

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(99, 26.087, 14.916)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(99, 26.087, 14.916) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(94, 8.128, 357.674)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FEE9EF
RGB	254, 233, 239
RGB Percent	100%, 91%, 94%
CMY	0.0055, 0.0877, 0.0642
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.06, 0.01
HSL	343°, 88%, 95%
HSV	343°, 8%, 99%
XYZ	85.2845, 85.2715, 93.3315
YIQ	239.9630, 10.5900, 6.3180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

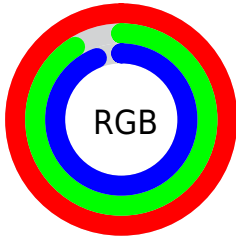
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	254, 233, 239
Decimal	16706031
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	94.00, 8.12, -0.33
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	94, 8.128, 357.674
Yxy	85.2715, 0.3232, 0.3231
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294896111 (0xFFEE9EF)
YUV	239.9630, -0.4748, 12.3104
Hunter-Lab	92.3426, 3.2570, 4.7148

# Details

The CIELCh color  $94, 8.128, 357.674$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be  $98, 7.921, 176.270$ , and the grayscale version is  $95, 0.011, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100, 0.012, 296.813$ , and  $74, 8.214, 356.868$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $87, 18.327, 358.810$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $100, 0.485, 200.740$ .

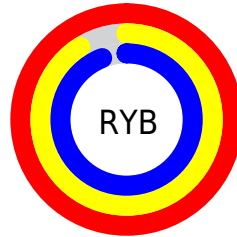
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (91%)

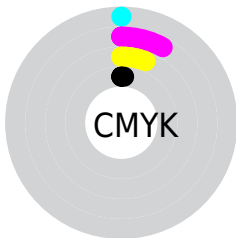
Blue (94%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (91%)

Blue (94%)

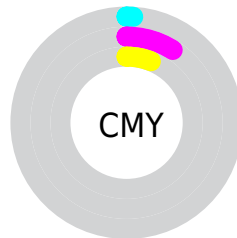


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (1%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (6%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 94, 8.128, 357.674 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 94, 8.128, 357.674 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 94, 8.128, 357.674

 94, 8.128, 357.674

 100, 8.128,  
357.674

 84, 8.128, 357.674

 74, 8.128, 357.674

 64, 8.128, 357.674

 54, 8.128, 357.674

 44, 8.128, 357.674

 34, 8.128, 357.674

 24, 8.128, 357.674

 14, 8.128, 357.674

 4, 8.128, 357.674

94, 8.128, 357.674

94, 8.128, 357.674

87, 18.327,  
358.810

100, 0.485,  
200.740

81, 28.864, 0.097

75, 39.566, 1.627

69, 50.156, 3.493

64, 60.234, 5.819

60, 69.322, 8.763

57, 76.983, 12.502

55, 83.033, 17.165

54, 87.782, 22.666

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



94, 8.128, 357.674



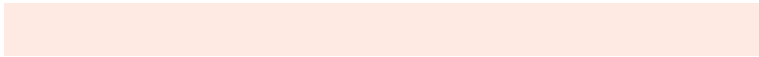
98, 7.921, 176.270

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



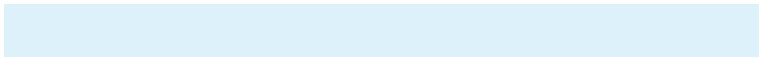
94, 8.128, 357.674



94, 8.128, 47.674



94, 8.128, 177.674



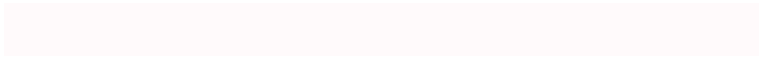
94, 8.128, 227.674

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



94, 8.126, 357.684



99, 1.950, 356.852



94, 12.013, 316.064



53, 1.109, 356.828



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

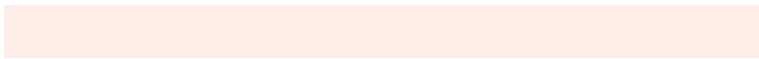
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



94, 8.126, 357.684



93, 9.907, 357.874



95, 6.415, 39.217



50, 5.626, 357.819



40, 71.196, 22.550



10, 31.523, 13.733





# Inverse Universe

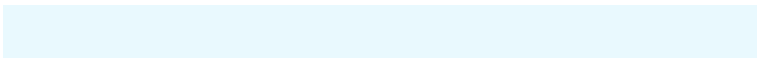
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



94, 8.126, 357.684



93, 9.907, 357.874



97, 6.093, 219.815



50, 5.626, 357.819



40, 71.196, 22.550

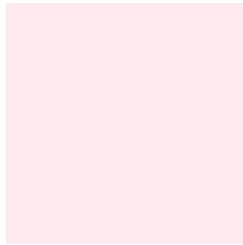


10, 31.523, 13.733



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 94, 8.128, 357.674 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

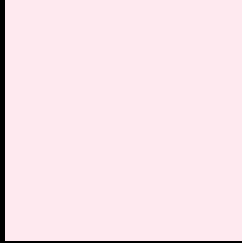
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 94, 8.128, 357.674 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

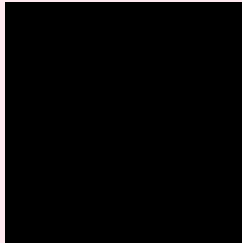
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 94, 8.128, 357.674

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 94, 8.128, 357.674.

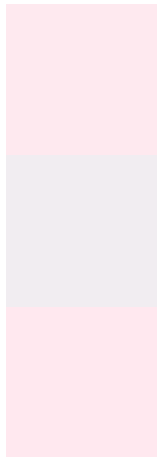


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 94, 8.128, 357.674.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

94, 8.135, 357.678

### Protanopia

94, 2.518, 324.416

### Deuteranopia

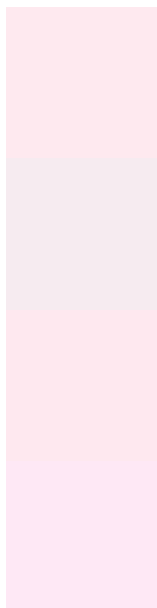
94, 8.999, 356.460



**Tritanopia**  
94, 12.592, 332.927



# Trichromacy



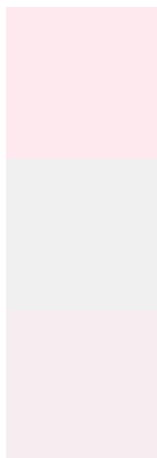
**Original Color**  
94, 8.135, 357.678

**Protanomaly**  
94, 4.701, 346.454

**Deuteranomaly**  
94, 8.670, 355.472

**Tritanomaly**  
94, 10.308, 339.682

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
94, 8.135, 357.678

**Achromatopsia**  
95, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
94, 3.035, 359.630

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 94, 8.128, 357.674 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 233, 239)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 233, 239)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 233, 239) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 233, 239) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 94, 8.128, 357.674 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 233, 239) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 233, 239) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 233, 239)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 233, 239); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 233, 239);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 233,  
239) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 94, 8.128, 357.674 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 233, 239) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
233, 239) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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