

# Converting Colors

Hex(152004)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(152004) contains.

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# Color

**Hex(152004)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	152004
RGB	21, 32, 4
RGB Percent	8%, 13%, 2%
CMY	0.9176, 0.8745, 0.9843
CMYK	0.34, 0.00, 0.88, 0.87
HSL	84°, 78%, 7%
HSV	84°, 88%, 13%
XYZ	0.8477, 1.2012, 0.3020
YIQ	25.5190, 2.4320, -11.0400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

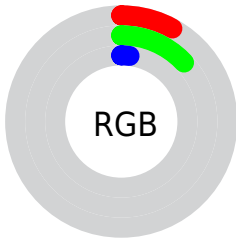
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	4, 32, 15
Decimal	1384452
CIELab	10.57, -10.82, 13.90
CIELCh	11, 17.613, 127.904
Yxy	1.2012, 0.3606, 0.5110
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279574532 (0xFF152004)
YUV	25.5190, -10.6089, -3.9632
Hunter-Lab	10.9600, -5.3742, 6.0380

# Details

The Hex color **152004** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333300**. A complement of this color would be **0F0420**, and the grayscale version is **1A1A1A**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **3F4C32**, and **000000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **142001**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **162007**.

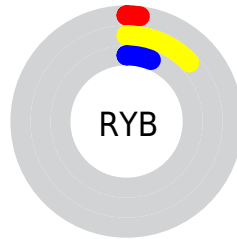
# Distribution



Red (8%)

Green (13%)

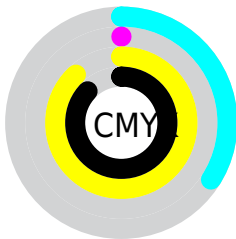
Blue (2%)



Red (2%)

Yellow (13%)

Blue (6%)

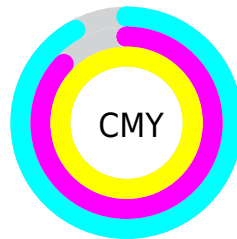


Cyan (34%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (88%)

Black (87%)



Cyan (92%)

Magenta (87%)

Yellow (98%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 152004 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 152004 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 152004

■ 152004

■ F6FFE5

■ 000400

■ 3F4C32

■ 000000

■ 566449

■ 6F7D60

■ 889779

■ A3B293

■ BECDAE

■ DAE9C9

■ 152004

■ 152004

■ 142001

■ 162007

■ 132000

■ 18200A

■ 19200E

■ 1A2011

■ 1B2014

■ 1D2017

■ 1E201A

■ 1F201E

■ 202021

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



221D00



152004



022213

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



152004



002033



33121A

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



152004



0F0420

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2E1426



152004



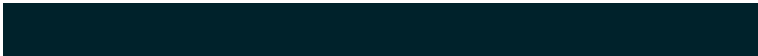
0C1D34

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



152004



00222B



221830



31140D

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



152004



00231B



221830



32121E



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



152004



25291E



200F04



12140E



949494



141414



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



152004



192900



072004



0F0F0E



304F00



7DCF00



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



0F0420



100029



1D0420



0E0E0F



1F004F

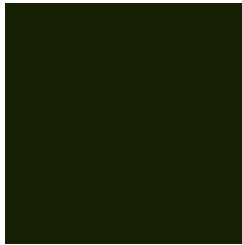


5100CF



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 152004 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

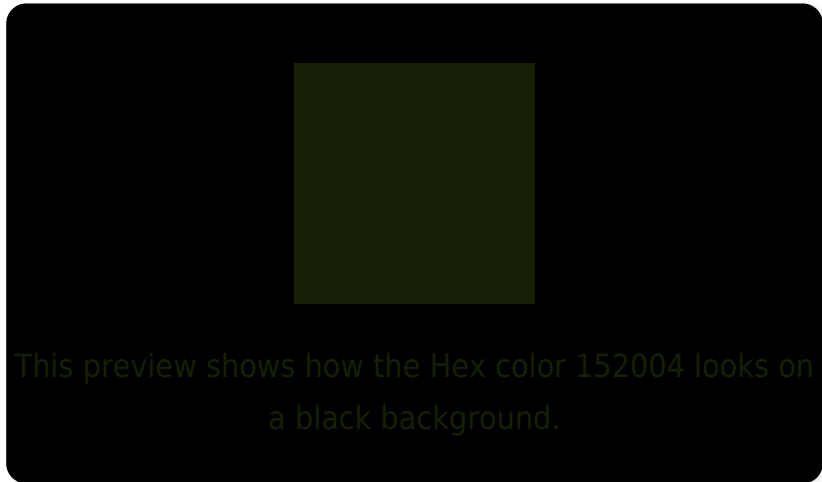
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

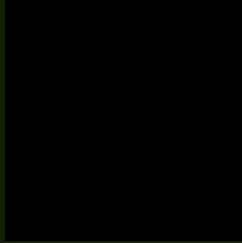
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

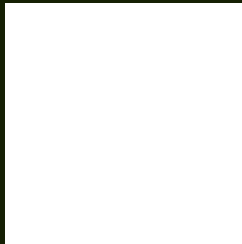
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 152004 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 152004.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 152004.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
152004

**Protanopia**  
211D03

**Deuteranopia**  
241B07



**Tritanopia**  
181E20

# Trichromacy



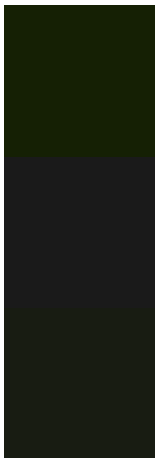
**Original Color**  
152004

**Protanomaly**  
1D1E03

**Deuteranomaly**  
1F1D06

**Tritanomaly**  
171F16

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
152004

**Achromatopsia**  
1A1A1A

**Achromatomaly**  
181C12

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 152004 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #152004 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#152004  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #152004 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #152004
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 152004 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#152004 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:#152004 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #152004 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #152004; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #152004; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #152004 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 152004 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#152004 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#152004 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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