

# Converting Colors

Hex(152C36)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(152C36) contains.

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# Color

Hex(152C36)

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	152C36
RGB	21, 44, 54
RGB Percent	8%, 17%, 21%
CMY	0.9176, 0.8275, 0.7882
CMYK	0.61, 0.19, 0.00, 0.79
HSL	198°, 44%, 15%
HSV	198°, 61%, 21%
XYZ	1.8758, 2.2271, 3.8210
YIQ	38.2630, -16.9180, -1.7660

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

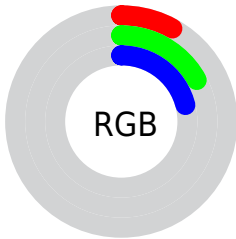
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	21, 35, 54
Decimal	1387574
CIELab	16.64, -5.56, -9.21
CIElCh	17, 10.755, 238.897
Yxy	2.2271, 0.2367, 0.2811
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279577654 (0xFF152C36)
YUV	38.2630, 7.7583, -15.1397
Hunter-Lab	14.9236, -3.6800, -4.7341




# Details

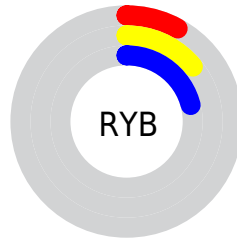
The Hex color **152C36** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **361F15**, and the grayscale version is **262626**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **435965**, and **000008** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **102A36**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **1A2E36**.

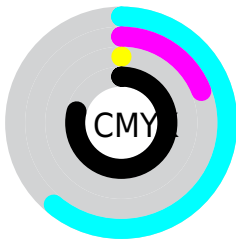
# Distribution







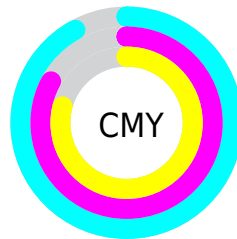
-  Red (8%)
-  Green (17%)
-  Blue (21%)






-  Red (8%)
-  Yellow (14%)
-  Blue (21%)



-  Cyan (61%)
-  Magenta (19%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (79%)



-  Cyan (92%)
-  Magenta (83%)
-  Yellow (79%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color 152C36 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color 152C36 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 152C36

■ 152C36

■ FDFFF

■ 001821

■ 435965

■ 000008

■ 5B727E

■ 000000

■ 748B98

■ 8EA6B2

■ A8C1CE

■ C4DDEA

■ E0F9FF

■ 152C36

■ 152C36

■ 102A36

■ 1A2E36

■ 0A2936

■ 202F36

■ 052736

■ 253136

■ 002636

■ 2B3336

■ 303436

■ 353636

■ 3B3736

■ 403936

■ 463B36

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



112D30



152C36



1F2A38

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



152C36



38232A



272B1C

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



152C36



361F15

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



2F291A



152C36



382422

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



152C36



332531



35261C



1E2D21

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



152C36



262838



35261C



2A2A1A



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



152C36



3B4447



15361F



1C2124



A3A3A3



242424



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



152C36



133847



151C36



191B1C



00405C



0099DB



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



36152C



471338



362F15



1C191B



5C0040

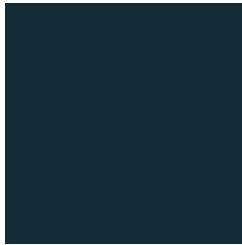


DB0099



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color 152C36 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

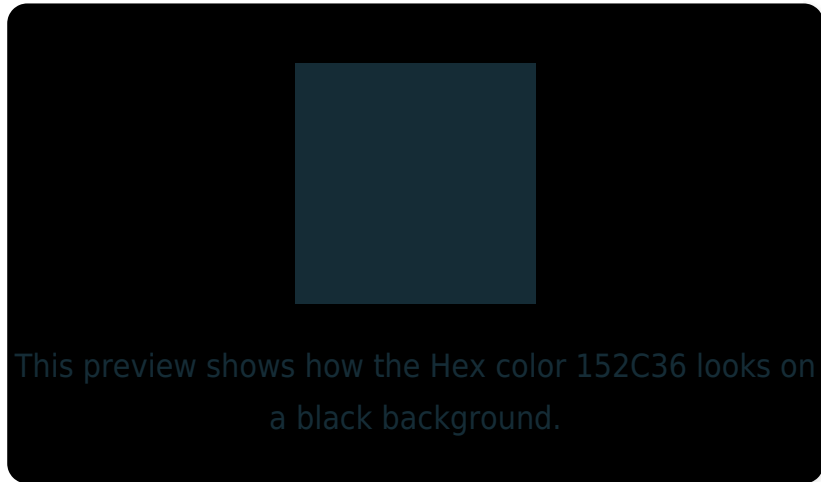
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

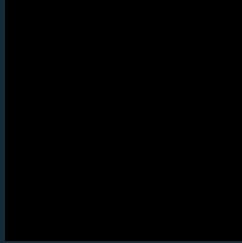
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

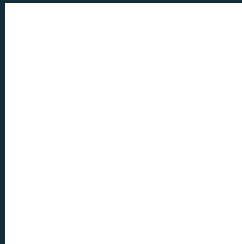
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex 152C36 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color 152C36.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color 152C36.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
152C36

**Protanopia**  
262934

**Deuteranopia**  
262937



**Tritanopia**  
132D31

# Trichromacy



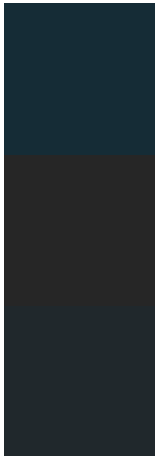
**Original Color**  
152C36

**Protanomaly**  
202A35

**Deuteranomaly**  
202A37

**Tritanomaly**  
142D33

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
152C36

**Achromatopsia**  
262626

**Achromatomaly**  
20282C

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex 152C36 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #152C36 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#152C36  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #152C36 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #152C36
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex 152C36 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

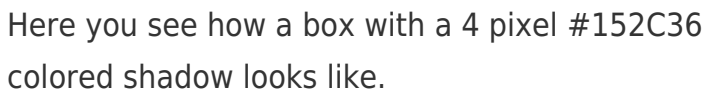
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#152C36 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#152C36 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #152C36 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #152C36; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #152C36; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #152C36 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex 152C36 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#152C36 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#152C36 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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