

Converting Colors

CIELCh(99, 2.598, 117.186)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(99, 2.598, 117.186) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(99, 2.557, 117.866)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FCFDF8
RGB	252, 253, 248
RGB Percent	99%, 99%, 97%
CMY	0.0130, 0.0091, 0.0287
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.02, 0.01
HSL	72°, 52%, 98%
HSV	72°, 2%, 99%
XYZ	91.9418, 97.4360, 102.5039
YIQ	252.1310, 1.0090, -1.7670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

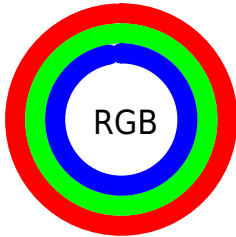
Format	Color
R _Y B	248, 253, 249
Decimal	16580088
CIE Lab	99.00, -1.20, 2.26
CIE LCh	99, 2.557, 117.866
Yxy	97.4360, 0.3150, 0.3338
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294770168 (0xFFFCDF8)
YUV	252.1310, -2.0366, -0.1149
Hunter-Lab	98.7097, -6.4806, 7.5278

Details

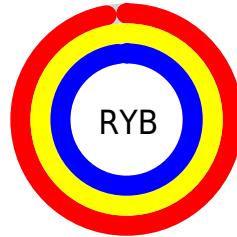
The CIELCh color 99, 2.557, 117.866 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 98, 2.592, 298.151, and the grayscale version is 99, 0.012, 296.813.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100, 0.012, 296.813, and 79, 2.159, 119.799 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 98, 15.526, 117.204, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 99, 1.449, 324.279.

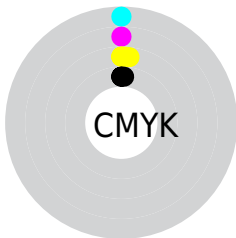
Distribution



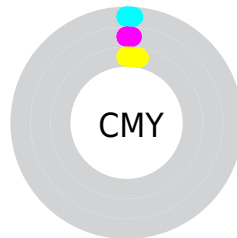
- Red (99%)
- Green (99%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (3%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 99, 2.557, 117.866 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 99, 2.557, 117.866 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 99, 2.557, 117.866

 99, 2.557, 117.866

 100, 2.557,
117.866

 89, 2.557, 117.866

 79, 2.557, 117.866

 69, 2.557, 117.866

 59, 2.557, 117.866

 49, 2.557, 117.866

 39, 2.557, 117.866

 29, 2.557, 117.866

 19, 2.557, 117.866

 9, 2.557, 117.866

99, 2.557, 117.866

99, 2.557, 117.866

98, 15.526,
117.204

99, 1.449, 324.279

97, 28.403,
116.506

96, 41.084,
115.814

96, 53.406,
115.153

95, 65.124,
114.565

94, 75.872,
114.105

94, 85.139,
113.852

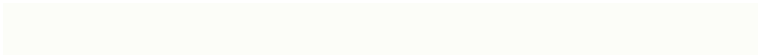
93, 92.315,
113.902

■ 93, 96.903,
114.340

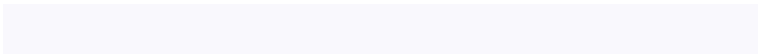
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99, 2.557, 117.866



98, 2.592, 298.151

Rectangle

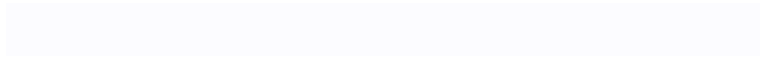
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99, 2.557, 117.866



99, 2.557, 167.866



99, 2.557, 297.866



99, 2.557, 347.866

Sweetspot

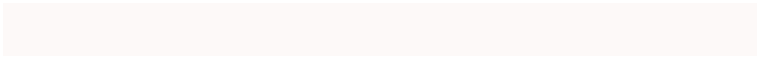
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99, 2.559, 117.894



100, 1.297, 117.965



98, 1.491, 39.002



53, 0.737, 117.969



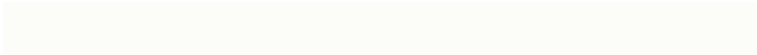
0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99, 2.559, 117.894



100, 2.605, 117.893



99, 2.829, 135.728



53, 1.481, 117.900



72, 80.127, 114.772



25, 36.185, 113.756

Inverse Universe

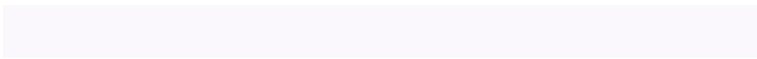
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



98, 2.592, 298.151



98, 2.638, 298.152



98, 2.854, 315.741



53, 1.500, 298.145



24, 106.175, 307.248



4, 44.559, 305.562

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 99, 2.557, 117.866 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

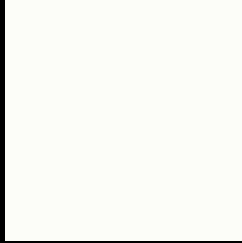
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 99, 2.557, 117.866 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

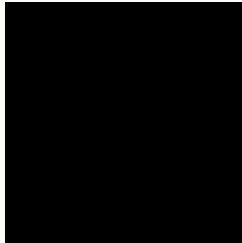
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 99, 2.557, 117.866

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 99, 2.557, 117.866.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 99, 2.557, 117.866.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

Original Color

99, 2.557, 117.866

Protanopia

99, 1.723, 55.170

Deuteranopia

99, 1.502, 359.268

Tritanopia
99, 1.581, 303.066

Trichromacy

Original Color

99, 2.557, 117.866

Protanomaly

99, 1.662, 84.963

Deuteranomaly

99, 1.220, 74.868

Tritanomaly

99, 0.352, 17.560

Monochromacy

Original Color

99, 2.557, 117.866

Achromatopsia

99, 0.012, 296.813

Achromatomaly

99, 1.005, 110.026

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 99, 2.557, 117.866 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(252, 253, 248)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 253, 248)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 253, 248) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 253, 248) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 99, 2.557, 117.866 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 253, 248) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 253, 248) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(252, 253, 248)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(252, 253, 248); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 253, 248);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 253,  
248) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 99, 2.557, 117.866 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 253, 248) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252,  
253, 248) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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