

# Converting Colors

Hex(061728)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(061728) contains.

<b>Hex(061728)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# Color

**Hex(061728)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	061728
RGB	6, 23, 40
RGB Percent	2%, 9%, 16%
CMY	0.9765, 0.9098, 0.8431
CMYK	0.85, 0.42, 0.00, 0.84
HSL	210°, 74%, 9%
HSV	210°, 85%, 16%
XYZ	0.7645, 0.8047, 2.1225
YIQ	19.8550, -15.5890, 1.6830

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

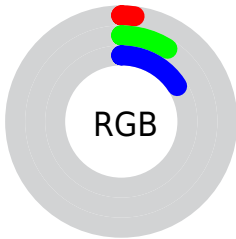
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	6, 17, 40
Decimal	399144
CIELab	7.27, -0.01, -13.71
CIElCh	7, 13.707, 269.940
Yxy	0.8047, 0.2071, 0.2180
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278589224 (0xFF061728)
YUV	19.8550, 9.9315, -12.1508
Hunter-Lab	8.9706, -0.4861, -7.7491

# Details

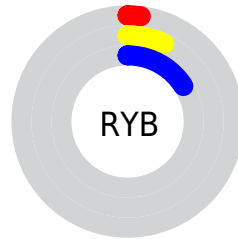
The Hex color **061728** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **281706**, and the grayscale version is **141414**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **334155**, and **000000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **021528**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **0A1928**.

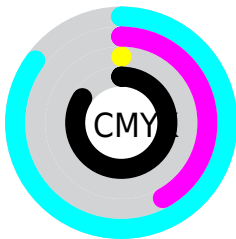
# Distribution



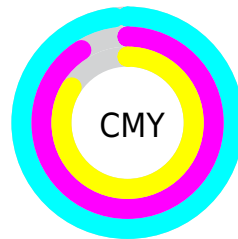
- Red (2%)
- Green (9%)
- Blue (16%)



- Red (2%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (84%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (84%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 061728 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 061728 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 061728

■ 061728

■ E9F8FF

■ 000113

■ 334155

■ 000000

■ 4B596E

■ 637187

■ 7C8BA1

■ 96A5BC

■ B1C0D8

■ CDDCF4

■ 061728

■ 061728

■ 021528

■ 0A1928

■ 001428

■ 0E1B28

■ 121D28

■ 161F28

■ 1A2128

■ 1E2328

■ 222528

■ 262728

■ 2A2928

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



001A25



061728



171426

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



061728



270F0A



031B09

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



061728



281706

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



141800



061728



241200

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



061728



260E16



1D1500



001C16

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



061728



1E1122



1D1500



091A05



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



061728



262C33



062817



12161A



999999



1A1A1A



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



061728



001A33



060628



121314



002A54



006AD4



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



280617



33001A



282806



141213



54002A



D4006A



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 061728 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

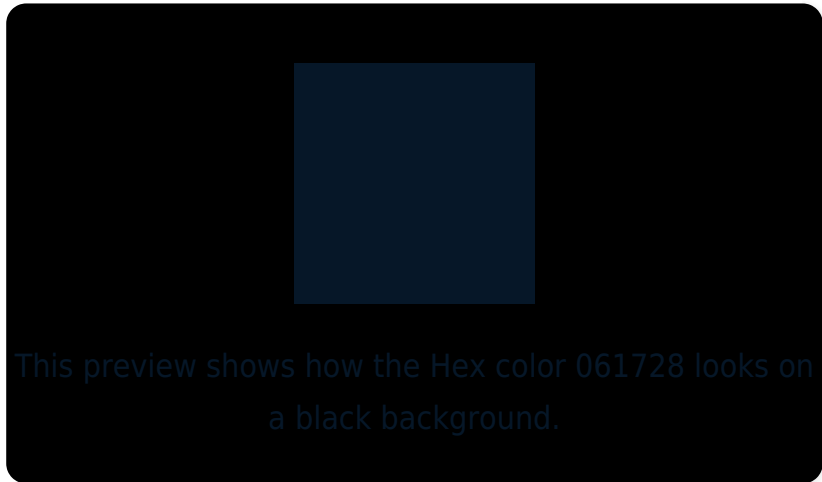
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

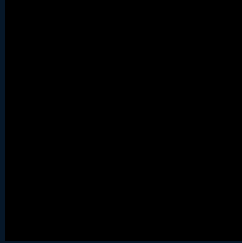
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 061728 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 061728.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 061728.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
061728

**Protanopia**  
0F1627

**Deuteranopia**  
071728



**Tritanopia**  
00191B

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

061728

**Protanomaly**

0C1627

**Deuteranomaly**

071728

**Tritanomaly**

021820

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

061728

**Achromatopsia**

141414

**Achromatomaly**

0F151B

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 061728 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #061728 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#061728  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #061728 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #061728
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 061728 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#061728 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#061728 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #061728 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #061728; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #061728; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #061728 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 061728 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#061728 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#061728 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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