

Converting Colors

CIELCh(9, 62.852, 135.544)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(9, 62.852, 135.544) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(11, 27.694, 143.266)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	002400
RGB	0, 36, 0
RGB Percent	0%, 14%, 0%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8583, 1.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.86
HSL	120°, 100%, 7%
HSV	120°, 100%, 14%
XYZ	0.6156, 1.2610, 0.1679
YIQ	21.1320, -9.9000, -18.8280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 36, 36
Decimal	9216
CIELab	11.00, -22.19, 16.56
CIELCh	11, 27.694, 143.266
Yxy	1.2610, 0.3011, 0.6168
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278199296 (0xFF002400)
YUV	21.1320, -10.4181, -18.5328
Hunter-Lab	11.2295, -9.8654, 6.9741

Details

The CIELCh color **11, 27.694, 143.266** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **5, 27.153, 327.119**, and the grayscale version is **7, 0.002, 296.812**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31, 26.795, 143.425**, and **0, 0.000, 0.000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11, 26.973, 143.486**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11, 24.915, 143.250**.

Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (14%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (14%)

Blue (14%)

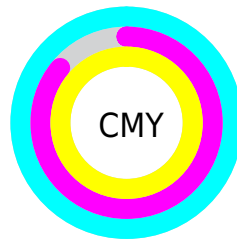


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (86%)



Cyan (100%)


Magenta (86%)

Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 11, 27.694, 143.266 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 11, 27.694, 143.266 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 11, 27.694,
143.266


 11, 27.694,
143.266


 100, 27.694,
143.266


 1, 27.694, 143.266


 31, 27.694,
143.266

 0, 27.694, 143.266

 41, 27.694,
143.266


 51, 27.694,
143.266


 61, 27.694,
143.266

 71, 27.694,
143.266

 81, 27.694,


143.266


 91, 27.694,
143.266


 11, 27.694,
143.266


 11, 27.694,
143.266


 11, 26.973,
143.486

 11, 24.915,
143.250

 12, 22.842,
142.961

 12, 20.745,
142.600

 12, 18.363,
142.187

 12, 15.661,
141.980

■ 13, 12.663,
142.282

■ 13, 9.510, 142.927

■ 13, 6.328, 143.504

■ 14, 3.150, 144.022

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11, 27.694, 143.266



5, 27.153, 327.119

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11, 27.694, 143.266



11, 27.694, 193.266



11, 27.694, 323.266



11, 27.694, 13.266

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11, 26.973, 143.486



17, 11.657, 142.810



14, 20.572, 105.866



7, 6.303, 144.448



62, 0.008, 296.813



8, 0.002, 296.812

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11, 26.973, 143.486



15, 33.724, 140.235



11, 20.294, 155.812



5, 1.252, 144.473



29, 52.360, 136.016



73, 103.130, 136.016

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5, 27.153, 327.119



7, 34.556, 328.173



4, 18.220, 353.088



5, 1.255, 324.409



17, 50.519, 328.233



50, 99.504, 328.233

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 11, 27.694, 143.266 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

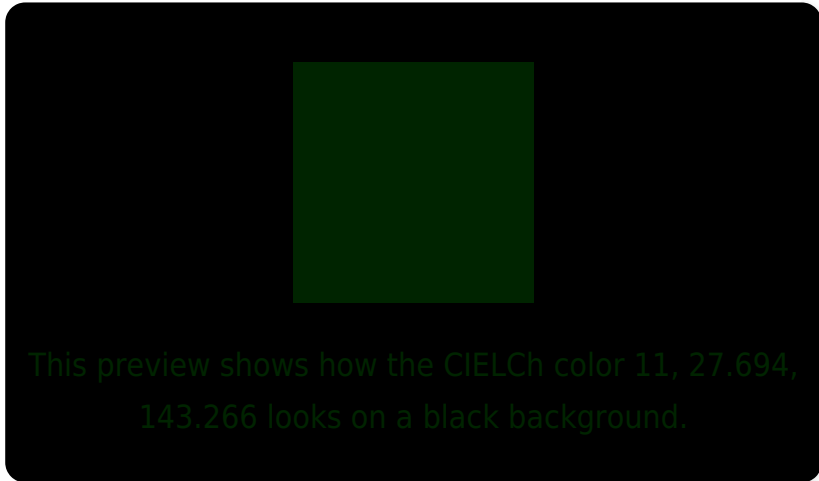
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

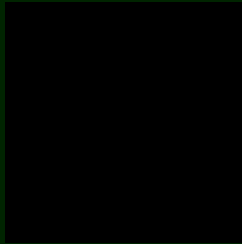
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 11, 27.694, 143.266

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 11, 27.694, 143.266.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 11, 27.694, 143.266.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11, 26.856, 143.520

Protanopia

12, 17.314, 99.315

Deuteranopia

11, 13.930, 82.623



Tritanopia
12, 8.005, 208.115

Trichromacy



Original Color
11, 26.856, 143.520

Protanomaly
11, 19.808, 125.543

Deuteranomaly
11, 16.443, 121.342

Tritanomaly
11, 14.367, 158.788

Monochromacy



Original Color
11, 26.856, 143.520

Achromatopsia
7, 0.002, 296.812

Achromatomaly
8, 11.248, 144.443

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 11, 27.694, 143.266 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 36, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 36, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 36, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 36, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 11, 27.694, 143.266 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 36, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 36, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 36, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 36, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 36, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 36, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 11, 27.694, 143.266 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 36, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 36,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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