

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(99, 4.400, 87.530)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(99, 4.400, 87.530) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(99, 4.181, 95.099)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFFCF4
RGB	255, 252, 244
RGB Percent	100%, 99%, 96%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0116, 0.0430
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.04, 0.00
HSL	44°, 100%, 98%
HSV	44°, 4%, 100%
XYZ	92.4019, 97.4360, 99.5459
YIQ	251.9850, 4.3560, -1.8520

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

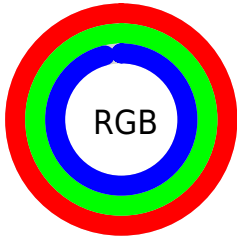
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	248, 255, 244
Decimal	16776436
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	99.00, -0.37, 4.16
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	99, 4.181, 95.099
Yxy	97.4360, 0.3193, 0.3367
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294966516 (0xFFFFFCF4)
YUV	251.9850, -3.9366, 2.6442
Hunter-Lab	98.7097, -5.6485, 9.3045

# Details

The CIELCh color 99, 4.181, 95.099 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 97, 4.208, 276.415, and the grayscale version is 99, 0.012, 296.813.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100, 0.012, 296.813, and 79, 3.877, 93.036 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 97, 14.023, 94.076, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 100, 0.012, 296.813.

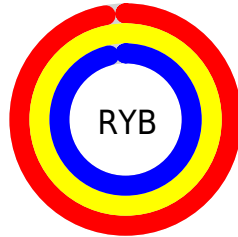
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (99%)

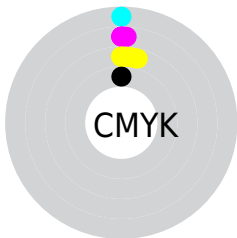
Blue (96%)



Red (97%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (96%)

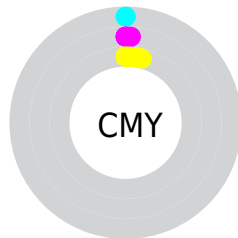


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (4%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 99, 4.181, 95.099 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 99, 4.181, 95.099 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 99, 4.181, 95.099

 99, 4.181, 95.099

 100, 4.181, 95.099

 89, 4.181, 95.099

 79, 4.181, 95.099

 69, 4.181, 95.099


 59, 4.181, 95.099

 49, 4.181, 95.099

 39, 4.181, 95.099

 29, 4.181, 95.099

 19, 4.181, 95.099

 9, 4.181, 95.099

99, 4.181, 95.099

99, 4.181, 95.099

97, 14.023, 94.076

100, 0.012,  
296.813

94, 23.994, 92.815

92, 34.048, 91.512

90, 44.096, 90.173

88, 53.969, 88.797

86, 63.355, 87.374

84, 71.728, 85.869

83, 78.292, 84.212

81, 82.154, 82.278

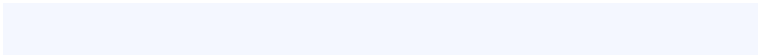
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



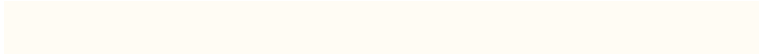
99, 4.181, 95.099



97, 4.208, 276.415

# Rectangle

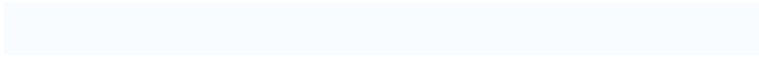
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



99, 4.181, 95.099



99, 4.181, 145.099



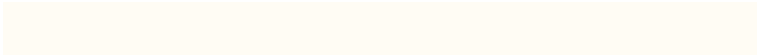
99, 4.181, 275.099



99, 4.181, 325.099

# Sweetspot

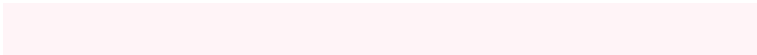
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99, 4.180, 95.263



100, 0.961, 95.466



97, 4.207, 357.390



53, 0.546, 95.459



0, 0.000, 0.000

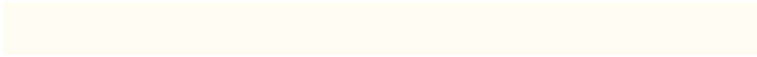


53, 0.007, 296.813

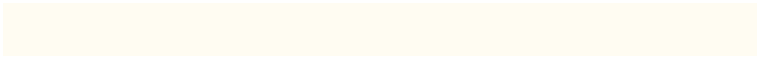


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99, 4.180, 95.263



99, 4.862, 95.187



100, 5.626, 118.356



53, 3.320, 95.108



61, 67.123, 81.478



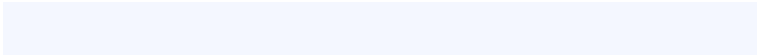
20, 29.075, 84.057



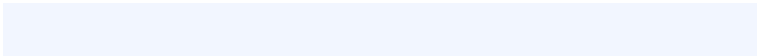


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



97, 4.208, 276.415



97, 4.893, 276.496



97, 5.696, 298.920



51, 3.340, 276.580



30, 86.673, 299.816

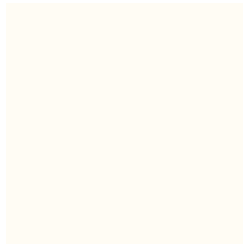


7, 34.751, 295.018



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 99, 4.181, 95.099 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

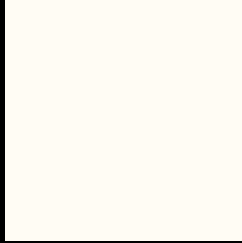
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 99, 4.181, 95.099 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

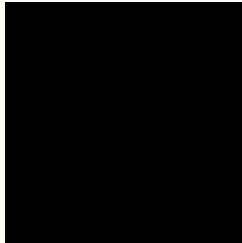
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 99, 4.181, 95.099

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 99, 4.181, 95.099.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 99, 4.181, 95.099.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

**Original Color**  
99, 4.181, 95.099

**Protanopia**  
99, 2.272, 82.227

**Deuteranopia**  
99, 1.406, 19.030

**Tritanopia**  
99, 2.171, 309.072



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

99, 4.181, 95.099

**Protanomaly**

99, 2.732, 87.135

**Deuteranomaly**

99, 2.059, 66.765

**Tritanomaly**

99, 1.054, 18.852

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

99, 4.181, 95.099



**Achromatopsia**

99, 0.012, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**

99, 1.550, 96.903

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 99, 4.181, 95.099 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 252, 244)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 252, 244)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 252, 244) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 252, 244) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 99, 4.181, 95.099 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 252, 244) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 252, 244) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 252, 244)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 252, 244); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 252, 244);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 252,  
244) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 99, 4.181, 95.099 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 252, 244) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
252, 244) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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