

Converting Colors

CIELCh(99, 19.729, 108.684)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(99, 19.729, 108.684)
contains.

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Color

CIElCh(99, 19.713, 108.686)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFFFD8
RGB	255, 255, 216
RGB Percent	100%, 100%, 85%
CMY	0.0014, 0.0013, 0.1542
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.15, 0.00
HSL	60°, 98%, 92%
HSV	60°, 15%, 100%
XYZ	89.1150, 97.4360, 78.8503
YIQ	250.5540, 12.5190, -12.1290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	216, 255, 216
Decimal	16777176
CIE Lab	99.00, -6.32, 18.67
CIE LCh	99, 19.713, 108.686
Yxy	97.4360, 0.3358, 0.3671
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294967256 (0xFFFFFFFFD8)
YUV	250.5540, -17.0351, 3.8991
Hunter-Lab	98.7097, -11.5923, 21.7353

Details

The CIELCh color **99, 19.713, 108.686** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **87, 20.424, 291.865**, and the grayscale version is **98, 0.012, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **79, 19.594, 108.380** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **99, 32.449, 107.714**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 6.849, 109.661**.

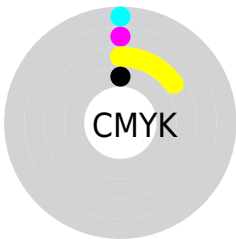
Distribution



- Red (100%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (15%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 99, 19.713, 108.686 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 99, 19.713, 108.686 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 99, 19.713,
108.686


 99, 19.713,
108.686

 100, 19.713,
108.686


 89, 19.713,
108.686

 79, 19.713,
108.686

 69, 19.713,
108.686

 59, 19.713,
108.686

 49, 19.713,
108.686

 39, 19.713,
108.686

 29, 19.713,

108.686

■ 19, 19.713,
108.686

■ 9, 19.713, 108.686

■ 99, 19.713,
108.686

■ 99, 19.713,
108.686

■ 99, 32.449,
107.714

■ 100, 6.849,
109.661

■ 98, 44.929,
106.749

100, 0.183,
290.854

■ 98, 56.963,
105.822

100, 0.183,
291.370

■ 98, 68.257,
104.960

100, 0.183,
291.885

■ 97, 78.377, 100, 0.183,
104.201 292.399

■ 97, 86.743, 100, 0.183,
103.585 292.913

■ 97, 92.741, 100, 0.183,
103.152 293.427

■ 97, 95.997, 100, 0.183,
102.921 293.939

■ 97, 96.813, 100, 0.183,
102.864 294.451

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99, 19.713, 108.686



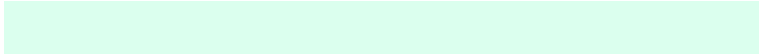
87, 20.424, 291.865

Rectangle

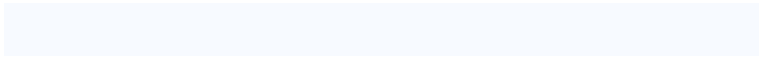
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99, 19.713, 108.686



99, 19.713, 158.686



99, 19.713, 288.686



99, 19.713, 338.686

Sweetspot

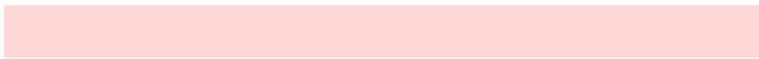
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99, 19.715, 108.692



100, 6.453, 109.691



89, 14.466, 20.423



53, 4.403, 109.624



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

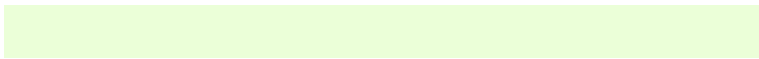
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99, 19.715, 108.692



99, 23.180, 108.428



98, 21.062, 128.379



53, 7.338, 109.258



75, 78.056, 102.863



26, 35.525, 103.004

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87, 20.424, 291.865



85, 24.169, 292.206



89, 21.512, 309.773



49, 7.504, 291.180



23, 107.780, 306.288



3, 44.127, 301.762

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 99, 19.713, 108.686 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

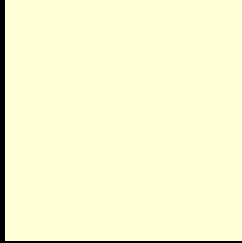
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 99, 19.713, 108.686 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

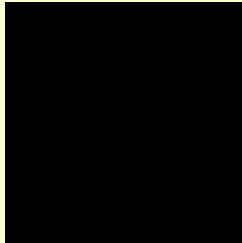
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 99, 19.713, 108.686

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 99, 19.713, 108.686.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 99, 19.713, 108.686.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
99, 19.713, 108.686



Protanopia
99, 3.691, 93.151

Deuteranopia
99, 1.487, 38.999

Tritanopia
99, 2.311, 317.261

Trichromacy



Original Color
99, 19.713, 108.686

Protanomaly
99, 9.652, 105.161

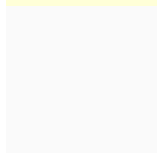
Deuteranomaly
99, 7.172, 101.013

Tritanomaly
99, 5.616, 102.454

Monochromacy



Original Color
99, 19.713, 108.686



Achromatopsia
98, 0.011, 296.813



Achromatomaly
99, 7.102, 109.631

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 99, 19.713, 108.686 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 255, 216)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 255, 216)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 255, 216) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 255, 216) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 99, 19.713, 108.686 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

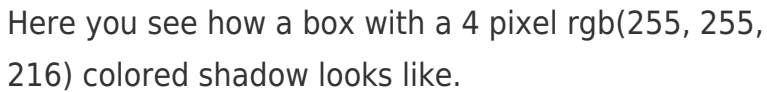
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 255, 216) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 255, 216) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 255, 216)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255, 216); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255, 216); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255, 216) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 99, 19.713, 108.686 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 255, 216) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
255, 216) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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