

# Converting Colors

Hex(001108)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(001108) contains.

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# Color

**Hex(001108)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	001108
RGB	0, 17, 8
RGB Percent	0%, 7%, 3%
CMY	1.0000, 0.9333, 0.9686
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.53, 0.93
HSL	148°, 100%, 3%
HSV	148°, 100%, 7%
XYZ	0.2443, 0.4184, 0.2976
YIQ	10.8910, -7.2430, -6.4030

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

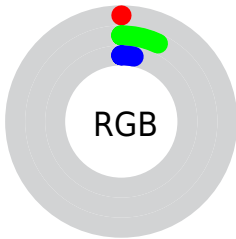
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">0, 12, 17</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">4360</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">3.78, -6.28, 2.26</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">4, 6.679, 160.225</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">0.4184, 0.2544, 0.4357</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4278194440 (0xFF001108)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">10.8910, -1.4253, -9.5514</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">6.4686, -4.5793, 1.8001</a>

# Details

The Hex color **001108** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **110009**, and the grayscale version is **0B0B0B**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **303B35**, and **000000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **001108**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **021109**.

# Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (7%)

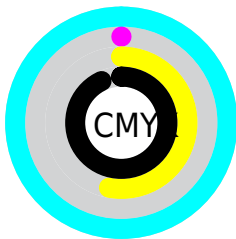
Blue (3%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (5%)

Blue (7%)

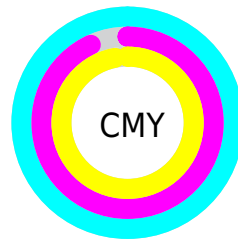


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (53%)

Black (93%)



Cyan (100%)

Magenta (93%)

Yellow (97%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 001108 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 001108 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 001108

■ 001108

■ E2F1E9

■ 000000

■ 303B35

■ 46524C

■ 5E6A64

■ 77847C

■ 909E96

■ ABB9B1

■ C6D4CC

■ 001108

■ 021109

■ 03110A

■ 05110B

■ 07110C

■ 09110D

■ 0A110D

■ 0C110E

■ 0E110F

■ 0F1110

# Harmonies

## Analogous

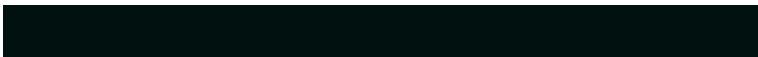
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



081001



001108



00110F

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



001108



090D18



190904

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



001108



110009

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19090B



001108



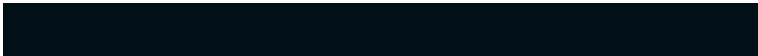
110B16

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



001108



010F17



170912



160B00

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



001108



001113



170912



190906



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



001108



101713



091100



080D0A



8C8C8C



0D0D0D



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



001108



00170B



001110



070807



004722



00C75E



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



110009



17000C



110001



080707



470026

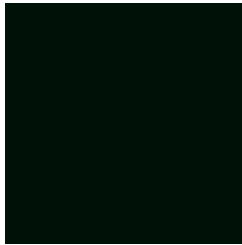


C70069



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 001108 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

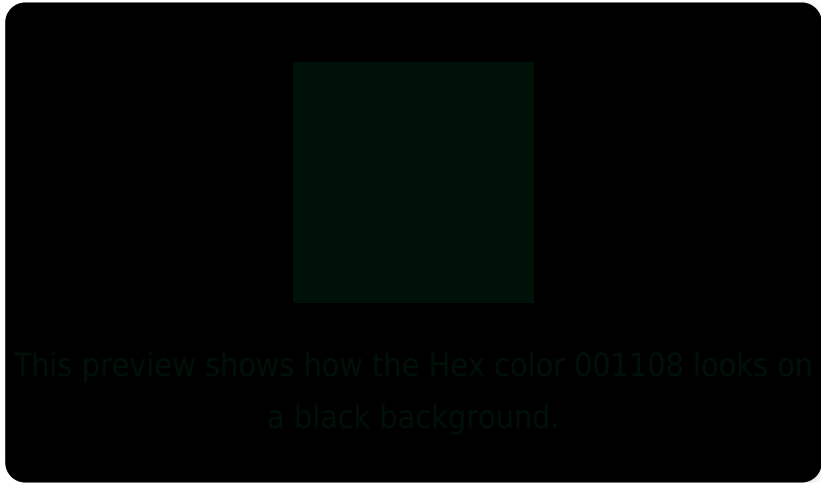
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

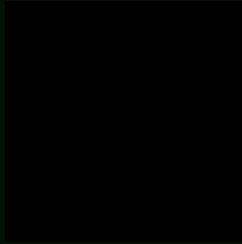
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 001108 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 001108.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 001108.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
001108

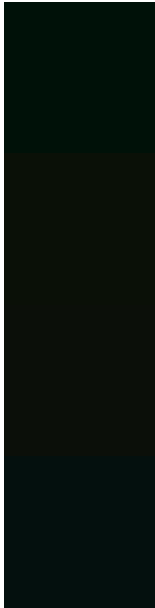
**Protanopia**  
100F07

**Deuteranopia**  
120E09



**Tritanopia**  
071011

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
001108

**Protanomaly**  
0A1007

**Deuteranomaly**  
0B0F09

**Tritanomaly**  
04100E

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
001108

**Achromatopsia**  
0B0B0B

**Achromatomaly**  
070D0A

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 001108 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #001108 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#001108  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #001108 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #001108  
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 001108 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid  
#001108 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#001108 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #001108 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #001108; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #001108; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #001108 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 001108 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#001108 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#001108 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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