

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(99, 86.952, 42.894)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(99, 86.952, 42.894) contains.

<b>CIELCh(83, 38.918, 68.404)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# Color

**CIELCh(83, 38.918, 68.404)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FEC38B
RGB	254, 195, 139
RGB Percent	100%, 76%, 55%
CMY	0.0029, 0.2340, 0.4535
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.45, 0.00
HSL	29°, 99%, 77%
HSV	29°, 45%, 100%
XYZ	65.2359, 62.1629, 33.1186
YIQ	206.2570, 53.1400, -4.9080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

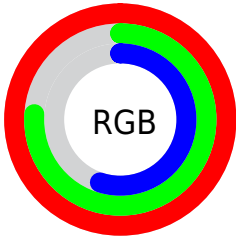
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	254, 248, 139
Decimal	16696203
CIE Lab	83.00, 14.32, 36.19
CIE LCh	83, 38.918, 68.404
Yxy	62.1629, 0.4064, 0.3873
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294886283 (0xFFFE C38B)
YUV	206.2570, -33.1577, 41.8706
Hunter-Lab	78.8435, 9.7167, 30.2854

# Details

The CIELCh color **83, 38.918, 68.404** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **78, 33.725, 262.277**, and the grayscale version is **83, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98, 29.808, 105.695**, and **63, 38.946, 68.104** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80, 48.634, 67.146**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87, 29.565, 69.658**.

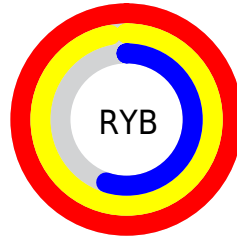
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (76%)

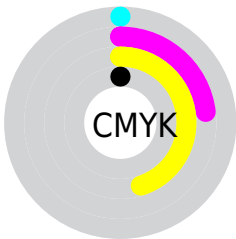
Blue (55%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (97%)

Blue (55%)

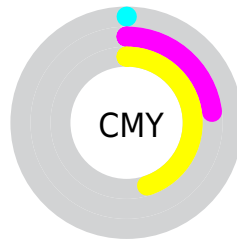


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (45%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (45%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 83, 38.918, 68.404 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 83, 38.918, 68.404 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 83, 38.918, 68.404

 83, 38.918, 68.404

 100, 38.918,  
68.404

 73, 38.918, 68.404

 63, 38.918, 68.404

 53, 38.918, 68.404

 43, 38.918, 68.404

 33, 38.918, 68.404

 23, 38.918, 68.404

 13, 38.918, 68.404

 3, 38.918, 68.404

 0, 38.918, 68.404

83, 38.918, 68.404

83, 38.918, 68.404

80, 48.634, 67.146

87, 29.565, 69.658

76, 58.543, 65.836

90, 20.637, 70.899

73, 68.252, 64.388

94, 12.138, 72.124

70, 76.985, 62.607

98, 4.045, 73.273

67, 83.525, 60.135

100, 0.260,  
201.942

66, 85.901, 58.740

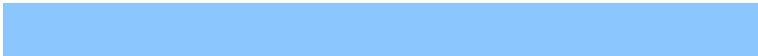
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83, 38.918, 68.404



78, 33.725, 262.277

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83, 38.918, 68.404



83, 38.918, 118.404



83, 38.918, 248.404



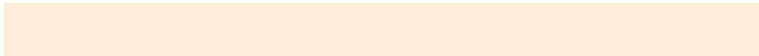
83, 38.918, 298.404

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83, 38.918, 68.409



95, 11.178, 72.267



72, 51.707, 347.395



50, 7.758, 72.007



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83, 38.918, 68.409



80, 47.574, 67.297



97, 55.928, 105.075



51, 4.489, 72.799



51, 69.070, 59.445



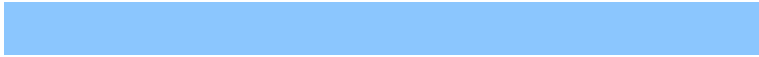
16, 27.025, 60.545



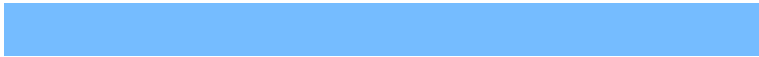


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78, 33.725, 262.277



74, 40.012, 264.802



63, 63.017, 296.014



51, 4.380, 255.308



42, 56.816, 282.895



12, 23.187, 276.239



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 38.918, 68.404 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

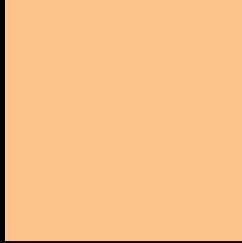
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 83, 38.918, 68.404 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 83, 38.918, 68.404

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 38.918, 68.404.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 83, 38.918, 68.404.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

83, 38.963, 68.383

### Protanopia

83, 33.629, 95.379

### Deuteranopia

83, 37.743, 73.969



**Tritanopia**  
83, 25.733, 6.281



# Trichromacy



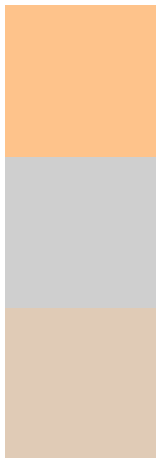
**Original Color**  
83, 38.963, 68.383

**Protanomaly**  
83, 34.710, 85.033

**Deuteranomaly**  
83, 38.104, 72.065

**Tritanomaly**  
83, 26.124, 35.111

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
83, 38.963, 68.383

**Achromatopsia**  
83, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
83, 13.730, 73.083

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 83, 38.918, 68.404 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 195, 139)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 195, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 195, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 195, 139) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 83, 38.918, 68.404 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 195, 139) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 195, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 195, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 195, 139); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 195, 139);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 195,  
139) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 83, 38.918, 68.404 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 195, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
195, 139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor