

Converting Colors

CIE LCh(99, 7.132, 145.583)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(99, 7.132, 145.583) contains.

CIELCh(99, 7.039, 146.542)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(99, 7.039, 146.542)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F3FFF4
RGB	243, 255, 244
RGB Percent	95%, 100%, 96%
CMY	0.0456, 0.0000, 0.0417
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.04, 0.00
HSL	125°, 100%, 98%
HSV	125°, 5%, 100%
XYZ	89.3573, 97.4360, 99.9829
YIQ	250.1580, -3.6210, -5.9650

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

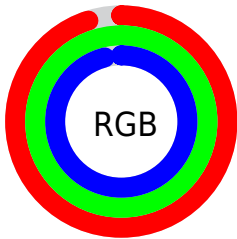
Format	Color
R_{YB}	243, 254, 255
Decimal	15990772
CIE _{Lab}	99.00, -5.87, 3.88
CIE _{LCh}	99, 7.039, 146.542
Yxy	97.4360, 0.3116, 0.3398
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294180852 (0xFFFF3FFF4)
YUV	250.1580, -3.0359, -6.2776
Hunter-Lab	98.7097, -11.1541, 9.0420

Details

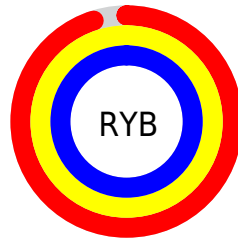
The CIELCh color 99, 7.039, 146.542 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 97, 6.827, 327.067, and the grayscale version is 98, 0.012, 296.813.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100, 0.012, 296.813, and 79, 6.737, 146.713 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 97, 21.888, 145.935, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 100, 0.012, 296.813.

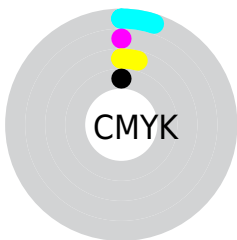
Distribution



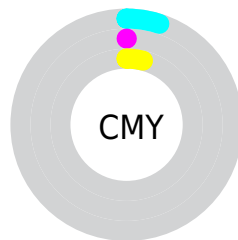
- Red (95%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 99, 7.039, 146.542 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 99, 7.039, 146.542 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 99, 7.039, 146.542

 99, 7.039, 146.542

 100, 7.039,
146.542

 89, 7.039, 146.542

 79, 7.039, 146.542

 69, 7.039, 146.542

 59, 7.039, 146.542

 49, 7.039, 146.542

 39, 7.039, 146.542

 29, 7.039, 146.542

 19, 7.039, 146.542

 9, 7.039, 146.542

99, 7.039, 146.542

99, 7.039, 146.542

97, 21.888,
145.935

100, 0.012,
296.813

95, 37.005,
145.148

93, 51.921,
144.235

91, 66.330,
143.183

90, 79.863,
141.994

89, 92.092,
140.695

89, 102.543,
139.351

88, 110.735,
138.069

■ 88, 116.276,
136.991

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



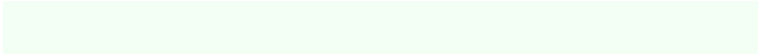
99, 7.039, 146.542



97, 6.827, 327.067

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



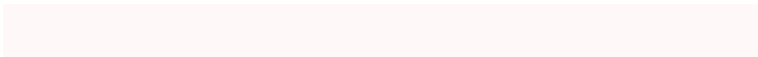
99, 7.039, 146.542



99, 7.039, 196.542



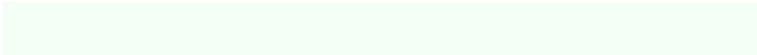
99, 7.039, 326.542



99, 7.039, 16.542

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99, 6.805, 146.633



100, 1.480, 147.021



100, 5.897, 113.068



53, 0.841, 147.036



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

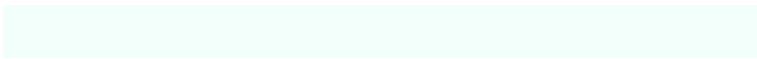
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99, 6.805, 146.633



99, 7.467, 146.601



99, 4.763, 168.110



53, 5.098, 146.552



68, 94.821, 136.727



22, 41.942, 138.442

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



97, 6.827, 327.067



97, 7.489, 327.096



97, 4.815, 348.695



51, 5.112, 327.142



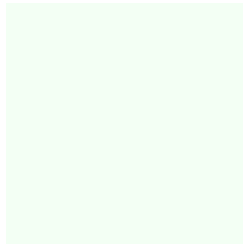
45, 86.993, 331.993



12, 40.348, 331.502

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 99, 7.039, 146.542 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

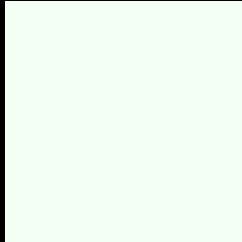
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 99, 7.039, 146.542 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

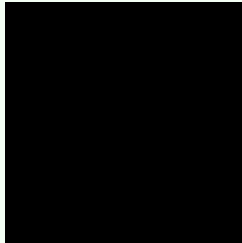
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

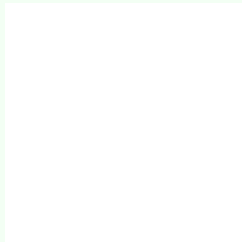
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 99, 7.039, 146.542

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 99, 7.039, 146.542.

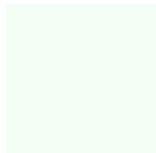


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 99, 7.039, 146.542.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

99, 7.039, 146.542



Protanopia

99, 2.456, 74.858

Deuteranopia

99, 1.406, 19.030

Tritanopia
99, 1.571, 277.558

Trichromacy



Original Color

99, 7.039, 146.542

Protanomaly

99, 3.063, 116.534

Deuteranomaly

99, 1.558, 123.031

Tritanomaly

99, 2.026, 169.501

Monochromacy



Original Color

99, 7.039, 146.542

Achromatopsia

98, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly

99, 2.477, 144.477

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 99, 7.039, 146.542 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(243, 255, 244)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(243, 255, 244)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(243, 255, 244) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(243, 255, 244) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 99, 7.039, 146.542 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(243, 255, 244) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(243, 255, 244) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(243, 255, 244)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(243, 255, 244); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 255, 244);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(243, 255,  
244) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 99, 7.039, 146.542 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(243, 255, 244) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(243,  
255, 244) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor