

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(9, 64.828, 26.886)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(9, 64.828, 26.886) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(16, 44.375, 33.785)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	580000
RGB	88, 0, 0
RGB Percent	35%, 0%, 0%
CMY	0.6536, 0.9986, 0.9983
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 1.00, 0.65
HSL	360°, 99%, 17%
HSV	360°, 100%, 35%
XYZ	4.0621, 2.0993, 0.2035
YIQ	26.3120, 52.4480, 18.6560

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

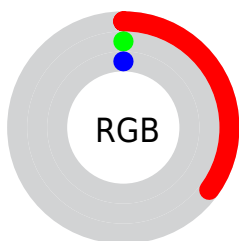
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">88, 0, 0</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">5767168</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">16.00, 36.88, 24.68</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">16, 44.375, 33.785</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">2.0993, 0.6382, 0.3298</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4283957248</a> (0xFF580000)
YUV	<a href="#">26.3120, -12.9718, 54.1004</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">14.4890, 24.6875, 9.3097</a>

# Details

The CIELCh color **16, 44.375, 33.785** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660000**. A complement of this color would be **33, 23.114, 196.260**, and the grayscale version is **10, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **36, 44.177, 33.927**, and **3, 13.904, 17.743** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **16, 44.507, 33.810**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17, 41.073, 32.997**.

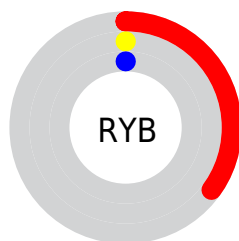
# Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (0%)

Blue (0%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (0%)

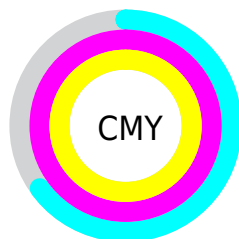


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (65%)



Cyan (65%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (100%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 16, 44.375, 33.785 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 16, 44.375, 33.785 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 16, 44.375, 33.785

 16, 44.375, 33.785

 100, 44.375,  
33.785

 6, 44.375, 33.785

 36, 44.375, 33.785

 0, 44.375, 33.785

 46, 44.375, 33.785

 56, 44.375, 33.785

 66, 44.375, 33.785

 76, 44.375, 33.785

 86, 44.375, 33.785

 96, 44.375, 33.785

 16, 44.375, 33.785

 16, 44.375, 33.785

 16, 44.507, 33.810

 17, 41.073, 32.997

 18, 37.230, 31.402

 20, 32.247, 28.572

 22, 27.099, 26.146

 24, 21.988, 24.214

 27, 17.033, 22.699

 29, 12.313, 21.513

 32, 7.870, 20.577

 35, 3.719, 19.808

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



16, 44.375, 33.785



33, 23.114, 196.260

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



16, 44.375, 33.785



16, 44.375, 83.785



16, 44.375, 213.785



16, 44.375, 263.785

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



16, 44.373, 33.788



38, 15.555, 21.659



19, 53.271, 327.616



18, 10.795, 21.960



76, 0.009, 296.813



25, 0.004, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



16, 44.373, 33.788



22, 55.872, 37.315



23, 37.405, 61.136



16, 2.127, 19.745



21, 52.661, 36.537



49, 98.143, 39.972



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16, 44.373, 33.788



22, 55.872, 37.315



19, 29.923, 278.432



16, 2.127, 19.745



21, 52.661, 36.537

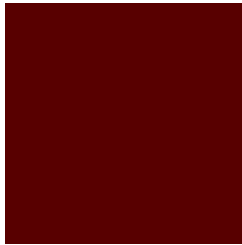


49, 98.143, 39.972



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 16, 44.375, 33.785 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 16, 44.375, 33.785 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

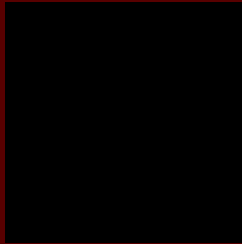
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 16, 44.375, 33.785

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 44.375, 33.785.

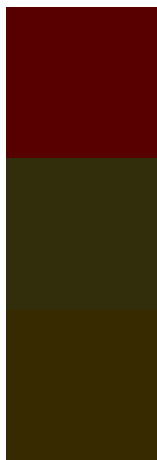


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 16, 44.375, 33.785.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

16, 44.375, 33.785

### Protanopia

18, 21.781, 97.406

### Deuteranopia

18, 25.888, 86.144

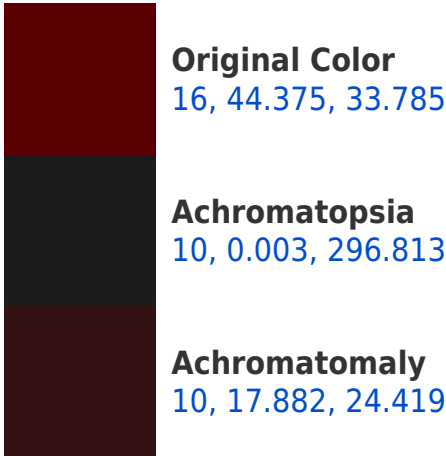


**Tritanopia**  
17, 42.969, 36.825

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 16, 44.375, 33.785 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(88, 0, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(88, 0, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(88, 0, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(88, 0, 0) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 16, 44.375, 33.785 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(88, 0, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(88, 0, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(88, 0, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(88, 0, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 0, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 0, 0) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 16, 44.375, 33.785 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(88, 0, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(88, 0,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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