

Converting Colors

CMY(1.0000, 0.8558, 0.6400)

Have a look what the booklet for
CMY(1.0000, 0.8558, 0.6400)
contains.

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Color

CMY(1.0000, 0.8549, 0.6392)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00255C
RGB	0, 37, 92
RGB Percent	0%, 15%, 36%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8549, 0.6392
CMYK	1.00, 0.60, 0.00, 0.64
HSL	216°, 100%, 18%
HSV	216°, 100%, 36%
XYZ	2.5935, 2.0959, 10.3940
YIQ	32.2070, -39.7070, 9.2610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 26, 92
Decimal	9564
CIELab	15.98, 12.67, -36.26
CIELCh	16, 38.413, 289.262
Yxy	2.0959, 0.1719, 0.1390
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278199644 (0xFF00255C)
YUV	32.2070, 29.4779, -28.2455
Hunter-Lab	14.4774, 6.6417, -32.4329

Details

The CMY color **1.0000, 0.8549, 0.6392** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **0.6392, 0.7843, 1.0000**, and the grayscale version is **0.8747, 0.8747, 0.8747**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **0.7451, 0.6824, 0.4392**, and **1.0000, 0.9882, 0.8235** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **1.0000, 0.8549, 0.6392**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **0.9639, 0.8333, 0.6392**.

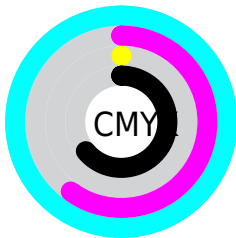
Distribution



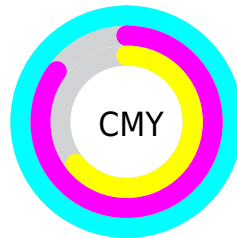
- Red (0%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (64%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CMY color 1.0000, 0.8549, 0.6392 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CMY color 1.0000, 0.8549, 0.6392 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 1.0000, 0.8549,
0.6392

■ 1.0000, 0.8549,
0.6392

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 1.0000, 0.9334,
0.7332

■ 0.7443, 0.6823,
0.4396

■ 1.0000, 0.9865,
0.8225

■ 0.6401, 0.5882,
0.3348

■ 1.0000, 0.9955,
0.9072

■ 0.5354, 0.4900,
0.2271

■ 1.0000, 1.0000,
1.0000

■ 0.4291, 0.3882,
0.1167

■ 0.3206, 0.2831,
0.0037

■ 0.2099, 0.1750,

0.0000

■ 0.0969, 0.0641,
0.0000

■ 1.0000, 0.8549,
0.6392

■ 0.9639, 0.8333,
0.6392

■ 0.9278, 0.8118,
0.6392

■ 0.8918, 0.7902,
0.6392

■ 0.8557, 0.7686,
0.6392

■ 0.8196, 0.7470,
0.6392

■ 0.7835, 0.7255,
0.6392

■ 0.7474, 0.7039,
0.6392

■ 0.7114, 0.6823,
0.6392

■ 0.6753, 0.6608,
0.6392

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



1.0000, 0.8193, 0.6313



1.0000, 0.8549, 0.6392



0.7587, 0.9143, 0.7026

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



1.0000, 0.8549, 0.6392



0.6978, 0.9180, 1.0000



1.0000, 0.8017, 0.8877

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



1.0000, 0.8549, 0.6392



0.6392, 0.7843, 1.0000

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



1.0000, 0.8106, 1.0000



1.0000, 0.8549, 0.6392



0.7709, 0.8625, 1.0000

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



1.0000, 0.8549, 0.6392



0.6634, 0.9889, 0.9069



0.8661, 0.8287, 1.0000



1.0000, 0.7992, 0.7761

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



1.0000, 0.8549, 0.6392



0.6964, 0.9679, 0.7661



0.8661, 0.8287, 1.0000



1.0000, 0.8038, 0.9257

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



1.0000, 0.8549, 0.6392



0.6710, 0.6143, 0.5300



1.0000, 0.6392, 0.7895



0.8464, 0.8117, 0.7600



0.2600, 0.2600, 0.2600



0.7600, 0.7600, 0.7600

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



1.0000, 0.8549, 0.6392



1.0000, 0.8110, 0.5300



0.9699, 1.0000, 0.6392



0.8380, 0.8308, 0.8200



1.0000, 0.8271, 0.5700



1.0000, 0.6260, 0.0700

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



0.6392, 1.0000, 0.8549



0.5300, 1.0000, 0.8110



0.6693, 0.6392, 1.0000



0.8200, 0.8380, 0.8308



0.5700, 1.0000, 0.8271



0.0700, 1.0000, 0.6260

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CMY color 1.0000, 0.8549, 0.6392 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the CMY color 1.0000, 0.8549, 0.6392 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

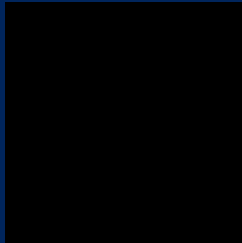
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CMY 1.0000, 0.8549, 0.6392

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CMY color 1.0000, 0.8549, 0.6392.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CMY color 1.0000, 0.8549, 0.6392.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

1.0000, 0.8549, 0.6392

Protanopia

1.0000, 0.8471, 0.6745

Deuteranopia

1.0000, 0.8353, 0.7176



Tritanopia

1.0000, 0.8235, 0.8118

Trichromacy



Original Color

1.0000, 0.8549, 0.6392

Protanomaly

1.0000, 0.8510, 0.6627

Deuteranomaly

1.0000, 0.8431, 0.6902

Tritanomaly

1.0000, 0.8353, 0.7490

Monochromacy



Original Color

1.0000, 0.8549, 0.6392

Achromatopsia

0.8745, 0.8745, 0.8745

Achromatomaly

0.9216, 0.8667, 0.7882

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CMY 1.0000, 0.8549, 0.6392 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 37, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 37, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 37, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 37, 92) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CMY 1.0000, 0.8549, 0.6392 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 37, 92) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 37, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 37, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 37, 92); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 37, 92); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 37, 92) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CMY 1.0000, 0.8549, 0.6392 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 37, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 37,  
92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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