

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(99, 2.054, 247.866)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(99, 2.054, 247.866) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(99, 1.714, 236.231)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F9FDFF
RGB	249, 253, 255
RGB Percent	98%, 99%, 100%
CMY	0.0243, 0.0086, 0.0008
CMYK	0.02, 0.01, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	200°, 94%, 99%
HSV	200°, 2%, 100%
XYZ	92.0771, 97.4360, 108.3949
YIQ	252.0320, -3.0260, -0.2260

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	249, 251, 255
Decimal	16383487
CIE Lab	99.00, -0.95, -1.42
CIE LCh	99, 1.714, 236.231
Yxy	97.4360, 0.3091, 0.3271
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294573567 (0xFFFF9DFF)
YUV	252.0320, 1.4632, -2.6591
Hunter-Lab	98.7097, -6.2360, 3.9894

# Details

The CIELCh color 99, 1.714, 236.231 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 99, 1.723, 55.085, and the grayscale version is 99, 0.012, 296.813.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100, 0.012, 296.813, and 79, 1.520, 244.444 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 95, 8.811, 236.822, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 100, 0.088, 109.293.

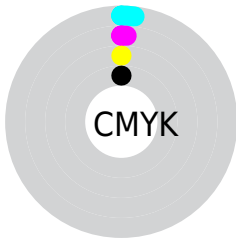
# Distribution



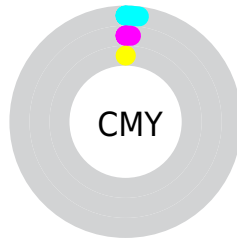
- Red (98%)
- Green (99%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (98%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 99, 1.714, 236.231 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 99, 1.714, 236.231 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 99, 1.714, 236.231

 99, 1.714, 236.231

 100, 1.714,  
236.231

 89, 1.714, 236.231

 79, 1.714, 236.231

 69, 1.714, 236.231

 59, 1.714, 236.231

 49, 1.714, 236.231

 39, 1.714, 236.231

 29, 1.714, 236.231

 19, 1.714, 236.231

 9, 1.714, 236.231

99, 1.714, 236.231

99, 1.714, 236.231

95, 8.811, 236.822

100, 0.088,  
109.293

91, 15.600,  
237.984

88, 22.006,  
239.465

84, 27.951,  
241.327

81, 33.367,  
243.655

77, 38.211,  
246.538

74, 42.490,  
250.058

71, 46.280,  
254.259

■ 68, 49.741,  
259.103

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99, 1.714, 236.231



99, 1.723, 55.085

# Rectangle

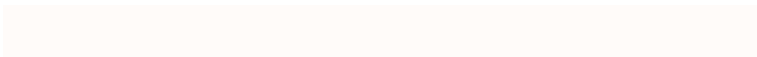
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



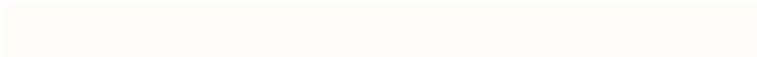
99, 1.714, 236.231



99, 1.714, 286.231



99, 1.714, 56.231



99, 1.714, 106.231

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99, 1.714, 236.145



100, 0.733, 236.489



99, 2.967, 154.944



53, 0.417, 236.526



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813






# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99, 1.714, 236.145



99, 2.181, 236.127



98, 2.531, 281.721



52, 1.650, 236.141



51, 41.741, 262.089



16, 17.958, 254.866

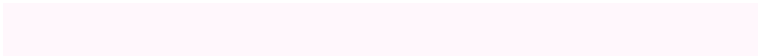


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



98, 2.954, 335.660



98, 3.766, 335.735



100, 2.502, 101.053



52, 2.856, 335.815



42, 72.848, 347.424



11, 34.351, 344.397



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 99, 1,714, 236,231 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

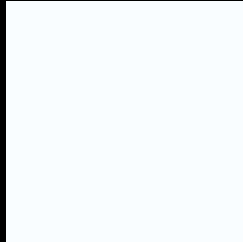
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 99, 1.714, 236.231 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

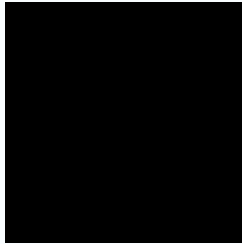
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# **CIELCh 99, 1.714, 236.231**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 99, 1.714, 236.231.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 99, 1.714, 236.231.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

**Original Color**  
99, 1.714, 236.231

**Protanopia**  
99, 1.748, 343.501

**Deuteranopia**  
99, 1.748, 343.501



**Tritanopia**  
99, 1.537, 290.342

# Trichromacy

## Original Color

99, 1.714, 236.231

## Protanomaly

99, 1.091, 308.973

## Deuteranomaly

99, 1.091, 308.973

## Tritanomaly

99, 1.571, 277.558

# Monochromacy

## Original Color

99, 1.714, 236.231

## Achromatopsia

99, 0.012, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

99, 0.621, 256.220

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 99, 1.714, 236.231 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(249, 253, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(249, 253, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(249, 253, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(249, 253, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 99, 1.714, 236.231 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(249, 253, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(249, 253, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(249, 253, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(249, 253, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 253, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(249, 253,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 99, 1.714, 236.231 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(249, 253, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(249,  
253, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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