

Converting Colors

Hex(146B8A)

Have a look what the booklet for
Hex(146B8A) contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| Hex(146B8A) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 11 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 23 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 26 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 29 |

Color

Hex(146B8A)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | 146B8A |
| RGB | 20, 107, 138 |
| RGB Percent | 8%, 42%, 54% |
| CMY | 0.9216, 0.5804, 0.4588 |
| CMYK | 0.86, 0.22, 0.00, 0.46 |
| HSL | 196°, 75%, 31% |
| HSV | 196°, 86%, 54% |
| XYZ | 10.1336, 12.4991, 25.9232 |
| YIQ | 84.5210, -61.8030, -8.8030 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

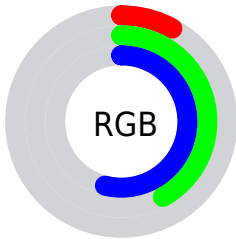
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| RYB | 20, 70, 138 |
| Decimal | 1338250 |
| CIELab | 42.00, -12.90, -23.96 |
| CIELCh | 42, 27.214, 241.694 |
| Yxy | 12.4991, 0.2087, 0.2574 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4279528330 (0xFF146B8A) |
| YUV | 84.5210, 26.3651, -56.5849 |
| Hunter-Lab | 35.3541, -10.7056, -18.7263 |

Details

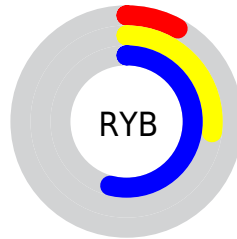
The Hex color **146B8A** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. A complement of this color would be **8A3314**, and the grayscale version is **545454**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **579EC0**, and **003C58** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **06678A**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **226F8A**.

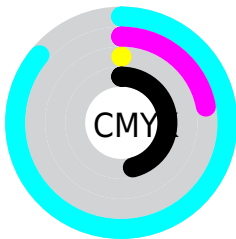
Distribution



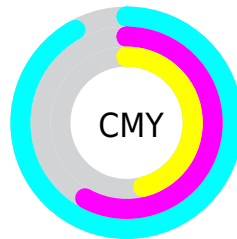
- Red (8%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (8%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (54%)



- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (46%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (46%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 146B8A changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 146B8A by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 146B8A

■ 146B8A

FFFFFF

■ 005370

■ 579EC0

■ 003C58

■ 73B9DB

■ 002640

■ 90D5F8

■ 00102A

■ ACF1FF

■ 000115

■ C9FFFF

■ 000000

■ E7FFFF

■ 146B8A

■ 146B8A

■ 06678A

■ 226F8A

■ 00668A

■ 30728A

■ 3D768A

■ 4B7A8A

■ 597D8A

■ 67818A

■ 75848A

■ 82888A

■ 908C8A

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



006E7A



146B8A



436590

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



146B8A



8D5163



59693C

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



146B8A



8A3314

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



706236



146B8A



8D544D

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



146B8A



805579



835A3C



3E6D4D

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



146B8A



5C608D



835A3C



616739

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



146B8A



84A6B3



148A32



3E5259



D9D9D9



595959

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



146B8A



0084B3



14328A



3E4345



006285



000405

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8A146B



B30084



8A6C14



453E43



850062



050004

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 146B8A looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

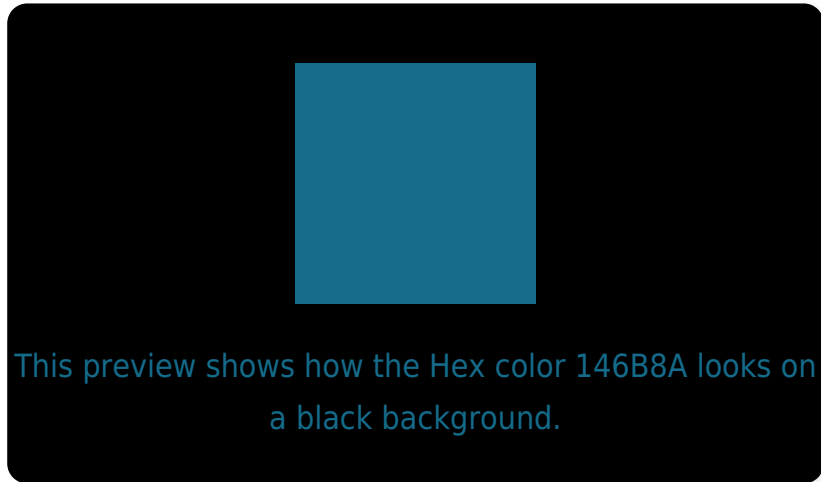
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

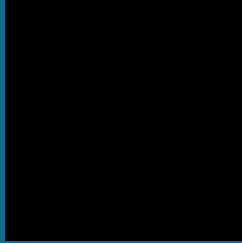
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Hex 146B8A Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 146B8A.

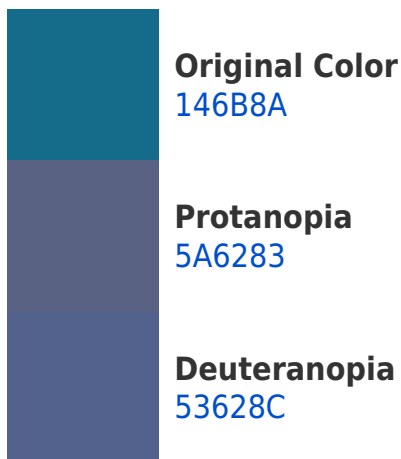


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 146B8A.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

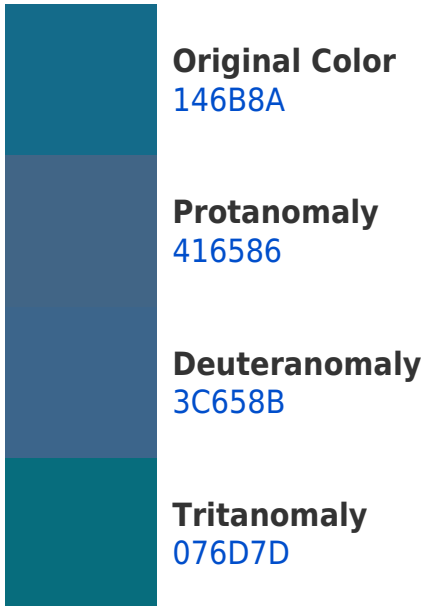
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
006E76

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 146B8A is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #146B8A looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#146B8A  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #146B8A colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #146B8A
}
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 146B8A is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#146B8A }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#146B8A }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #146B8A colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #146B8A; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #146B8A; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #146B8A }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 146B8A is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#146B8A }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#146B8A }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor