

Converting Colors

CIELCh(99, 8.342, 147.479)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(99, 8.342, 147.479) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(99, 7.881, 148.319)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2FFF4
RGB	242, 255, 244
RGB Percent	95%, 100%, 96%
CMY	0.0516, 0.0000, 0.0437
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.04, 0.00
HSL	129°, 100%, 97%
HSV	129°, 5%, 100%
XYZ	88.9016, 97.4360, 99.5850
YIQ	249.8590, -4.2170, -6.1770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

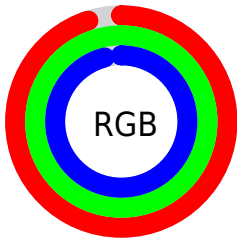
Format	Color
R _Y B	242, 253, 255
Decimal	15925236
CIE Lab	99.00, -6.71, 4.14
CIE LCh	99, 7.881, 148.319
Yxy	97.4360, 0.3109, 0.3408
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294115316 (0xFFFF2FFF4)
YUV	249.8590, -2.8885, -6.8923
Hunter-Lab	98.7097, -11.9782, 9.2810

Details

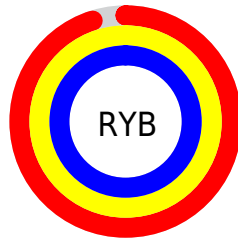
The CIELCh color **99, 7.881, 148.319** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **97, 7.379, 329.173**, and the grayscale version is **98, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **79, 6.968, 149.060** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **97, 21.753, 147.917**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **100, 0.012, 296.813**.

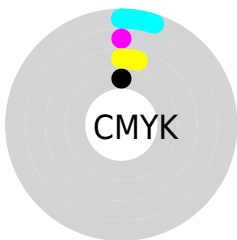
Distribution



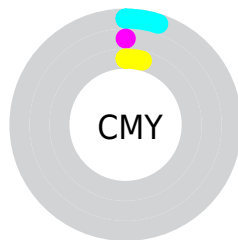
- Red (95%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 99, 7.881, 148.319 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 99, 7.881, 148.319 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 99, 7.881, 148.319

 99, 7.881, 148.319

 100, 7.881,
148.319

 89, 7.881, 148.319

 79, 7.881, 148.319

 69, 7.881, 148.319

 59, 7.881, 148.319

 49, 7.881, 148.319

 39, 7.881, 148.319

 29, 7.881, 148.319

 19, 7.881, 148.319

 9, 7.881, 148.319

99, 7.881, 148.319

99, 7.881, 148.319

97, 21.753,
147.917

100, 0.012,
296.813

95, 36.169,
147.101

93, 50.386,
146.154


91, 64.128,
145.060

90, 77.072,
143.811

89, 88.860,
142.417

89, 99.119,
140.918

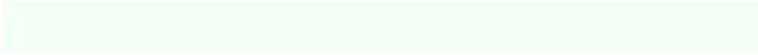
88, 107.487,
139.394

 88, 113.663,
137.967

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



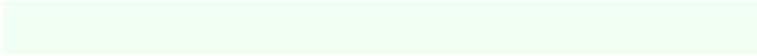
99, 7.881, 148.319



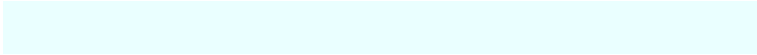
97, 7.379, 329.173

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



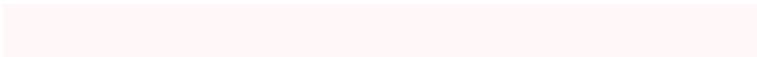
99, 7.881, 148.319



99, 7.881, 198.319



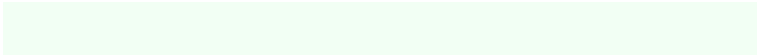
99, 7.881, 328.319



99, 7.881, 18.319

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



99, 7.355, 148.642



100, 2.838, 148.916



100, 6.704, 115.675



53, 1.613, 148.929



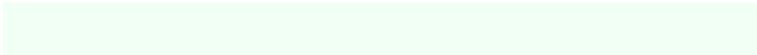
0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

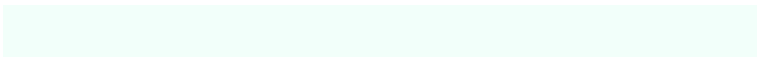
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99, 7.355, 148.642



99, 8.560, 148.581



99, 5.164, 172.227



52, 5.681, 148.534



68, 92.798, 137.622



23, 40.526, 139.831

Inverse Universe

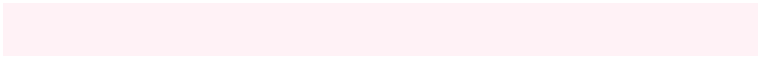
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



97, 7.379, 329.173



96, 8.586, 329.231



97, 5.238, 352.960



51, 5.697, 329.274



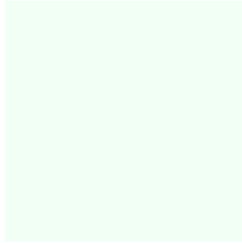
44, 82.625, 335.400



12, 38.553, 334.408

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 99, 7.881, 148.319 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

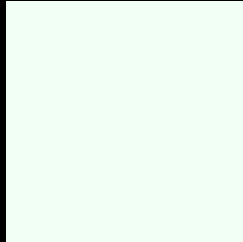
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 99, 7.881, 148.319 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

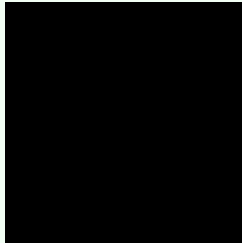
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

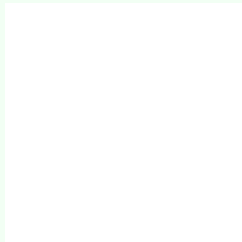
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 99, 7.881, 148.319

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 99, 7.881, 148.319.

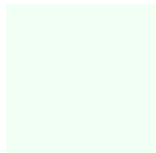


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 99, 7.881, 148.319.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

99, 7.258, 148.703



Protanopia

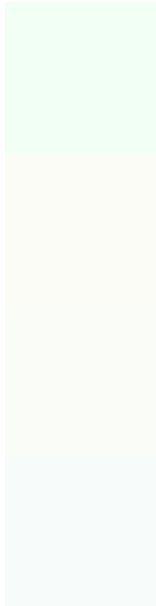
99, 2.888, 80.608

Deuteranopia

99, 1.838, 3.095

Tritanopia
99, 2.071, 280.717

Trichromacy



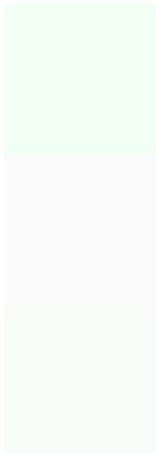
Original Color
99, 7.258, 148.703

Protanomaly
99, 3.625, 121.116

Deuteranomaly
99, 2.149, 129.065

Tritanomaly
99, 1.819, 183.407

Monochromacy



Original Color
99, 7.258, 148.703

Achromatopsia
98, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
99, 2.695, 150.541

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 99, 7.881, 148.319 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 255, 244)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 255, 244)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 255, 244) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 255, 244) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 99, 7.881, 148.319 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 255, 244) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 255, 244) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(242, 255, 244)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 255, 244); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 255, 244);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 255,  
244) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 99, 7.881, 148.319 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 255, 244) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
255, 244) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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