

# Converting Colors

Hex(0C67AC)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(0C67AC) contains.

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# Color

**Hex(0C67AC)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	0C67AC
RGB	12, 103, 172
RGB Percent	5%, 40%, 67%
CMY	0.9529, 0.5961, 0.3255
CMYK	0.93, 0.40, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	206°, 87%, 36%
HSV	206°, 93%, 67%
XYZ	12.4483, 12.7572, 40.8360
YIQ	83.6570, -76.3850, 2.1670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

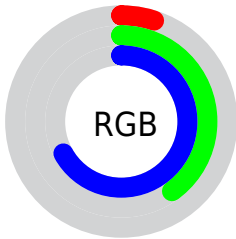
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	12, 70, 172
Decimal	812972
CIELab	42.40, 2.21, -43.55
CIELCh	42, 43.606, 272.911
Yxy	12.7572, 0.1885, 0.1932
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279003052 (0xFF0C67AC)
YUV	83.6570, 43.5531, -62.8432
Hunter-Lab	35.7172, -0.2939, -42.7850

# Details

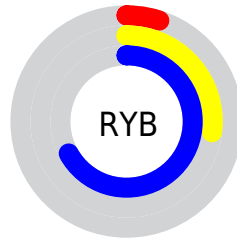
The Hex color **0C67AC** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336699**. A complement of this color would be **AC510C**, and the grayscale version is **535353**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **5C9AE4**, and **003977** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0062AC**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **1D6EAC**.

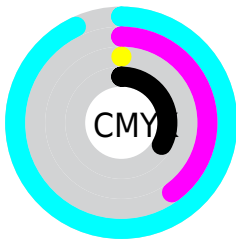
# Distribution



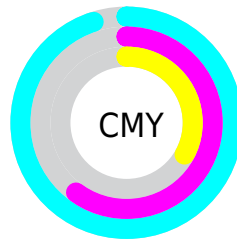
- Red (5%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (5%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (95%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 0C67AC changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 0C67AC by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 0C67AC

■ 0C67AC

FFFFFF

■ 004F91

■ 5C9AE4

■ 003977

■ 7AB4FF

■ 00245E

■ 98D0FF

■ 000E46

■ B5ECFF

■ 00042F

■ D3FFFF

■ 000119

■ F1FFFF

■ 000000

■ 0C67AC

■ 0C67AC

■ 0062AC

■ 1D6EAC

■ 2E76AC

■ 407DAC

■ 5185AC

■ 628CAC

■ 7394AC

■ 849BAC

■ 96A2AC

■ A7AAAC

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0070A4



0C67AC



6A59A1

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0C67AC



A2483F



117342

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0C67AC



AC510C

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4F6D23



0C67AC



915623

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0C67AC



A44262



746315



007567

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0C67AC



884F90



746315



2E7136



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0C67AC



A2C5E0



0CAC4F



4A6070



F0F0F0



707070



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0C67AC



0080E0



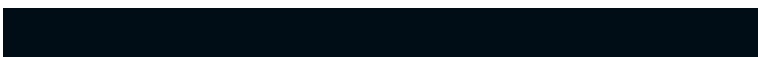
0C19AC



4E5357



005696



000D17



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



AC0C67



E00080



AC9F0C



574E53



960056



17000D



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 0C67AC looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

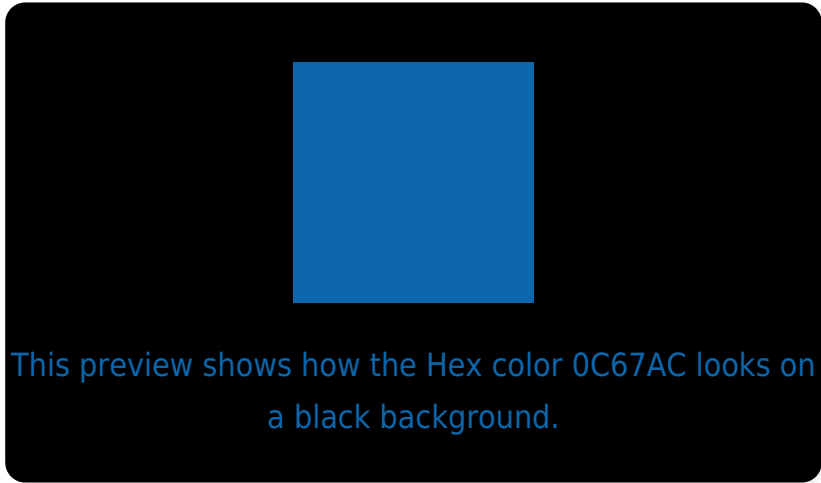
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

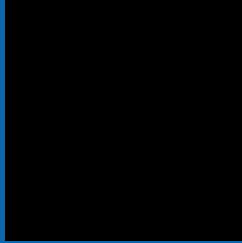
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 0C67AC Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 0C67AC.

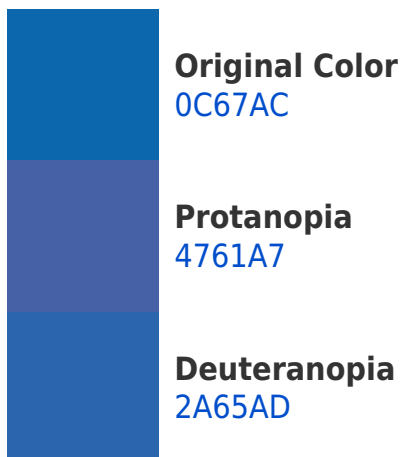


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 0C67AC.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

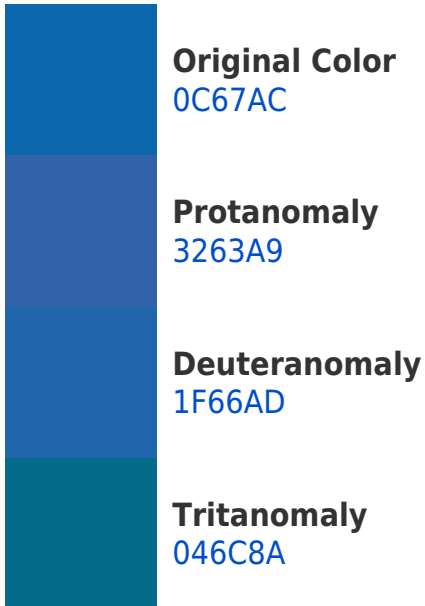
## Dichromacy



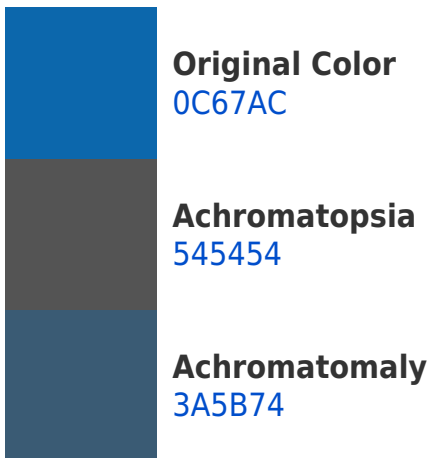


**Tritanopia**  
006F77

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 0C67AC is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #0C67AC looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#0C67AC  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #0C67AC colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #0C67AC
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 0C67AC is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#0C67AC }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#0C67AC }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #0C67AC colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #0C67AC; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #0C67AC; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #0C67AC }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 0C67AC is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#0C67AC }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#0C67AC }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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