

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(99, 4.123, 127.899)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(99, 4.123, 127.899) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(99, 3.712, 126.436)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FAFDF6
RGB	250, 253, 246
RGB Percent	98%, 99%, 96%
CMY	0.0187, 0.0069, 0.0344
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.03, 0.01
HSL	86°, 67%, 98%
HSV	86°, 3%, 99%
XYZ	91.3798, 97.4360, 101.3693
YIQ	251.3050, 0.4590, -2.8130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

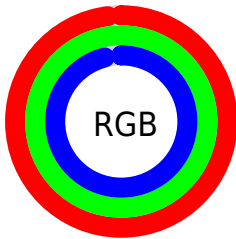
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	246, 253, 249
Decimal	16449014
CIE Lab	99.00, -2.20, 2.99
CIE LCh	99, 3.712, 126.436
Yxy	97.4360, 0.3149, 0.3358
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294639094 (0xFFFAFD6)
YUV	251.3050, -2.6154, -1.1445
Hunter-Lab	98.7097, -7.4968, 8.2093

# Details

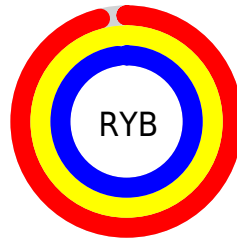
The CIELCh color 99, 3.712, 126.436 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 97, 3.752, 306.650, and the grayscale version is 99, 0.012, 296.813.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100, 0.012, 296.813, and 79, 3.282, 122.904 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 98, 17.202, 125.940, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 100, 1.100, 324.199.

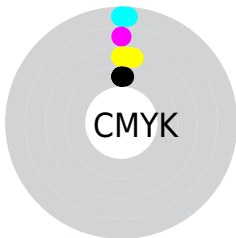
# Distribution



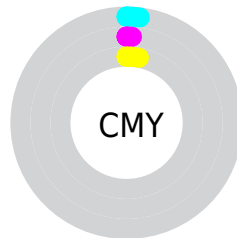
- Red (98%)
- Green (99%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (1%)




- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (3%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 99, 3.712, 126.436 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 99, 3.712, 126.436 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 99, 3.712, 126.436

 99, 3.712, 126.436

 100, 3.712,  
126.436

 89, 3.712, 126.436


 79, 3.712, 126.436

 69, 3.712, 126.436

 59, 3.712, 126.436

 49, 3.712, 126.436

 39, 3.712, 126.436

 29, 3.712, 126.436

 19, 3.712, 126.436

 9, 3.712, 126.436

99, 3.712, 126.436

99, 3.712, 126.436

98, 17.202,  
125.940

100, 1.100,  
324.199

96, 30.650,  
125.431

95, 43.940,  
124.920

94, 56.899,  
124.436

93, 69.272,  
124.024

92, 80.688,  
123.757

92, 90.636,  
123.738

91, 98.516,  
124.095

■ 90, 103.854,  
124.940

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



99, 3.712, 126.436



97, 3.752, 306.650

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99, 3.712, 126.436



99, 3.712, 176.436



99, 3.712, 306.436



99, 3.712, 356.436

# Sweetspot

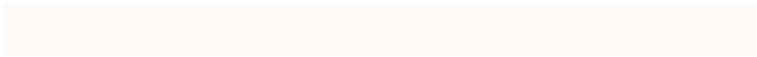
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99, 3.714, 126.450



100, 1.343, 126.586



98, 2.053, 65.353



53, 0.763, 126.593



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99, 3.714, 126.450



100, 4.052, 126.436



99, 4.231, 142.108



53, 3.074, 126.392



70, 85.866, 125.537



24, 38.298, 123.969



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



97, 3.752, 306.650



98, 4.093, 306.663



98, 4.254, 322.252



52, 3.105, 306.708



28, 102.064, 310.378



5, 44.916, 310.953



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 99, 3.712, 126.436 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

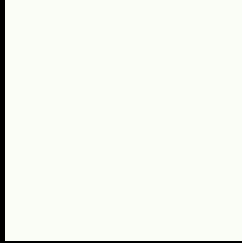
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 99, 3.712, 126.436 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

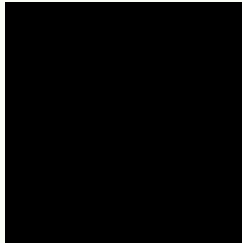
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 99, 3.712, 126.436**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 99, 3.712, 126.436.

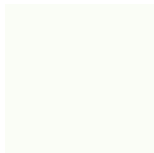


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 99, 3.712, 126.436.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
99, 3.712, 126.436



**Protanopia**  
99, 1.836, 74.893

**Deuteranopia**  
99, 1.502, 359.268



**Tritanopia**  
99, 1.537, 290.342

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

99, 3.712, 126.436

**Protanomaly**

99, 2.048, 100.089

**Deuteranomaly**

99, 1.061, 90.708

**Tritanomaly**

99, 0.348, 201.271

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

99, 3.712, 126.436

**Achromatopsia**

99, 0.012, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**

99, 1.069, 129.166

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 99, 3.712, 126.436 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(250, 253, 246)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(250, 253, 246)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 253, 246) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(250, 253, 246) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 99, 3.712, 126.436 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(250, 253, 246) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(250, 253, 246) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(250, 253, 246)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(250, 253, 246); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 253, 246);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 253,  
246) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 99, 3.712, 126.436 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(250, 253, 246) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(250,  
253, 246) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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