

Converting Colors

CMY(0.6472, 0.5612, 0.5100)

Have a look what the booklet for
CMY(0.6472, 0.5612, 0.5100)
contains.

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Color

CMY(0.6471, 0.5608, 0.5098)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5A707D
RGB	90, 112, 125
RGB Percent	35%, 44%, 49%
CMY	0.6471, 0.5608, 0.5098
CMYK	0.28, 0.10, 0.00, 0.51
HSL	202°, 16%, 42%
HSV	202°, 28%, 49%
XYZ	13.7109, 15.2413, 21.6216
YIQ	106.9040, -17.2850, -0.6210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

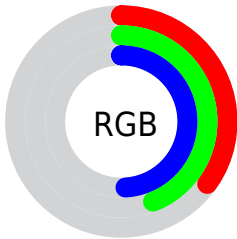
Format	Color
R_{YB}	90, 104, 125
Decimal	5927037
CIE _{Lab}	45.96, -4.85, -9.85
CIE _{LCh}	46, 10.981, 243.768
Yxy	15.2413, 0.2711, 0.3014
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284117117 (0xFF5A707D)
YUV	106.9040, 8.9213, -14.8248
Hunter-Lab	39.0401, -5.6309, -5.5085

Details

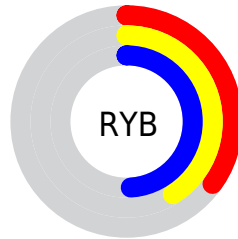
The CMY color $[0.6471, 0.5608, 0.5098]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `666666`. A complement of this color would be $[0.5098, 0.5961, 0.6471]$, and the grayscale version is $[0.5811, 0.5811, 0.5811]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[0.4471, 0.3569, 0.3020]$, and $[0.8314, 0.7490, 0.7020]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[0.6961, 0.5790, 0.5098]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[0.5981, 0.5426, 0.5098]$.

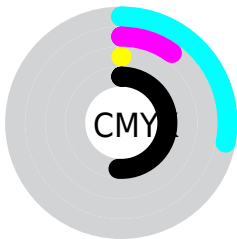
Distribution



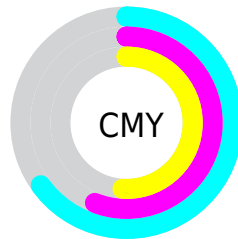
- Red (35%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CMY color 0.6471, 0.5608, 0.5098 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CMY color 0.6471, 0.5608, 0.5098 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 0.6471, 0.5608,
0.5098

■ 0.6471, 0.5608,
0.5098

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 0.7415, 0.6565,
0.6076

■ 0.4477, 0.3582,
0.3036

■ 0.8323, 0.7478,
0.7014

■ 0.3432, 0.2520,
0.1959

■ 0.9207, 0.8340,
0.7904

■ 0.2357, 0.1429,
0.0853

■ 1.0000, 0.9134,
0.8739

■ 0.1255, 0.0312,
0.0000

■ 1.0000, 0.9989,
0.9724

■ 0.0128, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 1.0000, 1.0000,
1.0000

0.6471, 0.5608,
0.5098

0.6471, 0.5608,
0.5098

0.6961, 0.5790,
0.5098

0.5981, 0.5426,
0.5098

0.7451, 0.5972,
0.5098

0.5491, 0.5244,
0.5098

0.7942, 0.6154,
0.5098

0.5000, 0.5062,
0.5098

0.8432, 0.6336,
0.5098

0.4510, 0.4880,
0.5098

0.8922, 0.6518,
0.5098

0.4020, 0.4698,
0.5098

0.9412, 0.6701,
0.5098

0.3530, 0.4515,
0.5098

0.9902, 0.6883,
0.5098


0.3040, 0.4333,
0.5098

1.0000, 0.6919,

0.2549, 0.4151,

0.5098

0.5098

 0.2059, 0.3969,
0.5098

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0.6666, 0.5538, 0.5346



0.6471, 0.5608, 0.5098



0.6069, 0.5716, 0.5020

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0.6471, 0.5608, 0.5098



0.4998, 0.5980, 0.5766



0.5894, 0.5631, 0.6335

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0.6471, 0.5608, 0.5098



0.5098, 0.5961, 0.6471

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0.5489, 0.5742, 0.6446



0.6471, 0.5608, 0.5098



0.4983, 0.5950, 0.6116

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0.6471, 0.5608, 0.5098



0.5217, 0.5937, 0.5407



0.5162, 0.5860, 0.6366



0.6295, 0.5552, 0.6060

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0.6471, 0.5608, 0.5098



0.5757, 0.5798, 0.5076



0.5162, 0.5860, 0.6366



0.5755, 0.5666, 0.6392

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0.6471, 0.5608, 0.5098



0.4112, 0.3790, 0.3600



0.6471, 0.5098, 0.5968



0.7120, 0.6919, 0.6800



0.1800, 0.1800, 0.1800



0.6800, 0.6800, 0.6800

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0.6471, 0.5608, 0.5098



0.5776, 0.4408, 0.3600



0.6471, 0.6288, 0.5098



0.7750, 0.7593, 0.7500



1.0000, 0.6857, 0.5000



1.0000, 1.0000, 1.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



0.5098, 0.6471, 0.5608



0.3600, 0.5776, 0.4408



0.5098, 0.5281, 0.6471



0.7500, 0.7750, 0.7593



0.5000, 1.0000, 0.6857



1.0000, 1.0000, 1.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CMY color 0.6471, 0.5608, 0.5098 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CMY color 0.6471, 0.5608, 0.5098 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

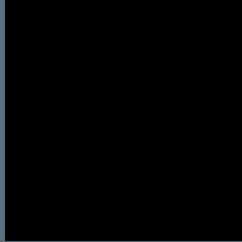
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

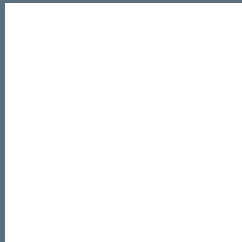
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CMY 0.6471, 0.5608, 0.5098

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CMY color 0.6471, 0.5608, 0.5098.

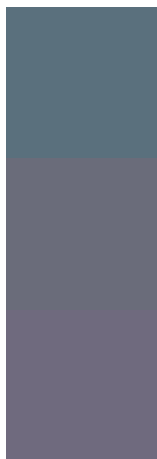


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CMY color 0.6471, 0.5608, 0.5098.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

0.6471, 0.5608, 0.5098

Protanopia

0.5843, 0.5765, 0.5216

Deuteranopia

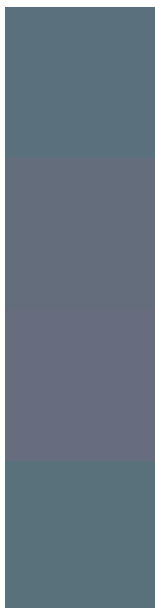
0.5647, 0.5843, 0.5059



Tritanopia

0.6510, 0.5569, 0.5216

Trichromacy



Original Color

0.6471, 0.5608, 0.5098

Protanomaly

0.6078, 0.5725, 0.5176

Deuteranomaly

0.5961, 0.5765, 0.5059

Tritanomaly

0.6510, 0.5569, 0.5176

Monochromacy



Original Color

0.6471, 0.5608, 0.5098

Achromatopsia

0.5804, 0.5804, 0.5804

Achromatomaly

0.6039, 0.5725, 0.5529

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CMY 0.6471, 0.5608, 0.5098 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(90, 112, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 112, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 112, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 112, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CMY 0.6471, 0.5608, 0.5098 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 112, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 112, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(90, 112, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 112, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 112, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 112,  
125) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CMY 0.6471, 0.5608, 0.5098 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 112, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 112,  
125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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