, 107.598



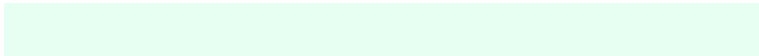
91, 13.477, 289.821

Rectangle

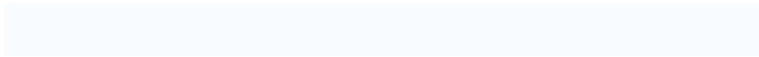
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99, 13.169, 107.598



99, 13.169, 157.598



99, 13.169, 287.598



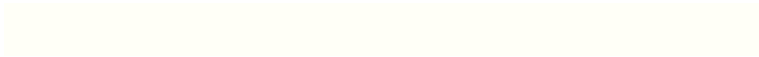
99, 13.169, 337.598

Sweetspot

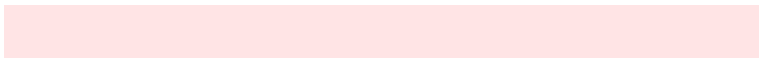
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99, 13.171, 107.606



100, 3.726, 108.350



93, 9.831, 15.999



53, 2.827, 108.275



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99, 13.171, 107.606



99, 16.168, 107.365



98, 14.408, 126.815



53, 7.073, 107.716



73, 75.965, 100.473



25, 34.516, 100.940

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91, 13.477, 289.821



90, 16.623, 290.108



92, 14.650, 307.804



49, 7.222, 289.695



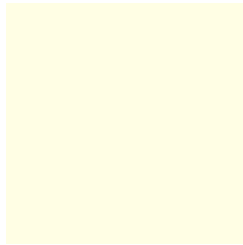
23, 106.131, 305.863



4, 42.959, 301.143

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 99, 13.169, 107.598 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

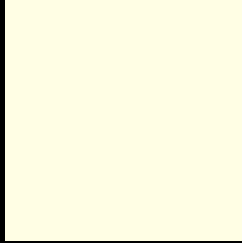
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 99, 13.169, 107.598 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

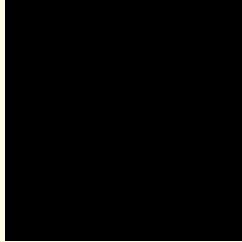
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 99, 13.169, 107.598

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 99, 13.169, 107.598.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 99, 13.169, 107.598.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
99, 13.169, 107.598



Protanopia
99, 3.691, 93.151

Deuteranopia
99, 1.487, 38.999

Tritanopia
99, 2.311, 317.261

Trichromacy



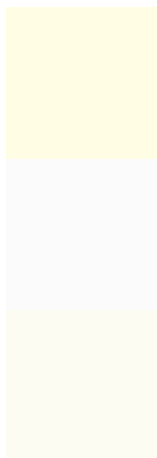
Original Color
99, 13.169, 107.598

Protanomaly
99, 7.125, 103.871

Deuteranomaly
99, 5.171, 97.859

Tritanomaly
99, 3.609, 98.572

Monochromacy



Original Color
99, 13.169, 107.598

Achromatopsia
99, 0.012, 296.813

Achromatomaly
99, 4.563, 109.817

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 99, 13.169, 107.598 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 254, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 254, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 254, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 254, 228) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 99, 13.169, 107.598 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

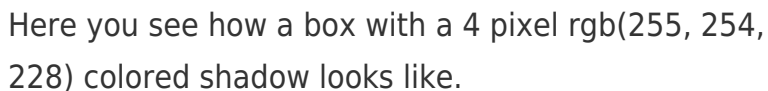
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 254, 228) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 254, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 254, 228)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 254, 228); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 254, 228); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 254, 228) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 99, 13.169, 107.598 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 254, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
254, 228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor