

# Converting Colors

Hex(0F433A)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(0F433A) contains.

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# Color

**Hex(0F433A)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0F433A
RGB	15, 67, 58
RGB Percent	6%, 26%, 23%
CMY	0.9412, 0.7373, 0.7725
CMYK	0.78, 0.00, 0.13, 0.74
HSL	170°, 63%, 16%
HSV	170°, 78%, 26%
XYZ	2.9679, 4.4214, 4.7000
YIQ	50.4260, -28.1030, -13.8230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

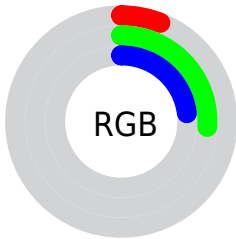
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	15, 43, 67
Decimal	1000250
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	25.02, -19.35, 0.56
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	25, 19.362, 178.333
Y <sub>xy</sub>	4.4214, 0.2455, 0.3657
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279190330 (0xFF0F433A)
YUV	50.4260, 3.7340, -31.0686
Hunter-Lab	21.0270, -11.6027, 1.4664

# Details

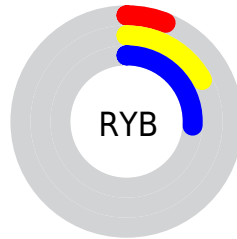
The Hex color **0F433A** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **430F18**, and the grayscale version is **323232**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **427369**, and **001A0F** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **084339**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **16433B**.

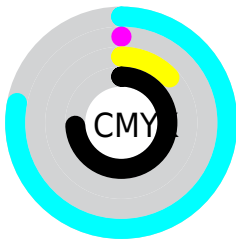
# Distribution



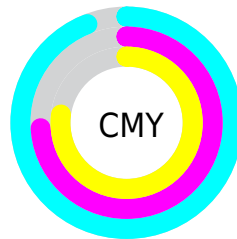
- Red (6%)
- Green (26%)
- Blue (23%)



- Red (6%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Blue (26%)



- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (74%)



- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (74%)
- Yellow (77%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 0F433A changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 0F433A by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





0F433A



0F433A

FFFFFF



002C24



427369



001A0F



5B8D82



000000



75A89C



8FC3B7



AADFD3



C6FCEF



E3FFFF



0F433A



0F433A

■ 084339

■ 16433B

■ 024338

■ 1C433C

■ 004337

■ 23433D

■ 2A433F

■ 314340

■ 374341

■ 3E4342

■ 454343

■ 4B4344

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



25422C



0F433A



004349

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



0F433A



3C3855



513523

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



0F433A



430F18

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57312E



0F433A



4D334B

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



0F433A



243D58



56303D



453A1E

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



0F433A



004251



56303D



543326



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



0F433A



435753



19430F



1F2B29



ABABAB



2B2B2B



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



0F433A



065749



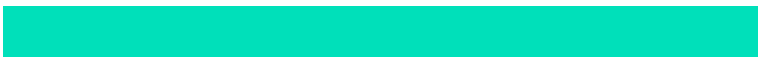
0F3343



1E2121



006150



00E0BA



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



430F18



570614



431F0F



211E1E



610011

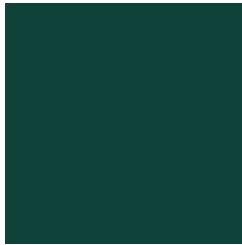


E00027



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 0F433A looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

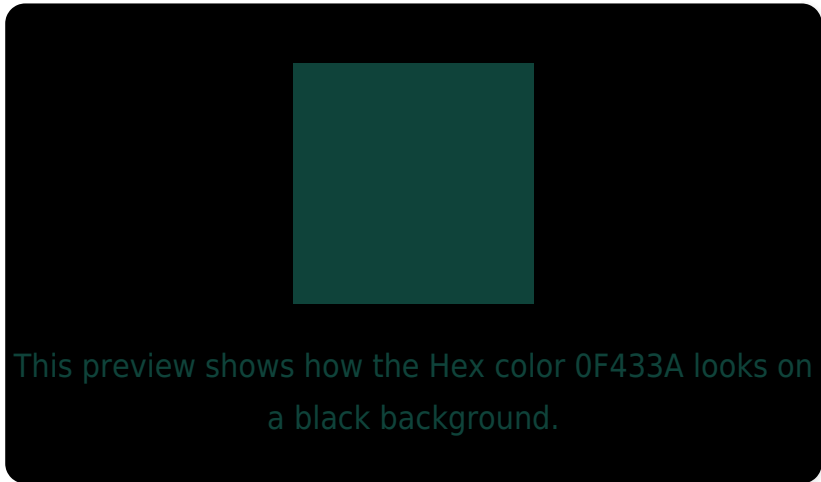
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

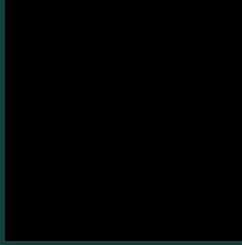
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 0F433A Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 0F433A.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 0F433A.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
0F433A

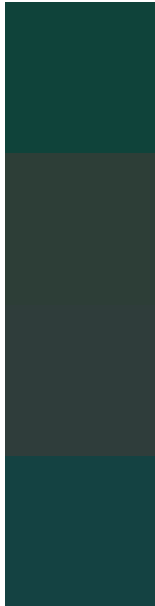
**Protanopia**  
3E3B36

**Deuteranopia**  
413A3C



**Tritanopia**  
174147

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
0F433A

**Protanomaly**  
2D3E37

**Deuteranomaly**  
2F3D3B

**Tritanomaly**  
144242

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
0F433A

**Achromatopsia**  
323232

**Achromatomaly**  
253835

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 0F433A is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #0F433A looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#0F433A  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #0F433A colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #0F433A
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 0F433A is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#0F433A }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#0F433A }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #0F433A colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #0F433A; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #0F433A; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #0F433A }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 0F433A is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#0F433A }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#0F433A }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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