

# Converting Colors

Hex(141A1C)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(141A1C) contains.

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# Color

**Hex(141A1C)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	141A1C
RGB	20, 26, 28
RGB Percent	8%, 10%, 11%
CMY	0.9216, 0.8980, 0.8902
CMYK	0.29, 0.07, 0.00, 0.89
HSL	195°, 17%, 9%
HSV	195°, 29%, 11%
XYZ	0.8675, 0.9714, 1.2404
YIQ	24.4340, -4.2180, -0.6500

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">20, 23, 28</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">1317404</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">8.75, -2.19, -2.33</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">9, 3.198, 226.724</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">0.9714, 0.2817, 0.3155</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4279507484 (0xFF141A1C)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">24.4340, 1.7580, -3.8886</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">9.8557, -1.5362, -0.5629</a>

# Details

The Hex color **141A1C** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **1C1614**, and the grayscale version is **181818**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **3E4547**, and **000000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11191C**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **171B1C**.

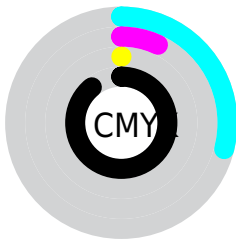
# Distribution



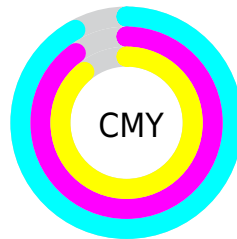
- Red (8%)
- Green (10%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (8%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Blue (11%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (89%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (90%)
- Yellow (89%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 141A1C changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 141A1C by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 141A1C

■ 141A1C

■ F5FDFE

■ 000000

■ 3E4547

■ 555C5F

■ 6E7578

■ 878F91

■ A1A9AC

■ BCC4C7

■ D8E0E3

■ 141A1C

■ 141A1C

■ 11191C

■ 171B1C

■ 0E191C

■ 1A1B1C

■ 0C181C

■ 1C1C1C

■ 09171C

■ 1F1D1C

■ 06171C

■ 221E1C

■ 03161C

■ 251E1C

■ 00151C

■ 281F1C

■ 2A201C

■ 2D201C

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



141A1A



141A1C



16191D

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



141A1C



1D181A



1A1915

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



141A1C



1C1614

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



1C1915



141A1C



1E1818

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



141A1C



1B181C



1D1816



171A16

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



141A1C



17191D



1D1816



1A1915



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



141A1C



202324



141C16



101112



919191



121212



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



141A1C



182124



14161C



0B0C0D



00394D



0099CC



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



1C141A



241821



1C1A14



0D0B0C



4D0039



CC0099



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 141A1C looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

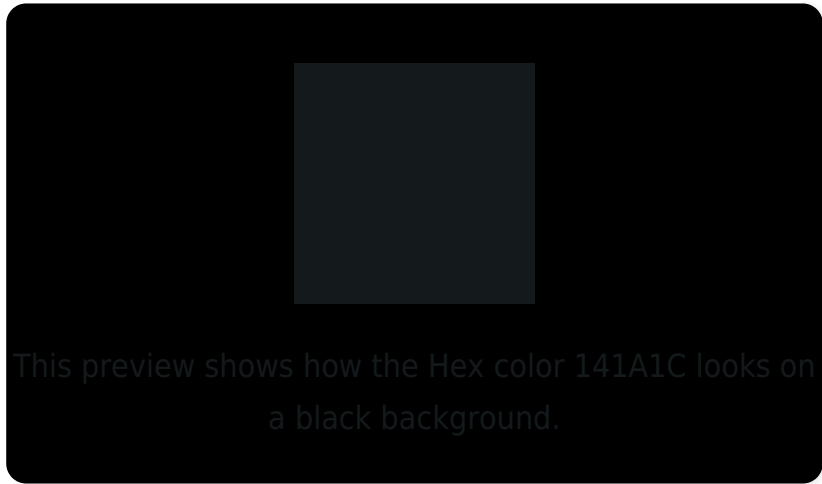
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

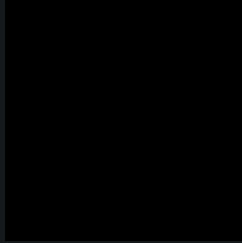
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

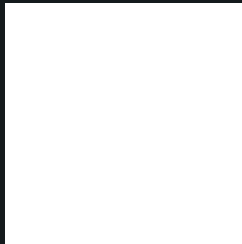
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 141A1C Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 141A1C.

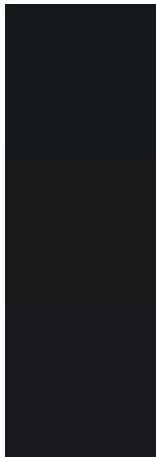


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 141A1C.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
141A1C

**Protanopia**  
19191B

**Deuteranopia**  
1A181C



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

141A1C

**Protanomaly**

17191B

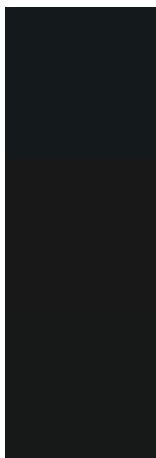
**Deuteranomaly**

18191C

**Tritanomaly**

141A1C

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

141A1C

**Achromatopsia**

181818

**Achromatomaly**

171919

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 141A1C is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #141A1C looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#141A1C  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #141A1C colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #141A1C
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 141A1C is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

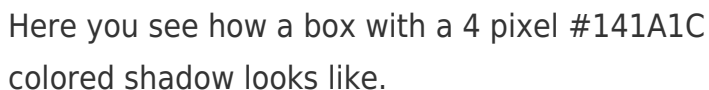
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#141A1C }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#141A1C }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #141A1C colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #141A1C; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #141A1C; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #141A1C }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 141A1C is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#141A1C }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#141A1C }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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