

Converting Colors

CIELCh(99, 37.212, 353.863)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(99, 37.212, 353.863)
contains.

CIELCh(93, 18.134, 325.054)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIElCh(93, 18.134, 325.054)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE2FF
RGB	255, 226, 255
RGB Percent	100%, 89%, 100%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1132, 0.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	300°, 100%, 94%
HSV	300°, 11%, 100%
XYZ	86.5816, 82.9670, 106.1593
YIQ	237.9770, 7.9750, 15.1670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	255, 226, 255
Decimal	16769791
CIELab	93.00, 14.86, -10.39
CIElCh	93, 18.134, 325.054
Yxy	82.9670, 0.3140, 0.3009
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294959871 (0xFFFFE2FF)
YUV	237.9770, 8.3923, 14.9292
Hunter-Lab	91.0862, 10.2714, -5.3410

Details

The CIELCh color `93, 18.134, 325.054` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFCCFF`. A complement of this color would be `97, 18.034, 143.774`, and the grayscale version is `94, 0.011, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `73, 17.724, 325.171` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `87, 34.105, 325.610`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `99, 2.105, 324.368`.

Distribution



- Red (100%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (0%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 93, 18.134, 325.054 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 93, 18.134, 325.054 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 93, 18.134,
325.054


 93, 18.134,
325.054


 100, 18.134,
325.054


 83, 18.134,
325.054

 73, 18.134,
325.054

 63, 18.134,
325.054

 53, 18.134,
325.054

 43, 18.134,
325.054

 33, 18.134,
325.054

 23, 18.134,

325.054

■ 13, 18.134,
325.054

■ 3, 18.134, 325.054

■ 93, 18.134,
325.054

■ 93, 18.134,
325.054

■ 87, 34.105,
325.610

■ 99, 2.105, 324.368

■ 81, 49.970,
326.150

100, 0.012,
296.813

■ 76, 65.261,
326.659

■ 72, 79.461,
327.120

■ 68, 91.961,
327.515

■ 64, 102.137,
327.829

■ 62, 109.494,
328.052

■ 61, 113.843,
328.181

■ 60, 115.567,
328.233

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



93, 18.134, 325.054



97, 18.034, 143.774

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



93, 18.134, 325.054



93, 18.134, 15.054



93, 18.134, 145.054



93, 18.134, 195.054

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



93, 18.057, 325.051



98, 4.763, 324.543



91, 15.000, 291.381



52, 3.611, 324.601



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



93, 18.057, 325.051



91, 22.351, 325.202



93, 12.741, 344.578



50, 9.057, 324.947



45, 93.083, 328.233



12, 42.823, 328.233

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



93, 18.057, 325.051



91, 22.351, 325.202



98, 12.552, 162.724



50, 9.057, 324.947



45, 93.083, 328.233



12, 42.823, 328.233

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 93, 18.134, 325.054 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 93, 18.134, 325.054 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

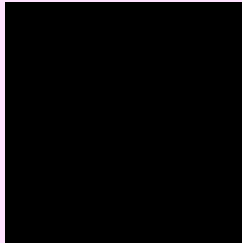
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 93, 18.134, 325.054

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 18.134, 325.054.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 93, 18.134, 325.054.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

	Original Color 93, 18.134, 325.054
	Protanopia 93, 10.843, 289.231
	Deuteranopia 93, 15.811, 318.592



Tritanopia
93, 13.109, 335.280

Trichromacy



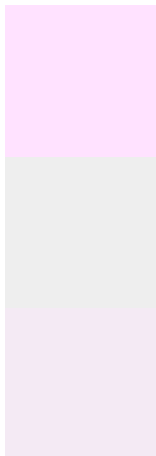
Original Color
93, 18.134, 325.054

Protanomaly
93, 12.922, 306.567

Deuteranomaly
93, 16.772, 320.990

Tritanomaly
93, 14.857, 330.652

Monochromacy



Original Color
93, 18.134, 325.054

Achromatopsia
94, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
94, 6.280, 324.620

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 93, 18.134, 325.054 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 226, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 226, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 226, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 226, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 93, 18.134, 325.054 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 226, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 226, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 226, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 226, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 226, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 226,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 93, 18.134, 325.054 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 226, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
226, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor