

# Converting Colors

Hex(0C1416)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(0C1416) contains.

<b>Hex(0C1416)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# Color

**Hex(0C1416)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0C1416
RGB	12, 20, 22
RGB Percent	5%, 8%, 9%
CMY	0.9529, 0.9216, 0.9137
CMYK	0.45, 0.09, 0.00, 0.91
HSL	192°, 29%, 7%
HSV	192°, 45%, 9%
XYZ	0.5466, 0.6364, 0.8531
YIQ	17.8360, -5.4100, -1.0740

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

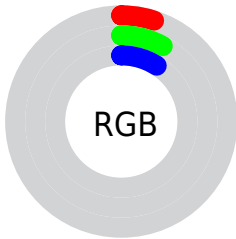
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">12, 16, 22</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">791574</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">5.75, -2.39, -2.29</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">6, 3.309, 223.813</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">0.6364, 0.2685, 0.3126</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4278981654 (0xFF0C1416)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">17.8360, 2.0529, -5.1182</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">7.9775, -1.7303, -0.7560</a>

# Details

The Hex color **0C1416** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **160E0C**, and the grayscale version is **121212**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **373E40**, and **000000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0A1416**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **0E1416**.

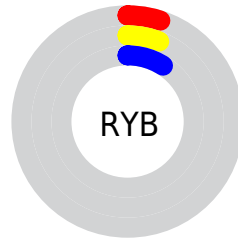
# Distribution



Red (5%)

Green (8%)

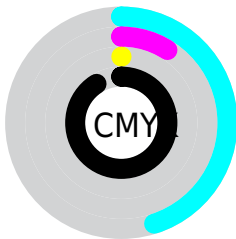
Blue (9%)



Red (5%)

Yellow (6%)

Blue (9%)

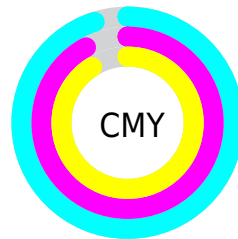


Cyan (45%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (91%)



Cyan (95%)

Magenta (92%)

Yellow (91%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 0C1416 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 0C1416 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 0C1416

■ 0C1416

■ ECF4F7

■ 000000

■ 373E40

■ 4E5558

■ 666E70

■ 7F8789

■ 99A1A4

■ B4BCBF

■ CFD8DB

■ 0C1416

■ 0C1416

■ 0A1416

■ 0E1416

■ 081316

■ 101516

■ 051316

■ 131516

■ 031216

■ 151616

■ 011216

■ 171616

■ 001216

■ 191716

■ 1B1716

■ 1E1816

■ 201816

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0C1414



0C1416



0E1317

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0C1416



171114



14130D

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0C1416



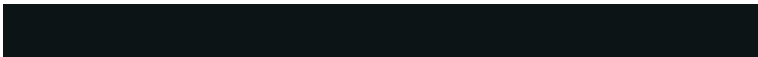
160E0C

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16120D



0C1416



181111

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0C1416



151216



18110F



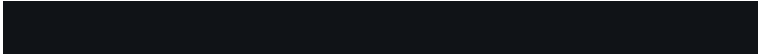
10140E

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0C1416



101317



18110F



15130D



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0C1416



181B1C



0C160E



0D0F0F



8F8F8F



0F0F0F

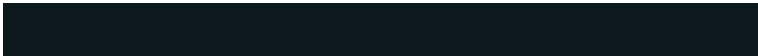


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0C1416



0D191C



0C0F16



090A0A



003B4A



00A1C9



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



160C14



1C0D19



16130C



0A090A



4A003B

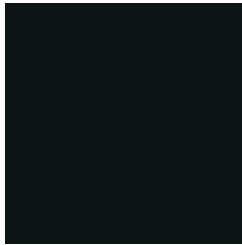


C900A1



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 0C1416 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

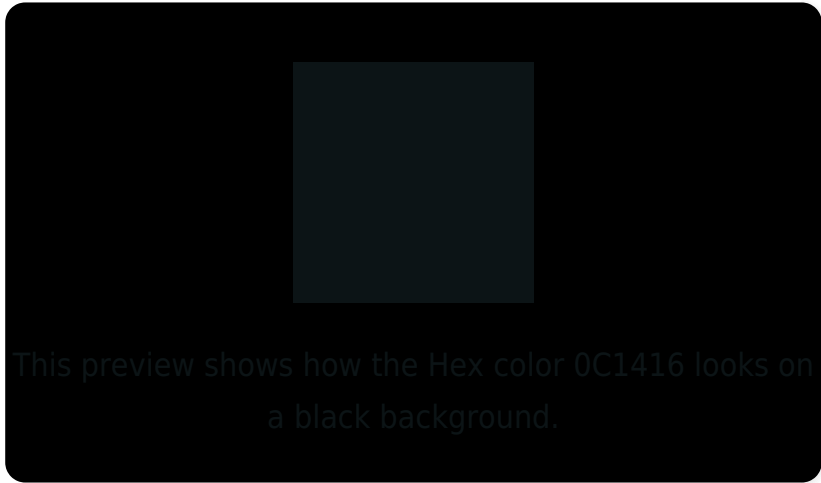
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

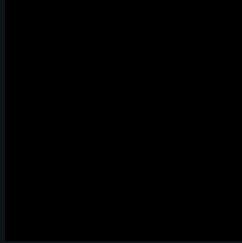
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

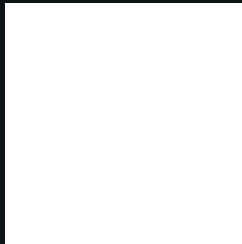
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 0C1416 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 0C1416.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 0C1416.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

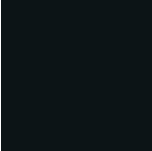
## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
0C1416

**Protanopia**  
121315

**Deuteranopia**  
131216



**Tritanopia**  
0C1416

# Trichromacy



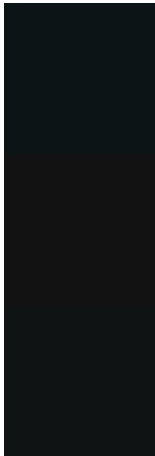
**Original Color**  
OC1416

**Protanomaly**  
101315

**Deuteranomaly**  
101316

**Tritanomaly**  
OC1416

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
OC1416

**Achromatopsia**  
121212

**Achromatomaly**  
101313

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 0C1416 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #0C1416 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#0C1416  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #0C1416 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #0C1416
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 0C1416 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#0C1416 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#0C1416 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #0C1416 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #0C1416; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #0C1416; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #0C1416 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 0C1416 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#0C1416 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#0C1416 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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