

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(99, 6.467, 2.401)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(99, 6.467, 2.401) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(98, 3.216, 340.063)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FEF7FB
RGB	254, 247, 251
RGB Percent	100%, 97%, 98%
CMY	0.0023, 0.0297, 0.0141
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.01, 0.00
HSL	326°, 86%, 98%
HSV	326°, 3%, 100%
XYZ	91.8905, 94.9163, 105.0871
YIQ	249.5490, 2.8880, 2.7280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

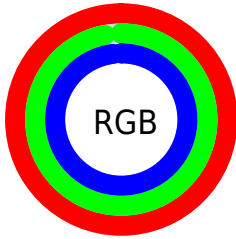
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	254, 247, 251
Decimal	16709627
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	98.00, 3.02, -1.10
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	98, 3.216, 340.063
Yxy	94.9163, 0.3148, 0.3252
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294899707 (0xFFFEF7FB)
YUV	249.5490, 0.7153, 3.9035
Hunter-Lab	97.4250, -2.1339, 4.2445

# Details

The CIELCh color 98, 3.216, 340.063 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 99, 3.189, 159.937, and the grayscale version is 98, 0.011, 296.813.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100, 0.012, 296.813, and 78, 3.099, 335.765 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 92, 15.045, 340.993, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 100, 0.203, 202.660.

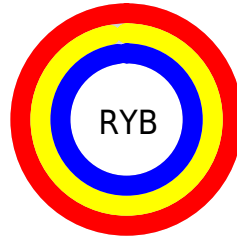
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (97%)

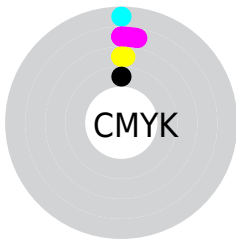
Blue (98%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (97%)

Blue (98%)

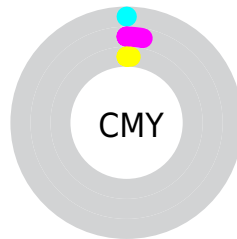


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)


Yellow (1%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 98, 3.216, 340.063 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 98, 3.216, 340.063 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 98, 3.216, 340.063

 98, 3.216, 340.063

 100, 3.216,  
340.063

 88, 3.216, 340.063

 78, 3.216, 340.063

 68, 3.216, 340.063


 58, 3.216, 340.063

 48, 3.216, 340.063

 38, 3.216, 340.063

 28, 3.216, 340.063

 18, 3.216, 340.063

 8, 3.216, 340.063

98, 3.216, 340.063

98, 3.216, 340.063

92, 15.045,  
340.993

100, 0.203,  
202.660

85, 27.046,  
341.890

79, 39.014,  
342.876

74, 50.637,  
343.984

69, 61.468,  
345.258

64, 70.938,  
346.763

60, 78.419,  
348.590

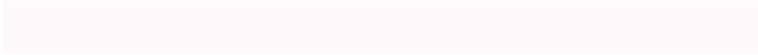
58, 83.384,  
350.863

■ 56, 85.641,  
353.724

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



98, 3.216, 340.063



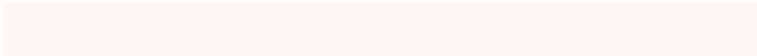
99, 3.189, 159.937

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



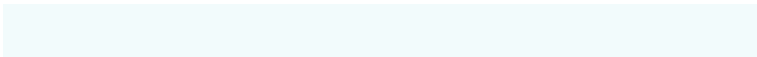
98, 3.216, 340.063



98, 3.216, 30.063



98, 3.216, 160.063



98, 3.216, 210.063

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



98, 3.213, 340.075



99, 1.174, 339.694



98, 3.733, 306.209



53, 0.668, 339.670



0, 0.000, 0.000



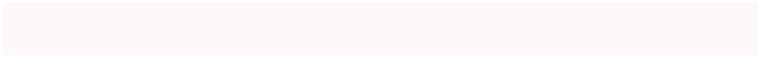
53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



98, 3.213, 340.075



98, 3.514, 340.107



98, 2.489, 12.463



52, 2.665, 340.196



42, 69.543, 355.516

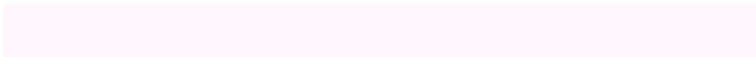


11, 32.715, 351.043



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



98, 3.213, 340.075



98, 3.514, 340.107



99, 2.448, 192.566



52, 2.665, 340.196



42, 69.543, 355.516

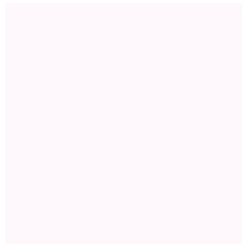


11, 32.715, 351.043



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 98, 3.216, 340.063 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

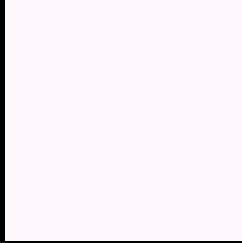
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 98, 3.216, 340.063 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

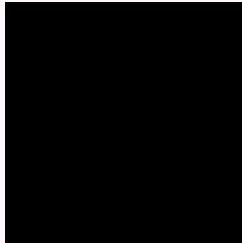
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 98, 3.216, 340.063

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 3.216, 340.063.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 98, 3.216, 340.063.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
98, 3.218, 340.064

**Protanopia**  
98, 2.713, 330.516

**Deuteranopia**  
98, 3.223, 351.093



**Tritanopia**  
98, 3.859, 311.595

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

98, 3.218, 340.064

**Protanomaly**

98, 2.954, 335.690

**Deuteranomaly**

98, 3.497, 343.770

**Tritanomaly**

98, 3.551, 319.833

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

98, 3.218, 340.064

**Achromatopsia**

98, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**

98, 1.482, 335.469

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 98, 3.216, 340.063 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 247, 251)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 247, 251)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 247, 251) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 247, 251) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 98, 3.216, 340.063 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 247, 251) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 247, 251) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 247, 251)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 247, 251); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 247, 251);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 247,  
251) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 98, 3.216, 340.063 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 247, 251) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
247, 251) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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