

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(99, 8.098, 151.223)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(99, 8.098, 151.223) contains.

<b>CIELCh(99, 7.487, 150.728)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	21
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	27

# Color

**CIELCh(99, 7.487, 150.728)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2FFF5
RGB	242, 255, 245
RGB Percent	95%, 100%, 96%
CMY	0.0519, 0.0000, 0.0401
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.04, 0.00
HSL	134°, 100%, 97%
HSV	134°, 5%, 100%
XYZ	88.9975, 97.4360, 100.3227
YIQ	249.9730, -4.5380, -5.8660

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

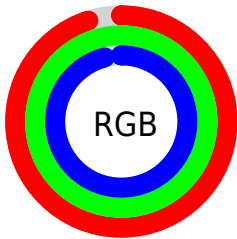
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	242, 253, 255
Decimal	15925237
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	99.00, -6.53, 3.66
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	99, 7.487, 150.728
Yxy	97.4360, 0.3104, 0.3398
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294115317 (0xFFFF2FFF5)
YUV	249.9730, -2.4517, -6.9923
Hunter-Lab	98.7097, -11.8049, 8.8379

# Details

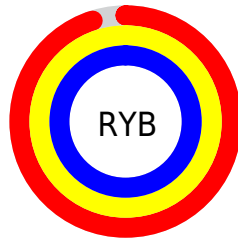
The CIELCh color 99, 7.487, 150.728 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 97, 7.033, 331.765, and the grayscale version is 98, 0.011, 296.813.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100, 0.012, 296.813, and 79, 6.561, 151.991 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 97, 20.638, 150.444, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 100, 0.012, 296.813.

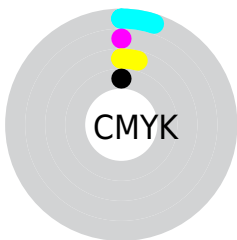
# Distribution



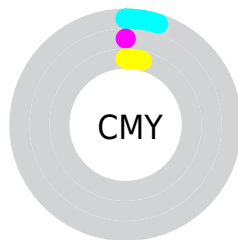
- Red (95%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 99, 7.487, 150.728 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 99, 7.487, 150.728 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 99, 7.487, 150.728

 99, 7.487, 150.728

 100, 7.487,  
150.728

 89, 7.487, 150.728

 79, 7.487, 150.728

 69, 7.487, 150.728

 59, 7.487, 150.728

 49, 7.487, 150.728

 39, 7.487, 150.728

 29, 7.487, 150.728

 19, 7.487, 150.728

 9, 7.487, 150.728

99, 7.487, 150.728

99, 7.487, 150.728

97, 20.638,  
150.444

100, 0.012,  
296.813

95, 34.278,  
149.595

93, 47.724,  
148.616


92, 60.733,  
147.483

90, 73.023,  
146.181

89, 84.300,  
144.707

89, 94.274,  
143.076

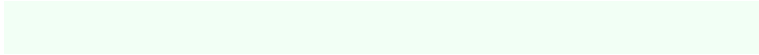
88, 102.694,  
141.339

 88,109.369,  
139.590

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



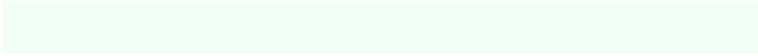
99, 7.487, 150.728



97, 7.033, 331.765

# Rectangle

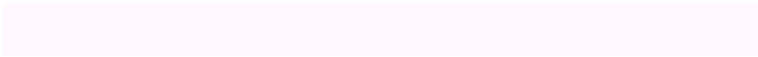
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



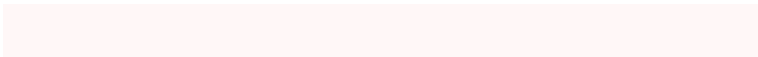
99, 7.487, 150.728



99, 7.487, 200.728



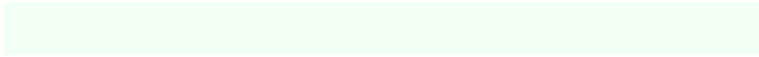
99, 7.487, 330.728



99, 7.487, 20.728

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99, 7.005, 151.206



100, 2.689, 151.503



99, 6.783, 118.297



53, 1.529, 151.516



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99, 7.005, 151.206



99, 8.111, 151.143



99, 4.992, 176.765



52, 5.383, 151.093



68, 89.539, 139.125



23, 38.783, 141.716



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



97, 7.033, 331.765



96, 8.141, 331.825



97, 5.079, 357.498



51, 5.402, 331.872



43, 78.119, 339.879

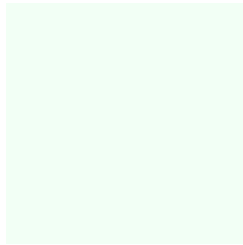


11, 36.665, 338.166



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 99, 7.487, 150.728 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

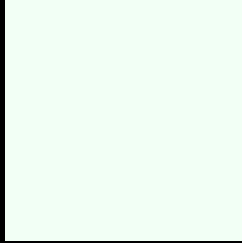
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 99, 7.487, 150.728 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

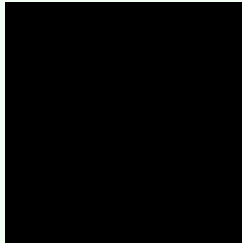
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 99, 7.487, 150.728**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 99, 7.487, 150.728.

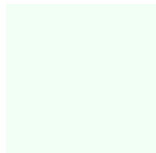


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 99, 7.487, 150.728.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

99, 6.867, 151.350



### Protanopia

99, 2.888, 80.608

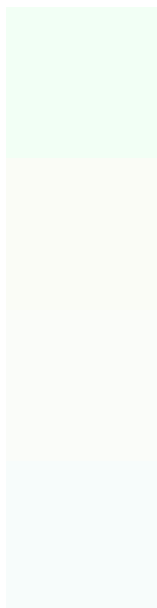
### Deuteranopia

99, 1.838, 3.095



**Tritanopia**  
99, 2.071, 280.717

# Trichromacy



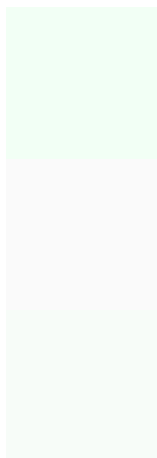
**Original Color**  
99, 6.867, 151.350

**Protanomaly**  
99, 3.128, 122.943

**Deuteranomaly**  
99, 1.677, 134.742

**Tritanomaly**  
99, 1.819, 183.407

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
99, 6.867, 151.350

**Achromatopsia**  
98, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
99, 2.695, 150.541

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 99, 7.487, 150.728 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 255, 245)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 255, 245)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 255, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 255, 245) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 99, 7.487, 150.728 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 255, 245) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 255, 245) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 255, 245)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 255, 245); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 255, 245);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 255,  
245) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 99, 7.487, 150.728 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 255, 245) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
255, 245) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor