

# Converting Colors

Hex(115216)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(115216) contains.

<b>Hex(115216)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	26
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	29

# Color

Hex(115216)

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	115216
RGB	17, 82, 22
RGB Percent	7%, 32%, 9%
CMY	0.9333, 0.6784, 0.9137
CMYK	0.79, 0.00, 0.73, 0.68
HSL	125°, 66%, 19%
HSV	125°, 79%, 32%
XYZ	3.3933, 6.2117, 1.7792
YIQ	55.7250, -19.4800, -32.4400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

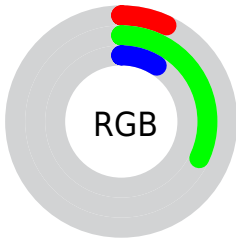
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	17, 77, 82
Decimal	1135126
CIELab	29.94, -33.38, 28.46
CIElCh	30, 43.864, 139.554
Yxy	6.2117, 0.2981, 0.5456
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279325206 (0xFF115216)
YUV	55.7250, -16.6264, -33.9618
Hunter-Lab	24.9233, -19.3131, 13.2138

# Details

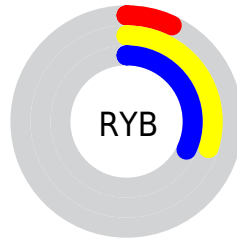
The Hex color **115216** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336633**. A complement of this color would be **52114D**, and the grayscale version is **383838**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **488444**, and **002500** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **09520E**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19521E**.

# Distribution



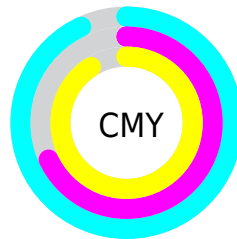
- Red (7%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (9%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (32%)



- Cyan (79%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Black (68%)




- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (91%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 115216 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 115216 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 115216

 115216

FFFFFF

 003A00

 488444

 002500

 629F5D

 000000


 7CBA76


 97D690

 B3F2AA

 CFFFC6

 ECFFE2

 115216

 115216

■ 09520E

■ 19521E

■ 015207

■ 215225

■ 005206

■ 2A522D

■ 325234

■ 3A523C

■ 425243

■ 4A524B

■ 535253

■ 5B525A

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



414C00



115216



005539

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



115216



004E8A



822332

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



115216



52114D

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



7D2354



115216



2A4387

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



115216



00547A



633273



773212

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



115216



005651



633273



83213D



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



115216



516B53



4E5211



263627



B5B5B5



363636



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



115216



056B0D



115236



252925



006908



00E812



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52114D



6B0563



52112D



292528



690061

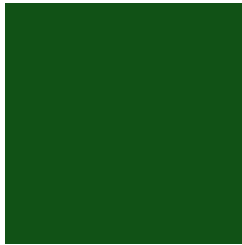


E800D6



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 115216 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

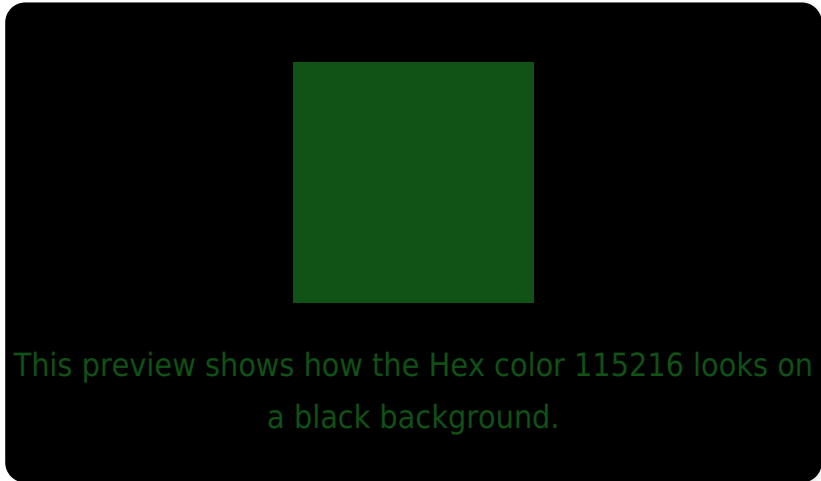
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

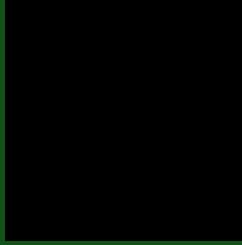
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 115216 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 115216.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 115216.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
115216

**Protanopia**  
4F4713

**Deuteranopia**  
58431C



**Tritanopia**  
254D53

# Trichromacy



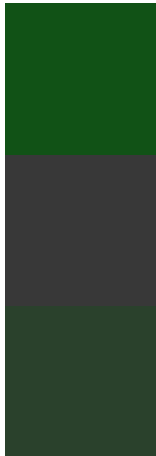
**Original Color**  
115216

**Protanomaly**  
384B14

**Deuteranomaly**  
3E481A

**Tritanomaly**  
1E4F3D

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
115216

**Achromatopsia**  
383838

**Achromatomaly**  
2A412C

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 115216 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #115216 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#115216  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #115216 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #115216
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 115216 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

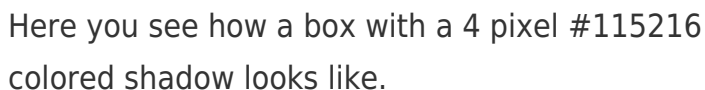
```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#115216 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#115216 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #115216 colored shadow looks like.



```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #115216; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #115216; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #115216 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 115216 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#115216 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#115216 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



# Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor