

Converting Colors

CIELCh(99, 22.804, 108.449)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(99, 22.804, 108.449)
contains.

CIELCh(99, 22.729, 108.455)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIElCh(99, 22.729, 108.455)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFFFD2
RGB	255, 255, 210
RGB Percent	100%, 100%, 82%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0000, 0.1765
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.18, 0.00
HSL	60°, 100%, 91%
HSV	60°, 18%, 100%
XYZ	88.6355, 97.4360, 75.1097
YIQ	249.8700, 14.4450, -13.9950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	210, 255, 210
Decimal	16777170
CIE _{Lab}	99.00, -7.20, 21.56
CIE _{LCh}	99, 22.729, 108.455
Yxy	97.4360, 0.3394, 0.3731
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294967250 (0xFFFFFFFFD2)
YUV	249.8700, -19.6559, 4.4990
Hunter-Lab	98.7097, -12.4595, 23.9821

Details

The CIELCh color **99, 22.729, 108.455** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **86, 23.675, 292.153**, and the grayscale version is **98, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **79, 22.743, 108.088** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **99, 35.428, 107.478**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 9.869, 109.430**.

Distribution



- Red (100%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 99, 22.729, 108.455 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 99, 22.729, 108.455 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 99, 22.729,
108.455

 99, 22.729,
108.455

 100, 22.729,
108.455


 89, 22.729,
108.455

 79, 22.729,
108.455

 69, 22.729,
108.455

 59, 22.729,
108.455

 49, 22.729,
108.455

 39, 22.729,
108.455

 29, 22.729,

108.455

■ 19, 22.729,
108.455

■ 9, 22.729, 108.455

■ 99, 22.729,
108.455

■ 99, 22.729,
108.455

■ 99, 35.428,
107.478

■ 100, 9.869,
109.430

■ 98, 47.837,
106.520

100, 0.012,
296.813

■ 98, 59.742,
105.605

■ 98, 70.818,
104.763

■ 97, 80.594,
104.033

■ 97, 88.468,
103.457

■ 97, 93.845,
103.070

■ 97, 96.502,
102.881

■ 97, 96.910,
102.852

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99, 22.729, 108.455



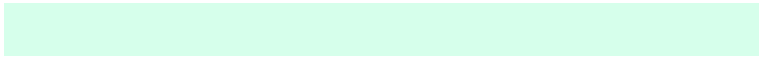
86, 23.675, 292.153

Rectangle

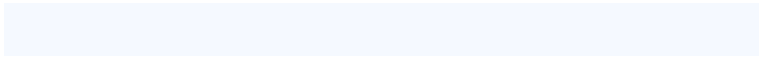
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99, 22.729, 108.455



99, 22.729, 158.455



99, 22.729, 288.455



99, 22.729, 338.455

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99, 22.726, 108.455



100, 6.453, 109.683



88, 16.843, 20.631



53, 4.403, 109.617



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

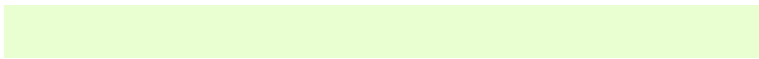
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99, 22.726, 108.455



99, 27.010, 108.127



97, 24.300, 128.266



53, 7.338, 109.250



75, 78.056, 102.852



26, 35.525, 102.993

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86, 23.675, 292.153



83, 28.374, 292.598



87, 24.898, 309.892



49, 7.504, 291.174



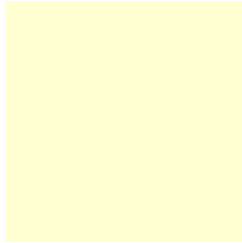
23, 107.781, 306.287



3, 44.127, 301.758

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 99, 22.729, 108.455 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

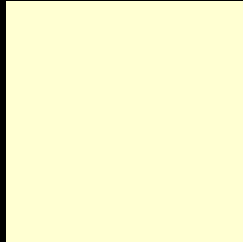
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 99, 22.729, 108.455 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

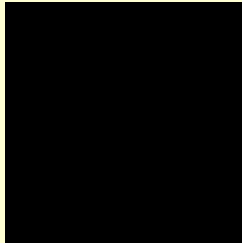
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 99, 22.729, 108.455

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 99, 22.729, 108.455.

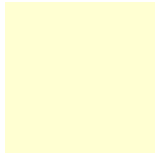


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 99, 22.729, 108.455.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
99, 22.729, 108.455



Protanopia
99, 4.181, 95.099

Deuteranopia
99, 1.487, 38.999

Tritanopia
99, 2.311, 317.261

Trichromacy



Original Color
99, 22.729, 108.455



Protanomaly
99, 10.663, 105.480

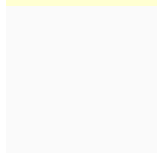
Deuteranomaly
99, 8.681, 102.373

Tritanomaly
99, 6.625, 103.475

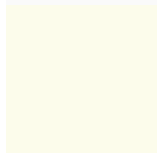
Monochromacy



Original Color
99, 22.729, 108.455



Achromatopsia
98, 0.011, 296.813



Achromatomaly
99, 8.625, 109.517

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 99, 22.729, 108.455 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 255, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 255, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 255, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 255, 210) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 99, 22.729, 108.455 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 255, 210) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 255, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 255, 210)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 255, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255,  
210) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 99, 22.729, 108.455 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 255, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
255, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor