

# Converting Colors

Hex(0F2F15)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(0F2F15) contains.

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# Color

**Hex(0F2F15)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0F2F15
RGB	15, 47, 21
RGB Percent	6%, 18%, 8%
CMY	0.9412, 0.8157, 0.9176
CMYK	0.68, 0.00, 0.55, 0.82
HSL	131°, 52%, 12%
HSV	131°, 68%, 18%
XYZ	1.3489, 2.1887, 1.0608
YIQ	34.4680, -10.7260, -14.8700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

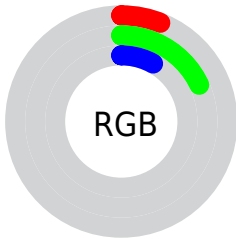
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">15, 42, 47</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">995093</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">16.45, -18.81, 13.23</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">16, 22.994, 144.879</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">2.1887, 0.2933, 0.4760</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4279185173 (0xFF0F2F15)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">34.4680, -6.6397, -17.0734</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">14.7944, -9.6154, 6.1046</a>

# Details

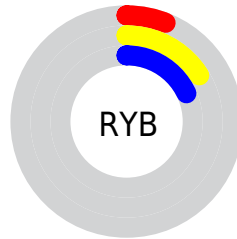
The Hex color **0F2F15** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **2F0F29**, and the grayscale version is **232323**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **3D5D40**, and **000000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **0A2F11**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **142F19**.

# Distribution



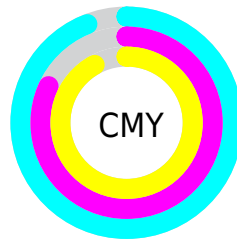
- Red (6%)
- Green (18%)
- Blue (8%)



- Red (6%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Blue (18%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (55%)
- Black (82%)



- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (82%)
- Yellow (92%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 0F2F15 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 0F2F15 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 0F2F15

 0F2F15

 F5FFF7

 001B00

 3D5D40

 000000

 547657

 6D9070

 87AB89

 A1C6A4

 BDE2BF

 D9FFDB

 0F2F15

 0F2F15

■ 0A2F11

■ 142F19

■ 062F0D

■ 182F1D

■ 012F0A

■ 1D2F20

■ 002F09

■ 222F24

■ 272F28

■ 2B2F2C

■ 302F30

■ 352F34

■ 392F37

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



252C07



0F2F15



003125

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0F2F15



002B49



461B1C

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0F2F15



2F0F29

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



451A2C



0F2F15



242647

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0F2F15



002F43



3A1F3C



40210D

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0F2F15



003131



3A1F3C



471A21



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0F2F15



313D33



292F0F



171F19



9E9E9E



1F1F1F



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0F2F15



0B3D14



0F2F25



151715



005710



00D628



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



2F0F29



3D0B34



2F0F19



171517



570046



D600AE



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 0F2F15 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

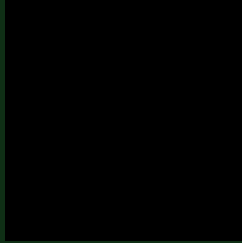
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 0F2F15 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 0F2F15.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 0F2F15.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
0F2F15

**Protanopia**  
2D2913

**Deuteranopia**  
322717



**Tritanopia**  
172C30

# Trichromacy



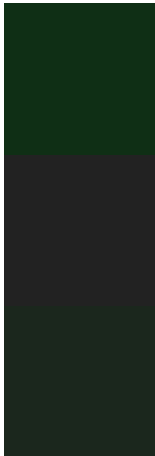
**Original Color**  
0F2F15

**Protanomaly**  
222B14

**Deuteranomaly**  
252A16

**Tritanomaly**  
142D26

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
0F2F15

**Achromatopsia**  
222222

**Achromatomaly**  
1B271D

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 0F2F15 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #0F2F15 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#0F2F15  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #0F2F15 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #0F2F15
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 0F2F15 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

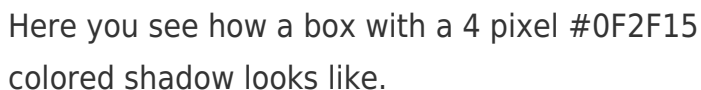
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#0F2F15 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:#0F2F15 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #0F2F15 colored shadow looks like.



```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #0F2F15; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #0F2F15; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #0F2F15 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 0F2F15 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#0F2F15 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#0F2F15 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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